





















POEMS Lashe.
OSSIAN,

SON OF FINGAL.

JAMES MACPHERSON, Esq.

TO WHICH ARE PREFIXED,

DISSERTATIONS ON THE ÆRA AND POEMS OF OSSIAN.

Tameron and Gurdoch's Stition.

Bring, daughter of Tofcar, bring the harp; the light of the fong rifes in Onlan's four. It is like the field, when darkness course the hals around, and the shadow grows shouly on the plann of the sun.

THE WAR OF CAROS.

Will thou not liken, fon of the rock, to the fong of Offian? My feel is fell of other times: the joy of my youch returns. That the fin appears in the week after the lets of his brightness have move of behand a floring the green hills hit their dewy heads, the blue Riccans tejoles in the vale.

CALTHON AND COLMAL.

## VOL. II.

i ABEL. ISHED WITH SUPERB ENGRAVINGS.

## Clafgoin:

Printed for CAMERON & MURDOCH, No. 102, Trongate.



# OSSIAN'S POEMS,

### TRANSLATED BY

# JAMES MACPHERSON, Esq.

VOL. II.

## CONTAINING

CARTHON, DAR-THULA, CARRIC-THURA. TEMORA,

&c. &c. &c.

We may holdly affign Offian a place among those, whose works are to last for ages.

BLAIR.

And fhalt thou remain, aged Bard! when the mighty have falled: But my fame thell emericant grow like the mak of Morren; which lifts its broad head to the Rorm, and rejoices in the course of the wind.

BERRATHON.

Claigow:

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## CARTHON:

## A POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

This poem is complete, and the subject of it, as of most of Offian's compositions, tragital. In the time or Comhal the ion of 4 rathal, and rather of the celebrated Pingal, Clefsammor the fon of Thaddu and brother of Morna. Pingal's mother, was driven by a fform into the river Clyde, on the banks of which stood Balclotha, a town belonging to the Britons between the walls. He was hoppingly received by Reuthamir, the principal man in the place, who gave him Moina his only daughter a marriage Reuda, the fon of Cormo, a Briton who was in love with Monn, came to Reuthamir's houfe, and behaved haughtly toward Clef-ammor. A quarrel enfined, in which Reads was killed; the Britons, who, attended him prefled to hard on Clef-ammor, that he was obliged to throw himfelf into the Clyde, and fwim to his ship. He hoisted fail, and the wind being favourable, bore aim out to fea. He often endeavoured to return, and carry off his below-d Mona by night; but the wind continuing contrary, he was forced to delin's Mona, who had been lett with child by her huband, brought forth a fon, and

died foon after. Reuthamir named the child Carthon i. e. the muraur of waves,' from the florm whichcarried off Clefsammor his father, who was suppofed to have been cast away. When Ca. thon was three years old, Combal the father of Fingal, in one of his expeditions against the Britons, took and burnt Balclytha. Reuthamir was killed in the attack: and Carthon was carried fafe away by his nurse, who fied farther into the country of the dritons. Carthon, coming to man's effate was refolved to revenge the fall of Balclutha on Comhal's posterity. He fet fail, from the Clyde, and, falling on the coast of Morven, defeated two of Fingal's heroes, who came to oppose his progress. He was, at laft, unwittingly killed by his tather Clefsammor, in a fingle combat. This Itory is the foundation of the prefent poem, which opens on the night preceding the death of Carthon, fo that what pailed before is introduced by way of epi fode. The poem is addressed to Malvina the daughter of Tofcar.

A TALE of the times of old! The deeds of days of other years!

The murmur of thy streams, O Lora, brings back the memory of the past. The found of thy woods, Garmallar, is lovely in mine ear. Dost thou not behold, Malvina, a rock with its head of heath? Three aged firs bend from its face; green is the narrow plain at its feet; there the flower of the mountain grows, and shakes its white head in the breeze. The thistle is there alone, and fheds its aged beard. Two ftones, half funk in the ground, flew their heads of mofs. The deer of the mountain avoids the place, for he beholds the gray ghoft that guards it +, for the mighty lie, O Malvina, in the narrow plain of the rock.

† It was the opinion of the times, that deer faw the ghofts of the dead. To this day, when bealts fuddenly flat without any apparent cause, the vulgar think that the lee the invits of the decealed.

CARTHON:

6 A tale of the times of old! the deeds of days of other

years!

Who comes from the land of flrangers, with his thousands around him? the sun-beam pours its bright ftream before him; and his hair meets the wind of his hills. His face is fettled from war. He is calm as the evening beam, that looks from the cloud of the west, on Cona's filent vale. Who is it but Comhai's fon \$\infty\$, the king of mighty deeds! He beholds his hills with joy, and bids a thousand voices rise. Ye have fied over your fields, ye fons of the diffant land! The king of the world fits in his hall, and hears of his people's flight. He lifts his red eye of pride, and takes his father's fword. "Ye have fled over your fields, fons of the diffant land!"

Such were the words of the bards, when they came to Selma's halls. A thousand lights | from the firanger's land rofe, in the midft of the people. The feafing is fpread around; and the night passed away in joy. "Where is the noble Clessámmor!" faid the fair-haired Fingal. "Where is the companion of my father, in the days of my joy? Sullen and dark he palies his days in the vale of echoing Lora: but, behold, he comes from the hill, like a freed in his firength, who finds his com-panions in the breeze; and toffes his bright mane in the wind. Bleft be the foul of Clefsammor, why fo long from Seima?"

"Returns the chief," faid Clefsámmor, "in the midft of his fame? Such was the renown of Comha! in the battles of his youth. Often did we pass over Carun to the land of the firangers; our fwords returned, not unfrained with blood: nor did the kings of the world rejoice. Why do I remember the battles of my youth? My hair is mixed with gray. My hand forgets to bend the bow; and I lift a lighter fpear. O that my joy

<sup>¶</sup>Fineal returns here, from an expedition against the Romans, which was celebrated by Office in a particular porem. 
§ Probably was depicts which are often mentioned as carried, among other better, from the domain province.
§ Cleffannian, market decks.

white-bolomed daughter of ftrangers, Moina + with the dark-blue eyes!" "Tell," faid the mighty Fingal, " the tale of thy

youthful days. Sorrow, like a cloud on the fun, fhades the foul of Clefsimmor. Mournful are thy thoughts. alone, on the banks of the rearing Lora. Let us hear the forrow of thy youth, and the darkness of thy days. "It was in the days of peace," replied the great Clessammor, "I came, in my bounding thip, to Balclutha's | walls of towers. The wind had roared behind my fails, and Clutha's fireams received my darkbosomed vessel. Three days I remained in Reuthamir's halls, and faw that beam of light, his daughter. The joy of the faell went round, and the aged hero gave the fair. Her breafts were like foam on the wave, and her eyes like flars of light: her hair was dark as the raven's wing: her foul was generous and mild. My love for Moina was great: and my Leart poured forth in joy.

"The fon of a ftranger came; a chief who loved the white-bosomed Moina. His words were mighty in the hall, and he often half unsheathed his sword. Where, he faid, is the mighty Combal, the reftle is wanderer & of the heath? Comes he, with his hoft, to Balclutha, fince Cletsammor is fo hold? My foul, I replied, O warrior! burns in a light of its own. I fiend without fear in the midft of thousands, though the valuent are diffant far. Stranger! thy words are mighey, for Clessimmor is alone. But my fword trembles by my fide, and longs to glitter in my hand.

ti Meina. Most in temper and perfora! We find the Pritish names in this you to the of from the G be, which is a proof that the uncient language of the

While Bridger on and the func.

I the other to the tree of Ctyde, probably the Aids thef Bode.

Side of the contains the Cive many of the myor Ctydes ree figures thought we are been also will be a rotate winding on the of that river. From Clotha is " " I be wron in the moriant have rendered frefit its wanderers" in Steam, which

is the true or given the sour of the Romoner an opposition of the real of the the endough on the Caledonians, on agrount of the continual inclusions into Quar " Lit /y.

CARTHON: Speak no more of Comhal, fon of the winding Clutha!"

"The firength of his pride arofe. We fought; he fell beneath my fword. The banks of Clutha heard his fall, and a thousand spears glittered around. I

fought: the ftrangers prevailed: I plunged into the ftream of Clutha. My white fails rofe over the waves, and I bounded on the dark-blue fea. Moina came to

the shore, and rolled the red eve of her tears: her dark hair flew on the wind; and I heard her cries. Often did I turn my ship; but the winds of the east prevailed. Nor Clutha ever fince have I feen: nor Moina of the dark-brown hair. She fell on Balclutha: for I have feen her ghoft. I knew her as the came through the dusky night, along the murmur of Lora: she was like the new moon feen through the gathered mift: when the fky pours down its flaky fnow, and the world is filent and dark."

"Raife t, ye bards," faid the mighty Fingal, "the praife of unhappy Moina. Call her ghoft, with your fongs, to our hills; that the may reft with the fair of Morven, the fun-beams of other days, and the delight of heroes of old. I have feen the walls of Balchutha, but they were defolate. The fire had refounded in the halls: and the voice of the people is heard no more. The fiream of Clutha was removed from its place, by the fall of the walls. The thiftle shook, there, its lonely head: the moss whiftled to the wind. The fox looked out

from the windows, the rank grass of the wall waved round his head. Defolate is the dwelling of Moina, filence is in the house of her fathers. Raise the fong of mourning, O bards, over the land of ftrangers. They have but fallen before us: for, one day, we must fail. Why doft thou build the hall, fon of the winged days? thou lookest from thy towers to-day; yet a few years, and the blast of the defert comes; it howls in thy empty

<sup>†</sup> The title of this poem, in the original, is \* Duan na mlaoi, i. e. the Poem of the Bytoms; probably on account of its many digrelfions from the libbert, all which are in a lyric measure, as this long of Finjal. Final is velebrated by the Irith hittorians for his witdom in making laws, his portical gar us, and his foreknowledge of event --- O'Fraherty goes to far as to fay, that Fingal's laws were extant in an own up.c.

A POEM.

court, and whiftles round thy half-worn fhield. And let the blaft of the defert come! we shall be renowned in our day. The mark of my arm thall be in the battle, and my name in the fong of bards. Raile the fong; fend round the fiell: and let joy be heard in my hall. When thou, fun of heaven, fhalt fail! if thou fhalt fail, thou mighty light! if the brightness is for a feafon, like Fingal; our fame shall furvive thy beams."

Such was the fong of Fingal, in the day of his joy. His thousand bards leaned forward from their feats, to hear the voice of the king. It was like the mufic of the harp on the gale of the foring. Lovely were the thoughts, O Fingal! why had not Offian the firenger of thy foul? But thou flandest alone, my father; and

who can equal the king of Morven?

The night paffed away in fong, and morning returned in joy; the mountains shewed their gray heads; and the blue face of ocean fmiled. The white wave is feen tumbling round the diffant rock; the gray mid rifes, flowly, from the lake. It came, in the figure of an aged man, along the filent plain. Its large limbs did not move in fleps; for a ghost supported it in mid air. It came towards Selma's hall, and dissolved in a flower of blood.

The king alone beheld the terrible fight, and he forefaw the death of the people. He carre, in filence, to his hall; and took his father's fpear. The mail rattled on his breaft. The heroes rose around. They looked in filence on each other, marking the eyes of Fingal. They faw the battle in his face: the death of armies on his spear. A thousand shields, at once, are. placed on their arms; and they drew a thousand swords. The hall of Selma brightened around. The clang of arms afcends. The gray dogs howl in their place. No word is among the mighty chiefs. Each marked the eyes of the king; and half-affiamed his tocar.

"Sons of Morven," began the king, "this is no time to fill the fiell. The battle darkens near us; and

death hovers over the land. Some ghoft, the friend of

Vol. II.

Fingal, has forewarned us of the foe. The fons of the flranger come from the darkly rolling fea. For, from the water, came the fign of Merven's gloomy danger. Let each affinne his heavy spear, and gird on his father's fword. Let the dark helmet rile on every head; and the mail pour its lightning from every fide. The battle gathers like a tempest, and soon shall ye hear the

rear of death." The hero moved on before his hoft, like a cloud before a ridge of heaven's fire; when it pours on the flev of night, and mariners foreign a florm. On Cona's rifing heath they flood: the white-befored maids beheld them above like a grove; they forefaw the death of their youths, and looked towards the fea with fear. The white wave deceived them for diffant fails, and the tear is on their check. The firm rote on the fea, and we beheld a cliftant fleet. Like the mist of occur bey came: and poured their youth you the coast. The chief was among them, like the flag in the midst of the hord. His fhield is fludded with gold, and frately fluode the king of fpears. He moved towards Selma; his thoufands moved behind.

"Go, with thy fong of peace," faid Fingal; "go, Ullin, to the king of iwords. Tell him that we are mighty in battle; and that the ghofts of our foce are many. But renowned are they who have feafied in my halls! they frew the arms + of my fathers in a foreign land: the ions of the firangers wonder, and blefs the friends of Morven's race; for our names have been heard afar; the kings of the world flock in the miest of their people."

Ullin wont with his fong. Fingal refled on his fpear : he faw the mighty foe in his armour; and he bleft the firanger's fon. "How flately art thou, for of the fea!" faid the king of woody Merven. "Thy fword is a beam of might by thy fide: thy fpear is a fir that defies

if it was a cuform among the encirnt Stors, to exchange arms with their goefts, and those arms were preserved long in the deferent families, as monuments of the Friending which fub. Red between teer ancesters.

TT the ftorm. The varied face of the moon is not broader than thy fideld. Ruddy is thy face of youth! foit the ringlets of thy bair! But this tree may fall; and his memory be forgot! The daughter of the firm-ger will be fad, and look to the rolling faz: the children will fay, Wefe a ship; yerhips it is the king of Buldath i. The tear flasts from their mother's eve. Her thoughts are of him that fleeps in Morven.'

Such were the words of the king, when Ullin came to the mighty Carthon: he threw down the fpcar be-fore him; and raifed the long of peace. "Come to the feast of Tingr!, Carthon, from the rolling fea! partake the feast of the king, or lift the spear of war. The ghofts of our foes are many: but renowned are the friends of Morven! Behold that field, O Carthon; many a green hill rifes there with moffly flones and ruftling grafs: these are the tombs of Fingal's foes, the sons

of the rolling fea."

" Doft thou fpeak to the feeble in arms," faid Carthen, "bard of the woody Morven? Is my face pale for fear, fon of the peaceful fong? Why, then, doft thou think to darken my foul with the tales of those who fell? My arm has fought in the battle; my renown is known afar. Go to the feeble in arms, and bid them yield to Fingal. Have not I feen the fallen Balclutha? And fhall I feaft with Combal's fon? Comhal! who threw his fire in the midft of my father's hall ! I was young, and knew not the cause why the virgins wept. The columns of finoke pleafed mine eye, when they rose above my walls; I often looked back, with giadueis, when my friends fled along the hill. But when the years of my youth came on, I beheld the moss of my fallen walls: my figh arose with the morning, and my tears defeended with night. Shall I not fight, I faid to my foul, against the children of my foes? And I will fight, O bard; I reel the flrength of my foul."

His people gathered around the hero, and drew, at once, their finning fwords. He flands, in the midft,

T 2.

like a pillar of fire; the tear half-flarting from his eye, for he thought of the fallen Balclutha, and the crowded pride of his foul arofe. Sidelong he looked up to the hill, where our heroes fhone in arms; the fpear trembled in his hand: and, bending forward, he feemed to threaten the king.

"Shall I," fald Fingal to his foul, " meet, at once, the king: Shall I from him, in the midft of his course, before his fame shall arise? But the bard, hereafter, may fay, when he fees the tomb of Carthon; Fingal took his thousands, along with him, to battle, before the noble Carthon fell. No: bard of the times to come! thou shalt not lessen Fingal's same. My heroes will fight the youth, and Fingal behold the battle. If he overcomes, I rush, in my strength, like the roaring fiream of Cona. Who, of my heroes, will meet the fon of the rolling fea? Many are his warriors on the coaft:

and firong is his aften fpear !"

Cathul + rofe, in his firength, the fon of the mighty Lermar: three hundred youths attend the chief, the race of his native flreams. Feeble was his arm against Carthon, he fell; and his heroes fled. Connal 1 refumed the battle, but he broke his heavy fpear: he lay bound on the field: and Carthon purfued his people. " Clessammor !" faid the king ++ of Morven, " where is the fpear of thy fireigth? Wilt thou behold Connal bound : thy friend, at the stream of Lora? Rife, in the light of thy fleel, thou friend of Comhal. Let the youth of Balclutha feel the firength of Morven's race." He role in the firength of his feel flaking his grifly locks. He fitted the shield to his fide; and rushed, in the pride of valour.

Carthon Rood, on that heathy rock, and faw the he-

<sup>+</sup>Cath-'huil, 'the eye of battle'  $_{\parallel}$  it appears, from this palige, that clanship was established in the days of Fund; though not on the same footing with the prefent tribes in the north of Seed, and.

This Connail is very moth clebrated, in ancient poetry, for his wildem and

valour: thore is a small trade full fablishing, in the North, who pretend they are

deirer ded from himti Fingal did not then know that Carthon was the fon of Clefsammor.

ro's approach. He loved the terrible joy of his face: and his fireneth, in the locks of age. " Shall I lift that frear," he faid, " that never itrikes, but once, a foe? Or shall I, with the words of peace, preserve the warrior's life? Starely are his fleps of age! lovely the renmant of his years. Perhaps it is the love of Moina; the father of car-borne Carthon. Often have I heard, that he dwelt at the echoing fiream of Lora."

Such were his words, when CleSimmor came, and lifted high his focar. The youth received it on his falled, and those the words of peace. " Warrior of the aged locks! Is there no youth to lift the mear? Haft thou no ion, to raife the flueld before his father. and to meet the arm of youth? Is the fpoule of thy love no more? or weeps the over the tombs of thy fons? Are thou of the kings of men? What will be the fame

of my fword if thou fhalt fall?"

"It will be great, thou fon of pride!" begun the tall Clessammor, "I have been renowned in battle: but I never told my name + to a fee. Yield to me, fon of the wave, and then thou final: krow, that the mark of my fword is in many a field," "I never yielded, king of frears!" replied the noble pride of Carthon: "I have alto fought in battles! and I'behold my future fame. Despile me not, thou elief of men; my ann, my fpear is flrong. Retire among thy friends, and let young heroes fight." "Why doft thou wound my foul?" replied Cleisammor with a tear. " Age does not tremble on my hand; I fill can lift the faord. Shall I fly in Fingal's tight; in the fight of him I loved? Son of the fea! I never fled: exult the pointed ipear."

They fourth, like two contending winds, that ftrive to roll the wase. Curthon bade his fpear to err; for he full thought that the foe was the foode of Moina.

1 3

The tell one's name to an enemy was reckoned in those days of heroifm, a The fell cook many to an enemy was reckened in those cays or nervum, a manifelt evaluate of fighting into increase we see the consequent of distribution of fighting and into interpretabilities of the construction of the test in manifelt immediately facefold, and then event unit on their noted they are encoded. A man who tells be manifeld in mining the equipment of the consequence of the consequence.

CARTHON:

He broke Clefsámmor's beamy spear in twain, and seized his shining sword. But as Carthon was binding the chief; the chief drew the dagger of his fathers. He faw the foe's uncovered fide; and opened, there, a

Fingal faw Clefsámmor low: he moved in the found of his fteel. The hoft ftood filent, in his prefence; they turned their eyes towards the hero. He came, like the fullen noise of a florin, before the winds arise: the hunter hears it in the vale, and retires to the cave of the rock. Carthon flood in his place: the blood is rufning down his fide: he faw the coming down of the king; and his hopes of fame arole +; but pale was his cheek: his hair flew loofe, his helmet flook on high: the force of Carthon failed! but his foul was ftrong.

Fingal beheld the hero's blood; he flopt the uplifted fpear. "Yield, king of fwords!" faid Combal's fon; "I behold thy blood. Then haft been mighty in battle; and thy fame shall never fade." "Art thou the king so far renowned?" replied the car-borne Carthon. " Art thou that light of death, that frightens the kings of the world? But why fhould Carthon afk? for he is like the fiream of his defert; firong as a river, in his course: swift as the cagle of the fky. O that I had fought with the king; that my fame might be great in the fong! that the hunter, beholding my tomb, might fay, he fought with the nighty Fingal. But Carthon dies unknown! he has poured out his force on the feeble."

" But thou fhalt not die unknown," replied the king of woody Morven: " my bards are many, O Carthon, and their fongs deteend to future times. The children of the years to come shall hear the same of Carthon; when they fit round the burning oak it, and the night

In the north of scotland, till very lately, they burns a large trank of an oak at their fefti als; it was called the tran of the feath. Time had to proch contecrated the cuttom, that the veight thought it a kind of facilitie to defuic it.

<sup>†</sup> This expression admits of a double meaning, either that Carthon hoped to acquire giors by killing Fingal, or to be centered ranous by faching by his hand, the last is the most probable as Carthon is already wounded.

is fpent in the fongs of old. The hunter, fitting in the heath, shall hear the rustling blast; and, raising his eyes, behold the rock where Carthon fell. He shall turn to his son, and shew the place where the mighty fought; There the king of Bulclutha fought, like the strength of a thoufund Areams."

Joy rose in Carthon's face: he listed his heavy eyes. He gave his sword to Fingal, to lie within his hall, that the memory of Balclutha's king might remain on Morven. The battle ceased along the field, for the bard had fung the fong of peace. The chiefs gathered round the falling Carthon, and heard his words, with fighs. Silent they leaned on their spears, while Balclutha's hero spoke. His hair sighed in the wind, and

his words were feeble.

"King of Morven," Carthon faid, "I fall in the midfl of my course. A foreign tomb receives, in youth, the laft of Reuthamir's race. Darkness dwells in Bulclutha: and the fhadows of grief in Cratluno. But raife my remembrance on the banks of Lora: where my fathers dwelt. Perhaps the hufband of Moina will mourn over his fallen Carthon." His words reached the heart of Clefsimmor: he fell, in filence, on his fon. The hoft flood darkened around: no voice is on the plains of Lora. Night came, and the moon, from the eaft, looked on the mournful field: but flill they flood, like a filent grove that lifts its head on Gormal, when the loud winds are laid, and dark autumn is on the plain.

Three days they mourned over Carthon: on the fourth his father died. In the narrow plain of the rock they lie; and a dim ghoft defends their tomb. There lovely Moina is often feen; when the fun-beam darts on the rock, and all around is dark. There the is feen, Malvina, but not like the daughters of the hill. Her robes are from the ftrangers land; and the is full a-

lone.

Fingal was fad for Carthon; he defired his bards to mark the day, when fandowy autumn returned. And

16

often did they mark the day, and fing the hero's praife. "Who comes to dark from ocean's roar, like autumn's fhadowy cloud? Death is trembling in his hand! his eyes are flames of fire! Who roars along dark Lora's heath? Who but Carthon king of fwords? The people fall! fee! how he firides, like the fullen shoft of Morven! But there he lies a goodly oak, which fedden blaßs overturned! When fhalt thou rife, Baldutha's joy! lovely car-borne Carthon? Who comes for dark from ocean's roar, like autumn's fhadowy cloud?" Such were the words of the bards, in the day of their mourning: I have accompanied their voice; and added to their fong. My foul has been mournful for Car-thon, he fell in the days of his valour: and thou, O'Clefsammor! where is thy dwelling in the air? Has the vouth forgot his wound? And flies he, on the clouds, with thee? I feel the fun, O Malvina, leave me to my reft. Perhaps they may come to my dreams; I think I hear a feeble voice. The beam of heaven delights to fine on the grave of Carthon: I feel it warm around. O thou that rolleft above, round as the fhield of my fathers! Whence are thy beams, O fun! thy everlafting light? Thou comeft forth, in thy awful beauty, and the flars bide themselves in the fky; the moon, cold and pale, finks in the western wave. But thou thyself movest alone: who can be a companion of thy course? The oaks of the mountains fall: the mountains themfalves decay with years; the ocean fhrinks and grows again: the moon herfelf is loft in heaven; but thou art for ever the fame; rejoicing in the brightness of thy courfe. When the world is dark with tempeffs; when thunder rolls, and Dobtning flies; thou looked in thy I cauty, from the clouds, and laughest at the fform. But to CE an, thou looked by vain; for he beholds thy Learns no more; whether thy yedow hair flows on the eaftern clouds, or thou membleft at the gates of the weft. But then art perhaps, like me, for a fraion, and thy years will have an end. Thou fhalt fleep in thy

clouds, careless of the voice of the morning. Early

A POEM.

then, O fun, in the firength of thy youth! Age is dark and unlovely; it is like the glimmering light of the moon, when it finises through broken clouds, and the mift is on the hills; the blaft of the north is on the plain, the traveiler firinks in the midft of his journey.



#### THE

# DEATH OF CUCHULLIN:

## A POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

Arth, the fine of Cairber, figreeme king of treland, dying, was forecord by life for Counter, a mone. C. Coarlilli, the form occurs own but predeses, horself for Counter, a mone. C. Coarlilli, the form occurs who had rendered horself formous by risp great actions, and who werd do at the time, with Counter, in the Counter of Cairber, and the coarlier of Cairber, and the coarlier of the Cairber of Cairber, and the coarlier of the Cairber o

Is the wind on Fineat's fideld? Or is the voice of past times in my hall? Sing on, fweet voice, for thou art pleafant, and carriest away my night with joy. Sing on, O Bragela, daughter of car-borne Sorglan!

"It is the white wave of the rock, and not Cuclullin's fails. Often do the mills deceive me for the finj of my love! when they rife round fome ghoft, and forcad their gray fixits on the wind. Why doft thou delay thy coming, fon of the generous Semo! Four times has autumn returned with its winds, and raifed the feas of Togorma 1, lince thou haft been in the roar

† Togorina, i.e. the idead of blue waves, one of the Kebrides, was subject to Connal, the few of California, Cachellina hield. He is amounted that far of Colgar, from one of that name who was the founder of the family. Connal, a

of battles, and Bragela diffant far. Hills of the ifle of nist! when will ye answer to his hounds? But ye are dark in your clouds, and fad Bragela calls in vain. Night comes rolling down: the face of ocean fails. The heath-cock's head is beneath his wing: the hind

fleeps with the hart of the defert. They fhall rife with the morning's light, and feed on the mossly stream. But my tears return with the fun, my fighs come on with the night. When will thou come in thine arms, O chief of mosfly Tura?"

Pleafant is thy voice in Offian's ear, daughter of carborne Sorglan! but retire to the hall of fhells; to the beam of the burning oak. Attend to the murmur of the f.a: it rolls at Dunfcaich's walls: let fleep defeend on thy blue eyes, and the hero come to thy dreams.

Cuchullin fits at Lego's lake, at the dark rolling of waters. Night is around the hero; and his thousands forced on the heach; a hundred oaks burn in the midft: the feaft of fhells is fmoking wide. Carril firikes the harp beneath a tree; his gray locks glitter in the beam; the rufting blaft of night is near, and lifts his aged hair. His fong is of the blue Togorma, and of its chief, Cu-chullin's friend. "Why art thou abfent, Connal, in the day of the gloomy florm? The chiefs of the fouth have convened against the car borne Cormac: the winds detain thy fails, and thy blue waters roll around thee. But Cormac is not alone: the fon of Semo fights his battles. Semo's fon his battles fights: the terror of the firanger! he that is like the vapour of death, flowly borne by fultry winds. The fun reddens in its prefence, the people fall around."

Such was the fong of Carril, when a fon of the foe appeared; he threw down his pointlefs spear, and spoke the words of Torlath; Torlath the chief of heroes, from Lego's fable furge: be that led his thousands to bartle, against car-borne Cormac; Cormac, who was distant 20

far, in Temora's + echoing halls: he learned to bend the bow of his fathers; and to lift the spear. Nor long didft thou lift the spear, mildly-shining beam of youth! death stands dim behind thee, like the darkened half of the moon behind its growing light. Cuchullin rose before the bard ||, that came from generous Torlath; he offered him the shell of joy, and honoured the son of songs. "Sweet voice of Lego!" he faid, "what are the words of Torlath? Comes he to our feast or battle, the car-borne son of Cantelas?"

"He comes to thy battle," replied the bard, "to the founding ftrife of fpears. When morning is gray on Lego, Torlath will fight on the plan: and wilt thou meet him, in thine arms, king of the ifle of mift? Terrible is the fpear of Torlath! It is a meteor of night. He lifts it, and the people fall: death fits in the lightning of his fword." "Do I fear," replied Cuchullin, "the fpear of car-borne Torlath? He is brave as a thousand heroes; but my foul delights in war. The fword refis not by the fide of Cuchullin, bard of the times of old! Morning shall meet me on the plain, and gleam on the blue arms of Semo's fon. But fit thou on the heath, O bard! and let us hear thy voice: partake of the joyful shell: and hear the fongs of Temora."

"This is no time," replied the bard, "to hear the fong of joy; when the mighty are to meet in battle like the fittength of the waves of Lego. Why art thou fo dark, Slimora | I with all thy fillent woods? No green flar trembles on thy top; no moon-beam on thy fide. But the meteors of death are there, and the gray war try forms of ghofts. Why art thou dark, Slimora!

The royal palace of the Irifh kings; Teamhrath according to fome of the

the terms they offered

"Cean teels', 'head of a family.'
[9] Sha'-mor, 'great hill.'

both (the bards were the heralds of ancient times; and their perfors were fasted on a count of their coine. In later times, they added that privile oc, and as their perfuse were involved, they they fold and fanguaged to retail, before who were not laked by their nations, that they become a public multimes. Screened must be received the country that they become a public multimes.

2 I with thy filent woods ?" He retired, in the found of his fong: Carril accompanied his voice. The mulic was like the memory of joys that are past, pleasant and mournful to the foul. The ghofts of departed bards heard it from Slimora's fide. Soft founds fpread along

the wood, and the filent valleys of night rejoice. So, when he fits in the filence of noon, in the valley of his breeze, the humming of the mountain bee comes to Offian's ear: the gale drowns it often in its course; but the pleafant found returns again.

"Raife," faid Cuchullin, to his hundred bards. "the fong of the noble Fingal: that fong which he hears at night, when the dreams of his rest descend; when the bards strike the distant harp, and the faint light gleams on Selma's walls. Or let the grief of Lara rile, and the fighs of the mother of Calmar +, when he was fought, in vain, on his hills; and the beheld his bow in the hall. Carril, place the shield of Caithbat on that branch; and let the fpear of Cuchullin be near; that the found of my battle may rife with the gray beam of the east." The hero leaned on his father's shield: the fong of Lara rofe. The hundred bards were diffant far: Carril alone is near the chief. The words of the fong were his; and the found of his harp was mourn-

"Alcletha with the aged locks! mother of carborne Calmar! why doft thou look towards the defert. to behold the return of thy fon? These are not his heroes, dark on the heath; nor is that the voice of Caimar; it is but the distant grove, Alcletha! but the roar

of the mountain-wind!" Who ! bounds over Lara's Vol. II.

<sup>+</sup> Calmar the fon of Matha. His death is soluted at large in the third back of Fig.al. He was the only for of waters and the county was extinct in him. The feat of the family was on the back of the river Lara, in the machbourhood of a gr, and probably most the phony while Cochahan lay ; which creamiting

Frican A to arm, the lamontation of Anietia reserved for a mining a middle that the strong beauty; probably a profiler for example for of Cal mr, by the and funding

W Alcietta forare. Calmar had promoted to return, by a certain day, and his mother and his fater Alona are reprefented by the bar, as looking, with mounts once, towards that quarter where they expected Calibar would make his first ap-

behold his fpear ! But her eyes are dim! Is it not the

fon of Matha, daughter of my love?"

" It is but an aged oak, Alcletha!" replied the lovely weeping Alona † . "It is but an oak, Alclétha, bent ever Lara's fiream. But who comes along the plain? forrow is in his fpeed. He lifts high the spear of Calmar. Alcletha! it is covered with blood?" "But it is covered with the blood of foes +, fifter of car-borne Calmar! his fpear never returned unftained with blood, nor his bow from the strife of the mighty. The battle is confumed in his presence: he is a slame of death, Alona! Youth | of the mournful fpeed! where is the fon of Alckitha? Does he return with his fame? in the midft of his echoing fhields? Thou art dark and filent! Calmar is then no more. Tell me not, warri-

Or, low be fell, for I cannot bear of his wound." "Why doft thou look towards the defert, mother of

car-Lorne Calmar ?" Such was the fong of Carril, when Cuchullin lay on his fhield: the bards refled on their harps, and fleep fell foftly around. The fon of Semo was awake alone; his foul was fixed on the war. The burning caks began to decay; faint red light is fpread around. A feeble voice is heard! the ghost of Calmar came. He flaiked in the beam. Dark is the wound in his lide. His hair is difordered and loofe. Joy fits darkly on his face: and he feems to invite Cuchullin to his

cave.

" Son of the cloudy night!" faid the rifing chief of Erin: "Why doft thou bendthy dark eyes on me, ghoft of the car-borne Calmar? Wouldest thou frighten me, O Matha's fon! from the battles of Cormac? Thy hand was not feeble in war; neither was the voice \$ for peace. How art thou changed, chief of Lara! if

<sup>†)</sup> A'dine, 'expelitely beautiful.' (Allel the Gook).

Ne address beful to Larnir, Calmer's friend, who had returned with the Year of hisdeath.

"Good Calmars Goods, in the first book of Fingal."

A POEM.

thou now doft advife to fly! But, Calmar, I never fled. I never feared! the ghoft of the defert. Small is their knowledge, and weak their hands; their dwelling is in the wind. But my foul grows in danger, and rejoices in the noife of fleel. Retire thou to thy cave; thou art not Calmar's ghoft; he delighted in battle, and his arm was like the thunder of heaven."

He retired in his blaft with joy, for he had heard the voice of his praife. The faint beam of the morning rofe, and the found of Caithbat's buckler fpread. Green Ullin's warriors convened, like the roar of many freams. The horn of war is heard over Lego; the

mighty Terlath came.

"Why doft thou come with thy thoufands, Cuchullin," faid the chief of Lego. "I know the firength of thy arm, and thy foul is an unextinguished fire. Why fight we not on the plain, and let our hofts behold our deeds? Let them behold us like roaring waves, that tumble round a rock: the mariners haften

away, and look on their first with sear."

"Thou riseft, like the sun, on my foul," replied the fon of Semo. "Thine arm is mighty, O Torlah; and worthy of my wrath. Retire, ye men of Ullin, to Slimora's shady side; behold the chief of Erin, in the day of his fame. Carril; tell to mighty Connal, if Cuchullin must fall, tell him I accused the winds which roar on Togorma's waves. Never was he absent in battle, when the strife of my fame arose. Let this sword be before Cormae, like the beam of heaven: let his counsel some like in the day of danger."

He rished, in the found of his arms, like the terrible fpirit of Loda ||, when he comes in the rear of a thouland florms, and featters battles from his eyes. He fits on a cloud over Lochlin's feas: his mighty hand is on his fword, and the winds lift his flaming locks. So

C 2

<sup>†</sup> See Cuchullin's reply to Connal, concerning Crugalisgboft. Fing B. II. I Lead, in the third book of Fingal, is mentioned as a place of worship in Scandinavia; by the Spirit of Lode, the part probably means Odin, the great deity of the morthern mailtons.

THE DEATH OF CUCHULLIN:

terrible was Cuchullin in the day of his fame. Torlath fell by his hand, and Lego's heroes mourned. They gather around the chief like the clouds of the defert. A thoufand fwords rofe at once; a thoufand arrows flew; but he flood like a rock in the midft of a roaring fea. They fell around; he firode in blood: dark Slimora echoed wide. The fons of Ulfin came, and the battle fpread over Lego. The chief of Erin overcame; he returned! The joy of his face was dark. He rolled his eyes in flence. The fword hung, tufheathed, in his land, and his fixear bent at every flep-

finathed, in his hand, and his fipear bent at every flep.
"Carril," faid the king in feeret, "the firength of
Cuchulin fails. My days are with the years that are
paft; and no mourning of mine fhall arife. They
faall feek me-at Temera; but I fhall not be found. Cormac will weep in his hall, and fay "Where is Tura's
chief?" But my name is renowned! my fame in the
fong of bards. The youth will fay in feeret, "O let
me die as Cuchullin died; renown clothed him like a
robe; and the light of his fame is great." Draw the
arrow from my fide; and lay Cuchullin beneath that
oak. Place the fideld of Cainbat near, that they may
behold me amidit the arms of my fathers."

"And is the fon of Semo fallen?" faid Carril with a figh. "Mournful are I ura's walls; and forrow dwells at Dunfcaich. Thy fponfe is left alone in her youth, the fon of thy love is alone. He fhall come to Bragéa, and afk her why fhe weeps. He fhall lift his eyes tolthe wall, and fee his father's fword. "Whofe fword is that?" he will fay: and the foul of his mother is fad. Who is that like the hart of the defert, in the nurman of his courfe? His eyes look wildly round in fearch of his friend. Connal, fon of Colgar, where haft thou been, when the mighty fell? Did the feas of

<sup>¶</sup> Conloch, who was afterwards very famous for his great exploits in Ireland. He was force-arkable for his dexterity in handling the jacon, that when a good in white, a isoleforbed, it has pasfed into a proverb, in the north of Scotland, 'the corresponding as the armost Conloch.'

Togorma roll round thee? Was the wind of the fouth in thy fails? The mighty have fellen in battle, and thou wast not there. Let none tell it in Selma, nor in Morven's woody land; Fingal will be fad, and the fons of the defert mourn."

By the dark-rolling waves of Lego they raifed the hero's tomb. Luath +, at a distance, lies, the compani-

on of Cuchullin, at the chafe.

"Bleft" be thy foul, fon of Semo; thou wert mighty in battle." Thy firength was like the firength of a ftream: thy speed like the eagle's wing. Thy path in de battle was terrible: the fleps of death were behind thy fword. Bleft be thy foul, fon of Semo; car-borne chief of Dunscaich! Thou haft not fallen by the fword of the mighty, neither was thy blood on the spear of the valiant. The arrow came, like the fling of death in a blaft: nor did the feeble hand, which drew the bow, perceive it. Peace to thy foul, in thy cave, chief of the ifle of mift!

"The mighty are differfed at Temora: there is none in Cormac's hall. The king mourns in his youth, for he does not behold thy coming. The found of thy fhield is ceased: his foes are gathering round. Soft be thy reft in thy cave, chief of Erin's wars! Bragela will not hope thy return, or fee thy fails in ocean's foam. Her fteps are not on the fhore: nor her ear open to the voice of thy rowers. She fits in the hall of fhells, and fees the arms of him that is no more. Thine eves are full of tears, daughter of car borne Sorglan! Bieft be thy foul in death, O chief of fhady Cromla!"

This is the mark of the bard, over Cuchullin's tomb. Every flanza closes with tome remarkable title of the hern, which was always the cuftom in tuneral closies. The verte of the tong is a lyra- measure, and it was of old fung to the

harp.

f It was of old, the cuftom to bury the favourite dee near the mafter. This was not peculiar to the uncloud outs, for we find it practifed by many other na-tions in their ages of heroifful. There is a frone flown full as Denfeatch, in the the of sky, to which Cachullia commonly bound his dog Luath. The flone goes In his name to this day,

# DAR-THULA:

### A POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

It may not be improper here, to give the flory which is the foundation of this poem, as it is handed down by tradition. Uinoth, lord of Etha, which is probably that part of Argylefaire which is near toch Eta, an arm of the fea in Lorn, had three fore, Nathos, Aithos and Ardan, by Shillinns, the daughter of Semo, and fifter to the celebrated Cuchullin. The three brothers, when Semo, sha litter to the electraced Cuthulin. In a tirrec ordiners, water very young, were fent over to Ireland, by their father, to learn the ule of arms under their under Cuthullin, who made a great fairer in that kinadom. They were just ladeds in Ultime when the news of Cuthullin's death surived. Nathray, though very young, took the command of Cuthullin's death surived. Nathray though very young, took the command of Cuthullin's made had as when Cuthullin's death surived. Nathray though very young, took the command of Cuthullin's made had as when Cuthulin's death surived. Nathray though very young, took the command of Cuthullin's made had a selected the command of Cuthullin's made had a selected the command of Cuthullin's made had been selected to the command of th battles. Carbor at last having found means to murder Cormac the lawful king, the army of Nathos thitted fides, and he himfelf was obliged to return into Ultter, in order to p if- over into scotland.

Dar-thula, the daughter of Colla, with whom Cairbar was in love, refided, at that time, in Selann, a carie in Uliter; the faw, tell in I we, and fled with Nathos; but a florm rifing at fea, they were unfort mately driven back on that part of the coart of Uliter, where Carbar was encamped with his army, waiting for Fingal, who meditated an expedition into Ireland, we re-establish the Scottish race of kongs on the throne of that kingdom. The three brothers, after having defunded themfelves, for fome time, with great bravery, were overpowered and hain, and the unfortunate Dar-thula killed herfelf upon the body of her beloved

Office opens the poem, on the night preceding the death of the fons of Ufnoth, and brings in, he way of epifede, what paffed before. He relates the death of Do ath dedifferently from the common tradition; his account is the most prohabite, as fine de frems to have been unknown in those early times; for no traces of it are found in the old poetry.

DAUGHTER of heaven +, fair art thou! the filence of thy face is pleafant. Thou comest forth in loveline's: the flars attend thy blue fleps in the eaft. The clouds rejoice in thy prefence, O moon, and brighten their dark-brown fides. Who is like thee in heaven, daughter of the night? The ftars are ashamed in thy prefence, and turn afide their green, fparkling eyes. Whither doft thou retire from thy course, when the darkness | of thy countenance grows? Hast thou thy hall like Offian? Dwellest thou in the shadow of grier? Have thy fifters fallen from heaven? Are they who rejoiced with thee, at night, no more? Yes! they have

<sup>†</sup> The address to the moon is very beautiful in the original. It is in a lyric meafore, and appears to have been fung to the harp. I he poet means the moon in her wane.

fallen, fair light! and thou doft often retire to mourn. But thou thyielf field fall, one night; and leave the blue path in heaven. The flars will then lift their green heads: they who were affained in thy prefence, will rejoice. Thou art now clothed with thy brightness: look from thy gates in herky. Burft the cloud, O wind, that the daughter of night may look forth, that the flargy mountains may brighten, and the ocean roll its blue waves in light.

Nathos t is on the deep, and Alchos that beam of youth; Ardan is near his brothers; they move in the gloom of their course. The fons of Ulnoth move in darkness, from the wrath of car borne Cairbar 1. Who is that din, by their fide? the night has covered her b-auty. Her hair fighs on ocean's wind; her robe ftreams in dufky wreaths. She is like the fair spirit of heaven, in the midst of his shadowy mist. Who is it but Dar-thula I, the first of Erin's maids? She has fled from the love of Cairbar, with the car-borne Nathos. But the winds deceive thee, O Dar-thula; and dony the woody Etha to thy falls. Thefe are not thy mountains, Nathos, nor is that the roar of thy climbing waves. The halls of Cairbar are near; and the towers of the fee lift their heads. Ullin ftretches its green head into the fea; and Tura's bay receives the fhip. Where have ye been, ye fouthern winds! when the fons of nev love were deceived? But ye have been fporting on plains, and purfuing the thiftle's beard. O that ye had been ruftling in the fails of Nathos, till the hills of Etha rofe! till they rofe in their clouds, and faw their coming chief! Long haft thou been abfent, Nathos! and the day of thy return is paft.

But the land of firangers faw thee, lovely: thou wast lovely in the eyes of Dar thula. Thy face was like the

was arrewards winder by over the ion of Olian in a high combast. The poet-upon other or affons, gives fain the opinted of red-hard.

1 Bat-thida, or Batt-fluide, 'a woman with five eyes.' She was the most fames aboutly by antiquity. To this day, when a woman is praifted for her beauty, the common plante is, that 'the in alloyely as Dat-thella.'

<sup>+</sup> Nathos fignifies youthful: Althos, exquifite beauty? Ardan, 'pride.'
#Canbas, who mudered Cormac king of Ireland, and uturp d the throne. He
was after wards killed by Werr the fonct Ofian in a fingle combat. The poet, up-

light of the morning, thy hair like the raven's wing. Thy foul was generous and mild, like the hour of the fetting fun. Thy words were the gale of the reeds, or the gliding stream of Lora. But when the rage of battle rofe, thou waft like a fea in a florin; the clang of arms was terrible: the hoft vanished at the found of thy courfe. It was then Dar-thula beheld thee, from the top of her mossly tower: from the tower of Seláma +, where her fathers dwelt.

"Lovely art thou, O ftranger!" fhe faid, for her trembling foul arofe. "Fair art thou in thy battles, friend of the fallen Cormac | ! Why doft thou ruth on, in thy valour, youth of the ruddy look? Few are thy hands, in battle, against the car-borne Cairbar! O that I might be freed of his love ¶! that I might rejoice in the presence of Nathos! Elest are the rocks of Etha; they will behold his steps at the chase! they will see his white bosom, when the winds lift his raven hair!"

Such were thy words, Dar-thula, in Selama's moffy towers. But, now, the night is round thee : and the winds have deceived thy fails. The winds have deceived thy fails, Dar-thula: their bluftering found is high. Cease a little while, O north wind, and let me hear the voice of the lovely. Thy voice is lovely, Dar-thula,

between the ruflling blafts.

" Are there the rocks of Nathos, and the roar of his mountain-ffreams? Comes that beam of light from Ufnoth's nightly hall? The mift rolls around, and the beam is feeble; but the light of Dar thula's foul is the car-borne chief of Etha! Son of the generous Ufnoth, why that broken figh? Are we not in the land of ftrangers, chief of echoing Etha?"

"These are not the rocks of Nathos," he replied, " nor the roar of his ffreams. No light comes from

"That is, of the late or Calibra,

f The poet does not mean that soluma, which is mentioned as the feat of Tofcar in Ubles, in the norm of Cordath and Cuchona. The word in the original fignifies either beautiful to behold, or a place with a pleafant or wide prospect. In those times they built their houses upon eminences, to command a view of the country, and to prevent their being furprised; many of them on that account, were called Scianta. The jamous Seima of Tingal is derived from the faine root. Corns of the young kine of Deland, who was nurdered by Czirbar.

Etha's halls, for they are diftant far. We are in the land of firangers, in the land of car-bo-ne Cairbar. The winds have deceived us, Dar-thula. Ullin lifts here her green hills. Go towards the north, Althos; be thy fleps, Ardan, along the coaft; that the foe may not come in darkneis, and our hopes of Etha fail. I will go towards that moffy tower, and fee who dwells about the beam. Reft, Darthula, on the flore! reft in peace, thou beam of light! the fword of Nathos is a

Found thee, like the lightning of heaven."

He went. She fat alone and heard the rolling of the wave. The big tear is in her eye; and file looks for the car borne Nathos. Her foul trembles at the blaft. And fhe turns her ear towards the tread of his feet. The tread of his feet is not heard. "Where art thou, fon of my love? the roar of the blaft is around me. Dark is the cloudy night. But Nathos does not return, What detains thee, chief of Etha? Have the foes met the hero in the firife of the night?"

He returned, but his face was dark: he had feen his departed friend. It was the wall of Tura, and the ghoff of Cuch-blin falked there. The fighing of his breaft was frequent; and the decayed flame of his eyes terrible. His fixear was a column of mift: the flars looked dim through his form. His voice was like hollow wind in a cave: and he told the tale of grief. The foul of Nathos was fad, like the fun in the day of mift, when his face is warry and dim.

"Why art thou fad, O Nathos?" faid the lovely daughter of Colla. "Thou art a pillar of light to Darthula: the joy of her eyes is in Etha's chief. Where is my friend, but Nathos? My father refls in the tomb. Silence dwells on Selmar. Iadnefs fpreads on the blue freams of my land. My friends have fallen, with Cormac. The mighty were flain in the battle of Ullin.

"Evening darkened on the plain. The blue streams failed before mine eyes. The unfrequent blast came rustibing in the tops of Selama's groves. My feat was beneath a tree on the walls of my fathers. Truthil paft before my foul; the brother of my love; he that was abfent † in battle against the car-borne Cairbar. Bending on his fpear, the gray-haired Colla came: his downcast face is dark, and forrow dwells in his foul. His fword is on the fide of the hero: the helmet of his fathers on his head. The battle grows in his breast. He strives to hide the tear.

"Dar-thula," he fighing faid, "thou art the laft of Colla's race. Truthil is fallen in battle. The king # of Seláma is no more. Cairbar comes, with his thou-fands, towards Seláma's walls. Colla will meet his pride, and revenge his fon. But where final! I find thy fafety, Dar-thula with the dark-brown bair! thou art lovely as the fun-beam of heaven, and thy friends are low! "And is the fon of battle fallen!" I faid with a burfling figh. "Ceafed the generous foul of Truthil to lighten through the field! My fafety, Colla, is in that bow; I have learned to pierce the deer. Is not Cairbar like the hart of the defert, father of fallen Truthil!"

thil?"

The face of age brightened with joy: and the crowded tears of his eyes poured down. The lips of Colla trembled. His gray beard whiftled in the blaft. "Thou art the fifter of Truthil," he faid; "thou burneft in the fire of his foul. Take, Dar-thula, take that fpear, that brazen shield, that burnished helmet: they are the spoils of a warrior: a son go fearly youth. When the light rifes on Selama, we go to meet the car-borne Cairbar. But keep thou near the arm of Colla; beneath the shadow of my shield. Thy state, Dar-thula, could once defend thee, but age is trembling on his hand. The strength of his arm has failed, and his foul is darkened with grief."

We passed the night in forrow. The light of morn-

<sup>†</sup> The family of Colla preferved their loyalty to Connac long after the death of Cuchuliin.

| It is very common, in Offian's poetry, to give the title of king to every chief

If it is very common, in toman's poerry, to give the true or king to every coast that was remarkable for his va our.

If the poet to make the florry of Dar-thula's arming herfelf for battle, more probable, makes her armour to be that of a very young man, otherwise it would flow ke all belief, that the, who was very young floud be able to carry it.

ing rofe. I shone in the arms of battle. The grayhaired hero moved before. The fons of Seláma convened around the founding shield of Colla. But few were they in the plain, and their locks were gray. The youths had fallen with Truthil, in the battle of carhome Cormac.

"Companions of my youth!" faid Colla, "it was not thus you have feen me in arms. It was not thus I firode to battle, when the great Confadan fell. But ye are laden with grief. The darkness of age comes like the mift of the defert. My shield is worn with years; my fword is fixed t in its place. I faid to my foul, thy evening shall be calm, and thy departure like a fading light. But the florm has returned; I bend like an aged oak. My boughs are fallen on Selama, and I tremble in my place. Where art thou, with thy fallen heroes, O'my beloved Truthil? Thou answerest not from thy rushing blast: and the foul of thy father is fad. But I will be fad no more, Cairbar or Colla must fall. I feel the returning strength of my arm. My

beart leaps at the found of battle."

The hero drew his fword. The gleaming blades of his people rofe. They moved along the plain. Their gray hair fireamed in the wind. Cairbar fat, at the feaft, in the filent plain of Lona | . He faw the coming of heroes, and he called his chiefs to battle. Why should I tell to Nathes, how the strife of battle grew ? I have feen thee, in the midst of thousands, like the beam of heaven's fire: it is beautiful, but terrible; the people fall in its red course. The spear of Colla slew, for he remembered the battles of his youth. An ar-

I The nort avoid the defoription of the battle of Lona, as it would be improper in the mouth of a woman, and could have nothing new, after the numerous de-fer, stions, of that kind, in his other poems. He, at the fame time, gives an opportun to bo ba. the late yet a time compliment on her lover,

<sup>4</sup> It was the culton of those times, that every warrior at a certain age, or when be becam under the field, fixed his arms, in the great hall, where the tribe ferfied, upon lovicine coli no. He was afterwards never to appear in battle; and First, upon but were the the season and the arms.

I have on the were the there is not the arms.

I has, farmaring rain. It was the culton, in the days of Offian, to feaf after a widors. Critica had just provided an entertain ment for his army upon the defest or Frution the fon of Colka, and the relt of the party of Cormac, when Colla and his agen warriers registed to give him bactle

row came with its found, and pierced the hero's fide. He fell on his echoing fhield. My foul flarted with fear; I fretched my buckler over him, but my heaving breaft was feen. Cairbar came, with his fpear, and he beheld Seláma's maid: joy rofe on his dark-brown face: he flayed the lifted fieel. He railed the tomb of Colla; and brought me weeping to Seláma. He floke the words of love, but my foul was fad. I faw the shields of my fathers, and the fword of car-borne Truthil. I faw the arms of the dead, and the tear was on my check.

Then thou didft come, O Nathos: and gloomy Cairbar fled. He fled like the ghoft of the defert before the merning's beam. His hofts were net near: and feeble was his arm againft thy fleel. "Why+ art thou fad, O Nathos?" faid the lovely maid of Colla.

fad, O Nathos?" faid the lovely maid of Colla.

"I have met," replied the hcro, "the battle in my youth. My arm could not lift the fpear, when firft the danger rofe; but my foul brightened before the war, as the green narrow vale, when the fun pours his fireamy beams, before he hides his head in a florm. My foul brightened in danger before I faw Seláma's fair; before I faw thee, like a flar, that fhines on the hill, at night; the cloud flowly comes, and threatens the lovely light. We are in the land of the foe, and the winds have deceived us, Dar thula! the flrength of our friends is not near, nor the mountains of Etha. Where flail I find thy peace, daughter of mighty Cella! The brothers of Nathos are brave: and his own fword has those in war. But what are the fons of Unoth to the heft of car bette Cairbar! O that the winds had brought thy fails, Ofear jb, king of men! thou didft promise to come to the battles of fallen Cormac. Then would my hand be ffrong as the flarning arm of death. Cairbar would tremble in his halls, and peace dwell round the lovely

it is usual with Offan, to reneat at the end of the episodes, the sentence which introduces them. It brings back the mind or the reader to the main story of the porm

porms
Officer, the fun of Offian, had long refolved on the expedition, into Ireland, agunff Calrin, who is definitionated his friend Carbot, the front of Mora is an it offi than of nobe extracts a, and in the interest of the runity of Counta.

Dar-thula. But why doft thou fall, my foul? The fons

of Ufnoth may prevail."

"And they will prevail, O Nathos," faid the rifing foul of the maid: "never shall Dar-thula behold the halls of gloomy Cairbar. Give me those arms of brass, that glitter to that passing meteor; I see them in the dark-bosomed ship. Dar-thula will enter the battle of steel. Ghost of the noble Colla! do I behold thee on that cloud? who is that dim beside thee? It is the carborne Truthil. Shall I behold the halls of him that Rew Selama's chief? No: I will not behold them, spirits of my love!"

Institute of the face of Nathos when he heard the white-bolomed maid. "Daughter of Sel-ma! thou hineft on my foul. Come, with thy thoufands, Cairbar! the ftrength of Nathos is returned. And thou, O aged Ufnoth, fialt not hear that thy fon has fled. I remember thy words on Etha; when my fails begun to rife: when I fpread them towards Ulim, towards the moffly walls of Tura. "Thou goefl," he faid, "O Nathos, to the king of finieds; to Cuchullin, chief of men, who never fled from danger, Let not thine arm be feeble: neither be thy thoughts of flight; left, the fon of Semo fay that Etha's race are weak. His words may come to Ufnoth, and fadden his foul in the hall." The tear was on his cheek. He gave this fining fword."

"I came to Tura's bay: but the halls of Tura were filent. I looked around, and there was none to tell of the chief of Dunfcaich. I went to the half of his fikells, where the arms of his fathers hung. But the arms were gone, and aged Lamhor† fat in certs. "Whence are the arms of fixel?" light the fifing Lamhor. "The light of the fixer has long been ablent from Tura's dufky wails. Come ye from the rolling fa? Or from the mournful halls of Temora §?"

† Lamb-mhor, 'mighty hand '

p Pensara was the royal palace of the funcenc kines of Iroland. It is hear called motionful, on account of the signifier corrust, who was marde in this by Galiber who uttree his threats.

DAR-THULA:

"We come from the fea," I faid, " from Ufnoth's rifing towers. We are the fons of Shisamat, the daughter of carterne Semo. Where is Tura's chief, fon of the filent hall? but why flould Nathos afk? for I behold thy tears. How did the mighty fall, fon of the lonely Tura?"

"He fell not," Lambor replied, "like the filent star of night, when it shoots through darkness and is no more. But he was like a meteor that falls in a diffant land; death attends its red course, and itself is the fign of wars. Mournful are the banks of Lego, and the roar of fireamy Lara! There the hero fell, fon of the noble Ufnoth."

"The hero fell in the midft of flaughter," I faid

with a burfling figh. "His band was firong in battle; and death was behind his fword." "We came to Lego's mournful banks. We found his rifing temb. His companions in battle are there: his bards of many fongs. Three days we mourned over the hero: on the fourth, I firnek the faield of Caithbat. The heroes gathered around with joy, and shook their beamy focars. Corlath was near with his hoft, the friend of car borne Canbar. We came like a fiream by night, and his heroes fell. When the people of the valley rofe, they faw their blood with morning's light. But we relled away like wreaths of mift, to Cormac's echoing hall. Our fwords role to defend the king. But Temora's halls were empty. Cormac had fallen in his youth. The king of Erin was no more.

"Sadness seized the ions of Ullin, they flowly, gloomily retired: like clouds that, long lawing threatened rain, retire behind the hills. The sons of Usnoth moved, in their grief, towards Tura's founding hav. We paffed by Selema, and Cairbar retired like Lano's mift,

when it is driven by the winds of the defert.

"It was then I beheld thee, O maid, like the light

<sup>+ 3</sup>lis-feaming, 'foft bolum.' She was the wife of Ufnoth, and daughter of Somo, the chief of the ific of mist,

of Etha's fin. Lovely is that beam, I faid, and 31 crowded figh of my bosom rose. Thou camest in thy beauty, Dar-thula, to Etha's mournful chief. But the winds have deceived us, daughter of Colla, and the soe is near."

"Yes! the foe is near," faid the ruftling strength of Althos +. " I heard their clanging arms on the coaft, and faw the dark wreaths of Erin's flandard. Diffinct is the voice of Cairbar ||, and loud as Croinla's falling ftream. He had feen the dark fhip on the fea, before the dufky night came down. His people watch on Lena's plain, and lift ten thousand swords." "And let them lift ten thousand swords," faid Nathos with a fmile. " The fons of car-borne Ufnoth will never tremble in danger. Why doft thou roll with all thy foam, thou roaring fea of Ullin? Why do ye ruftle, on your dark wings, ye whiftling tempefts of the fky? Do ye think, ye florins, that ye keep Nathos on the coaft? No: his foul detains him, children of the night! Althos! bring my father's arms: thou feeft them beaming to the flars. Bring the fpear of Semo , it flands in the dark-bosomed ship."

He brought the arms. Nathos clothed his limbs in all their finning ficel. The firide of the chief is lovely: the joy of his cyes terrible. He looks towards the coning of Cairbar. The wind is ruftling in his hair. Darthula is filent at his fider her look is fixed on the chief. She ftrives to hide the rifing figh, and two tears fixed.

in her eyes.

"Althos!" faid the chief of Etha, "I fee a cave in that rock. Place Dar-thula there: and let thy arm be

## D 2

I some was grandfather to Nathos by the mother's lide. The fipcar mentioned here was given to Unoth on his marriage, it being the culton their or the father of the lady to give his arms to his foncial-law. The ceremony uted open thefe case

calions is mentioned in other poems.

<sup>†</sup> Althos had just returned from viewing the coast of Lena, whither he had been tent by Nathos, the beginning of the night.

a Carbor had pathered an across, to the condition of the to copie Fin.

all, who repracts or an expectation into Finding, to condition the loute of Cormac on the throne, which Carbor had ufurged. Servens the wange of Cairbor's army was the lay of First, into which the thip of the fon of Ulindin was driven; to that there was no polibility of their estapsis.

"I seem or granded that to Markon by the another's lide. The fiper mentioned

ffrong. Ardan! we meet the foe, and call to battle gloomy Cairbar. O that he came in his founding fleel, to meet the fon of Ulfoth! Dar-thula! if thou fhalt efeape, look not on the falling Nathos. Lift thy fails, O Althos, towards the echoing groves of Etha. "Tell to the chieft, that his fon fell with fame;

"Tell to the chieft, that his fon fell with fame; that my fword did not frun the battle. Tell him I fell in the midft of thousands, and let the joy of his grief be great. Daughter of Colla! call the maids to Etha's echoing hall. Let their fongs arise for Nathos, when hadowy autumn returns. O that the voice of Cona might be heard in my praise! then would my spirit rejoice in the midft of my mountain-winds." And my voice shall praise thee, Nathos, chief of the woody Etha! The voice of Offian shall rise in thy praise, son of the generous Usinoth! Why was I not on Lena, when the battle rose? Then would the sword of Offian have defended thee, or himself have fallen low.

We fat, that night, in Selma, round the firength of the fhell. The wind was abroad, in the oaks; the fpirit of the mountain fi firicked. The blaft came rufling through the hall, and gently touched my harp. The found was mournful and low, like the fong of the tomb. Fingal heard it first, and the crowded fighs of his bofom rofe. "Some of my heroes are low," faid the gray-haired king of Morven. "I hear the found of death on the harp of my fon. Offian, touch the founding string; bid the forrow rise; that their spirits may fly with joy to Morven's woody hills," I touched the harp before the king, the found was mournful and low. "Bend forward from your clouds," I faid, "ghosts of my fathers! bend; lay by the red terror of your course, and receive the falling chief; whether he comes from a distant land or rises from the rolling sea. Let his robe of mist be near; his spear that is formed of a cloud. Place an half-extinguished meteor by his side, in the

<sup>†</sup> U'noth.
† U'noth,
† Otian, the fon of Fingal, is, often, poetically called the voice of Cona.

\* By the fpirit of the mountain is meant that deep and melancholy found which
precedes a form; well known to those who live in a high country.

A POEM.

form of the hero's fword. And, oh! let his counte-nance be lovely, that his friends may delight in his prefence. Bend from your clouds," I faid, "ghofts of my fathers! bend."

Such was my fong, in Selma, to the lightly-tremb-ling harp. But Nathos was on Ullin's fhore furround-ed by the night; he heard the voice of the foe amidft the roar of tumbling waves. Silent he heard their voice, and rested on his spear. Morning rose, with its beams: the fons of Erin appear; like gray rocks, with all their trees, they fpread along the coast. Cairbar flood, in the midft, and grimly finited when he faw the foe. Nathos rufhed forward in his flrength; nor could Dar-thula flay behind. She came with the hero, lifting her shining spear. And who are these, in their armour, in the pride of youth? Who but the sons of Usnoth; Althos and dark haired Ardan.

"Come," faid Nathos, "come! chief of the high Temora! Let our battle be on the coast for the whitebosomed maid! His people are not with Nathos; they are behind that rolling fea. Why doft thou bring thy thousands against the chief of Etha? Thou didst fly + from him, in battle, when his friends were around him." "Youth of the heart of pride, shall Erin's king fight with thee? Thy fathers were not among the renowned, nor of the kings of men. Are the arms of focs in their halls? or the shields of other times? Cairhar is renowned in Temora, nor does he fight with little men."

The tear flarts from car-borne Nathos; he turned his eyes to his brothers. Their spears flew, at once, and three heroes lay on earth. Then the light of their fwords gleamed on high: the ranks of Erin yield; as a ridge of dark clouds before a blaft of wind. Then Cairbar ordered his people; and they drew a thousand bows. A thousand arrows slew; the sons of Usnoth fell. They fell like three young oaks which flood alone on the hill; the traveller faw the lovely trees, and wondered how they grew fo lonely: the blaft of the defert came, by night, and laid their green heads low; next day he returned, but they were withered, and the heath was bare.

Dar-thula itood in filent grief, and beheld their fall; no tear is in her eye: but her look is wildly fad. Pale was her check; her trembling lips broke fhort an half-formed word. Her dark hair flew on the wind. But gloomy Cairbar came. "Where is thy lover now; the car-borne chief of Etha? Haft hou beheld the halls of Ufnoth? or the dark-brown hills of Fingal? My battle had roared on Morven, did not the winds meet Darthula. Fingal hinnleff weuld have been low, and forrow dwelling in Schma." Her fhield fell from Darthula's arm, her breaft of fnow appeared. It appeared but it was fained with blood, for an arrow was fixed in her fide. She fell on the fallen Nathos, like a wreath of fnow. Her dark hair fyreads on his face, and their blood is mixing round.

"Daughter of Colla thou art low!" faid Cairbar's hundred bards; "filence is at the blue fireans of Seláma, for Truthil's† race have failed. When wilt thou vife in thy beauty, first of Erin's maids! Thy sleep is long in the tomb, and the morning dislant far. The sun shall not come to thy bed, and say, "Awake, Darthula! awake, thou first of women! the wind of spring is abroad. The flowers shake their heads on the green hills, the woods wave their growing leaves." Retire, O fun, the daughter of Colla is afteen. She will not come forth in her beauty: she will not move, in the steps of her lovelines."

Such was the fong of the bards, when they raifed the tomb. I fung, afterwards, over the grave, when the king of Morven came; when he came to green Ullin to fight with ear-borne Cairbar.

# CARRIC-THURA:

### A POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

Final, returning from an expedition which he had made into the Roman province, reloved to vider Catalank is not of Initories, and brother to Comals, whose control of the Catalank is not of Initories, and brother to Comals, whose on the control of the Catalank is a control of the Catalank in Egy and the Mango and to lay, which, in those days, was a final or distinct. The wind drive him into a bar, at forme diffusion from Catalank in the was object to past the him of the Catalank in Egy and the Egy and Egy and

Hast † thou left thy blue course in heaven, goldenhaired son of the sky? The west has opened its gates; the bed of thy repose is there. The waves come to beheld thy beauty: they lift their trembling heads; they see thee lovely in thy sleep; but they shrink away with fear. Rest in thy shadowy cave, O sim! and let thy return be in joy. But let a thousand lights asset to the sound of the harps of Sebma: let the beam spread in the hall, the king of shells is returned! The strife of Crone is pass, ike sounds that are no more: raise the fong, O bards, the king is returned with his same!

Such was the fong of Uffin, when Fingal returned from battle: when he returned in the fair blufhing of youth; with all his heavy locks. His blue arms were on the hero; like a gray cloud on the fun, when he moves in his robes of mift, and fhews but half his

<sup>+</sup> The four of Ullin, with which the poem opens, is in a lyric measure. It was used with Fineal, when he returned from his expectations, to find his bards fing-fing before it.m. This speces of triumph is called by Offian, the 'fong of victory'.

<sup>&</sup>quot;(Office has colobrated the "Brife of Crona," in a particular pnem. This poem a connected with expect "was immediate for the traffictor to procure that part which reaches the color partial and opening and p

beams. His heroes follow the king: the feaft of shells is fpread. Fingal turns to his bards, and bids the fong to rife.

Voices of echoing Cona! he faid, O bards of other times! Ye, on whose fouls the blue hosts of our fathers rife! firike the harp in my hall; and let Fingal hear the fong. Pleafant is the joy of grief! it is like the fhower of fpring, when it foftens the branch of the oak, and the young leaf lifts its green head. Sing on, O bards, to-morrow we lift the fail. My blue course is through the ocean, to Carric-thura's walls; the mosfy walls of Sarno, where Comala dwelt. There the noble Cathulla spreads the feast of shells. The boars of his woods are many, and the found of the chafe shall arise.

Cronnan t, fon of fong! faid Ullin, Minona, graceful at the harp! raise the song of Shilric, to please the king of Morven. Let Vinvela come in her beauty, like the showery bow, when it shews its lovely head on the lake, and the fetting fun is bright. And the comes,

O Fingal! her voice is foft, but fad. Vinveig. My love is a fon of the hill. He purfues the flying deer. His gray dogs are panting around him; his bow-ftring founds in the wind. Doft thou reft by the fount of the rock, or by the noise of the mountainfiream? the rufhes are nodding with the wind, the mift is flying over the hill. I will approach my love unperceived, and fee him from the rock. Lovely I faw thee lift by the aged oak of Branno |; thou wert returning tall from the chafe; the fairest among thy friends.

Shilr c What voice is that I hear? that voice like the fummer wind. I fit not by the nodding rufhes; I

by that name, in the day of Offian. There are feveral finali rivers in the Lorth of Scotland, Still retaining the name of Lian; in particular, one which talls tale

the Tay at benkeld.

<sup>†</sup> One should think that the parts of Shilric and Vinvela were represented by Cronner and Minore, whole very names denote that they were fingers, who per-formed in p blic. Cronnan fignifics a mourant found, Minora, or Min-lonn, foft sir. All the dramatic poems of Offian appear to have been prefented before Fingal, upon fol min occasions. h Bran, or Branno, temilies a mountain-fiream; it is here fome river known

hear not the fount of the rock. Afar, Vinvela , afar I go to the wars of Fingal. My dogs attend me no more. No more I tread the hill. No more from on high I fee thee, fair-moving by the stream of the plain; bright as the bow of heaven; as the moon on the western wave. Vinvela. Then thou art gone, O Shilrie! and I am

alone on the hill. The deer are feen on the brow; void of fear they graze along. No more they dread the wind; no more the ruftling tree. The hunter is far removed; he is in the field of graves. Strangers!

fons of the waves! fpare my lovely Shilric.

Shilric. If fall I must in the field, raise high my grave, Vinvela. Gray stones and heaped-up earth, shall mark me to future times. When the hunter shall fit by the mound, and produce his food at noon, "Some warri-or refts here," he will fay; and my fame shall live in his praife. Remember me, Vinvela, when low on earth I lie!

Vinvela. Yes! I will remember thee; indeed my Shilric will fall. What shall I do, my love! when thou art gone for ever? Through these hills I will go at noon: I will go through the filent heath. There I will fee the place of thy reft, returning from the chafe. Indeed my Shilric will fall; but I will remember him. And I remember the chief, faid the king of woody Morven; he confumed the battle in his rage. But now my eyes behold him not. I met him, one day, on the hill; his cheek was pale; his brow was dark. The

figh was frequent in his breaft: his fleps were towards the defert. But now he is not in the crowd of my chiefs, when the founds of my thields arife. Dwells he in the narrow house +, the chief of high Carmora | ? Cronnan! faid Ullin of other times, raife the fong of Shilric; when he returned to his hills, and Vinvela was no more. He leaned on her gray mostly stone; he

T Bhin-bhoul, 'a woman with a melodious voice.' Bh in the Gallic language has the fame found with the V in English.

† The grave.

[ Carn-mor, 'hligh rocky hild.'

42 thought Vinvela lived. He faw her fair-moving | on the plain: but the bright form lafted not: the funbeam fled from the field, and the was feen no more. Hear the fong of Shilric, it is foft, but fad.

I fit by the mosfy fountain, on the top of the hill of winds. One tree is ruftling above me. Dark waves roll over the heath. The lake is troubled below. The deer descend from the hill. No hunter at a distance is feen; no whiftling cow-herd is nigh. It is mid-day: but all is filent. Sad are my thoughts alone. Didft thou but appear, O my love, a wanderer on the heath! thy hair floating on the wind behind thee; thy bosom heaving on the fight; thine eyes full of tears for thy friends, whom the mift of the hill had concealed! Thee I would comfort, my love, and bring thee to thy father's house.

But is it she that there appears, like a beam of light on the heath? bright as the moon in autumn, as the fun in a fummer-florm, comest thou, lovely maid, over rocks, over mountains to me? She fpeaks: but how weak her voice, like the breeze in the reeds of the pool. "Returneft thou fafe from the war? Where are thy friends, my love? I heard of thy death on the hill; I heard and mourned thee, Shilric!" Yes, my fair, I re-

turn; but I alone of my race. Thou shalt see them no more: their graves I raifed on the plain. But why art thou on the defert hill? Why on the heath, alone? " Alone I am, O Shilric! alone in the winter-house.

With grief for thee I expired. Shilric, I am pale in the tomb."

She fleets, fhe fails away; as gray mift before the wind! and, wilt thou not ftay, my love? Stay and behold my tears? fair thou appeareft, Vinvela! fair thou waft, when alive !

By the mosly fountain I will sit; on the top of the hill of winds. When mid-day is filent around, con-

<sup>#</sup> The diffinction, which the ancient Scots made between good and bid fpirits, was, that the former appeared fometimes in the day time in lonely unfrequented places, but the latter fedous but by night, and always in a diffinal gloomy forme.

verse, O my love with me! come on the wings of the gale! on the blast of the mountain, come! Let me hear thy voice, as thou pasself, when mid-day is silent around.

Such was the fong of Cronnan, on the night of Schma's joy. But morning rofe in the eaft; the blue was ters rolled in light. Fingal bade his fails to rife, and the winds came ruflling from their hills. Iniflore rote to fight, and Carrie-thura's moffy towers. But the fign of diffrefs was on their top: the green flame edged with fnoke. The king of Morven Rruck his breaft he affluned, at once, his fiper. His darkened brow bends forward to the coaft: he looks back to the lagging winds. His hair is difordered on his back. The filence of the korg is terrible.

Night came down on the fea: Rotha's bay received the flip. A rock bends along the coaft with all its echoing wood. On the top is the circle of Loda, and the mostly flone of power. A narrow plain fpreads beneath, covered with grafs and zged trees, which the midbight winds, in their wrath, had torn from the fliagpy rock. The blue courfe of a fiream is there: and the lonely blaft of occan purpluses the thiftie's beard. The flame of three oa'cs arole: the feaft is spread around: but the foul of the king is fad, for Carrie-thura's hatting chief.

The wan cold moon role, in the eaft. Sleep defeended on the youths: Their blue helmets glitter to the beam, the lading fire decays. But fleep did not reft on the king: he role in the midft of his arms, and flowly afcended the hill to behold the flame of Sarno's tower.

The flame was dim and diffant; the moon hid her red face in the eaft. A hiaft came from the mountain, and bore, on its wings, the spirit of Loda. He came to his place in his terrors §, and he shook his duky spear.

<sup>†</sup> The circle of Loda is supposed to be a place of worship among the Scandinavians, as the form of Loda is thought to be the fame with their god Odin. [Help described, in a famile, in the point concerning the death of Cuchullin.

CARRIC-THURA: His eyes appear like flames in his dark face; and his voice is like diftant thunder. Fingal advanced with

the fpear of his firength, and raifed his voice on high.

Son of night, retire: call thy winds and fly: Why doft thou come to my prefence, with thy shadowy arms? Do I fear thy gleemy form, difinal spirit of Loda? Weak is thy shield of clouds: feeble is that meteor, thy fword. The blaft rolls them together; and thou thyfelf doft vanish. Fly from my presence, son of night! call thy winds and fly!

Doft thou force me from my place, replied the hollow voice? The people bend before me. I turn the battle in the field of the valiant. I look on the nations and they vanish: my nostrils pour the blast of death. I come abroad on the winds: the tempess are before my face. But my dwelling is calm, above the clouds, the fields of my rest are pleasant.

Dwell then in my calm field, faid Fingal, and let Comhal's fon be forgot. Do my fteps afcend, from my hills, into thy peaceful plains? Do I meet thee, with a fpear, on thy cloud, fpirit of difmal Loda? Why then doft thou frown on Fingal? or finake thine airy fpear? But thou frowneff in vain: I never fled from mighty men. And fhall the fons of the wind frighten the king of Morven! No: he knows the weaknefs of their arms.

Fly to thy land, replied the form: receive the wind and fly. The blafts are in the hollow of my hand: the course of the storm is mine. The king of Sora is my son, he bends at the stone of my power. His battle is around Carrie-thura; and he will prevail Fly to thy land, son of Comhal, or feel my tlanning wrath.

He lifted high his shadowy spear; and bent forward his terrible height. But the king, advancing, drew his fword: the blade of dark-brown Luno 4. The cleaming path of the fieel winds through the gloomy ghoft. The form fell shapeless into air, like a column of smoke, which the staff of the boy disturbs, as it rises from the

half-extinguished furnace.

The spirit of Loda shricked, as, rolled into himself, he rose on the wind. Inistore shoots at the sound. The waves heard it on the deep: they stopped, in their course, with sear: the companions of Fingal started, at once; and took their heavy spears. They missed the king: they rose with rage; all their arms resound.

king: they rose with rage; all their arms resound.
The moon came forth in the east. The king returned in the gleam of his arms. The joy of his youths was great; their souls settled, as a sea from a storm. Ullin raised the song of gladness. The hills of Inistore rejoiced. The same of the oak arose; and the tales of heroes are told

But Frothal, Sora's battling king, fits in fadness beneath a tree. The hoft fpreads around Carric-thura. He looks towards the walls with rage. He longs for the blood of Cathulla, who, once, overcame the king in. war. When Annir reigned | in Sora, the father of carborne Frothal, a blaft role on the fea, and carried Frothal to Inistore. Three days he feasted in Sarno's halls, and faw the flow rolling eyes of Comala. He loved her, in the rage of youth, and rushed to seize the white-armed maid. Cathulla mer the chief. The gloomy battle rofe. Frothal is bound in the hall: three days he pined alone. On the fourth, Sarno fent him to his ship, and he returned to his land. But wrath darkened his foul against the noble Cathulla. When Annir's ftone + of fame arose, Frothal came in his ftrength. The battle burned round Carrie-thura, and Sarno's moffy walls.

Morning rofe on Iniflore. Frothal flruck his darkbrown fileld. His chiefs flarted at the found; they flood, but their eyes were turned to the iea. They law Vol. II.

blief words, to fay that the period was dead

Annir was also the father of Erragon, who was killed after the death of his brother I rothal. The death of Erragon is the subject of the backe of hore, a position this code show.

\* That so, after the death of Annir. To cred the hong of one's fame, was, 12

16 CARRIC-THURA: I ingal coming in his firength; and first the noble Thu-

bar tpoke.

"Who comes like the flag of the mountain, with all his herd behind him? Frothal, it is a foe; I fee his forward spear. Perhaps it is the king of Morven, Fingal, the first of men. His actions are well known on Gormal; the blood of his fees is in Sarno's halls. Shall I ask the peace t of kings? He is like the thunder of heaven."

"Son of the feeble hand," faid Frethal, " fhall my days begin in darknefs? Shall I yield before I have conquered in battle, chief of fireamy Tora? The prople would fay in Sora, Frothal flew forth like a meteor; but the dark cloud met it, and it is no more. No: Thubar, I will never yield; my fame fhall furround me like light. No: I will never yield, king of fireamy Tora."

He went forth with the ffream of his people, but they met a rock: Fingal flood unmoved, broken they rolled back from his tide. Nor did they roll in fafety; the fpear of the king purfued their flight. The field is covered with heroes A rifing hill preferved the fly-

ing heft.

Frothal faw their flight. The rage of his before rofe. He bent his eyes to the ground, and called the noble Thubar. "Thubar! my people fled. My fame has ceafed to rife. I will fight the king; I feel my burning foul. Send a hard to demand the combat. Speak not against Frothal's words. But, Thubar! I love a maid; flie dwells by 'I hano's fiream, the whitebeforned daughter of Herman, Utha with the foftlyrolling eyes. She feared the daughter f of Iniffore, and her foft fighs rofe, at my departure. Tell to U-

the that I am low; but that my fool delighted in her." Such were his words, refelved to fight. But the foft figh of Utha was near. She had followed her hero o-

h Honourable terms of peace.

H By the doughten of Indiace, Frationia cons County, of whose death Utha we shally had not be not confequently the reaced but the to mee salmen of king-Lagran Cornela tragas records.

ver the fea, in the armour of a man. She rolled here we on the youth, in fecret, from beneath a glittering helmet. But now fine faw the bard as he went, and the fpear fell thrice from her hand. Her loofe hair flew on the wind. Her white breaft rofe, with fights. She lifted up her eyes to the king; fine would fpeak, but thrice fine failed.

Fingal heard the words of the bard; he came in the ftrength of fteel. They mixed their deathful fpears, and raifed the gleam of their fwords. But the fteel of Fingal defeended and cut Frothal's fnield in twain. His fair fide is exposed; half-bent he forefees his death.

Darknels gathered on Utha's foul. The tear rolled down her check. She rufhed to cover the chief with her fixeld; but a fallen oak met her fleps. She fell on her arm of fnow; her fhield, her helmet flew wide. Her white-bofom heaved to the fight; her dark-brown

hair is ipread on earth.

Fingal pitied the white-armed maid: he flayed the uplifted fword. The trar was in the eye of the king, as, bending forward he fpoke. "King of ftreamy Sora! fear not the fword of Fingal. It was never flained with the blood of the vanquished; it never pierced a fallen foe. Let thy people rejoice along the blue waters of Tora: let the maids of thy love be glad. Why flouldeft thou fall in thy youth, king of streamy Sora?"

Frothal heard the words of Fingol, and faw the rifing maid: they † flood in filence, in their beauty: like two young trees of the plain, when the shower of spring is

on their leaves, and the loud winds are laid.

"Daughter of Herman," faid Frothal, "didft thoucome from Tora's ftreams, didft thou come, in thy beauty, to behold thy warrior low? But he was low before the mighty, maid of the flow-rolling eye! The feeble did not overcome the fon of car-borne Annir. Terrible art thou, O king of Morven! in battles of the spear. But, in peace, thou art like the fun, when he

f Prothal and Utha.

48

looks through a filent flower: the flowers lift their fair heads before him; and the gales shake their rustling wings. O that thou wert in Sora! that my feaft were fpread! The future kings of Sora would fee thy arms and rejoice. They would rejoice at the fame of their fathers, who beheld the mighty Fingal.

"Son of Annir," replied the king, "the fame of Sora's race fhall be heard. When chiefs are flrong in battle, then does the fong arife! But if their fwords are ftretched over the feeble: if the blood of the weak has stained their arms; the bard shall forget them in the fong, and their tombs shall not be known. The stranger shall come and build there, and remove the heapedup earth. An half-worn fword fhall rife before him; and bending above it he will fay, "Thefe are the arms of chiefs of old, but their names are not in fong. Come thou, O Frothal, to the feast of Inistore; let the maid of thy love be there: and our faces will brighten with jov."

Fingal took his fpear, moving in the fleps of his might. The gates of Carrie-thura are opened. The feast of shells is spread. The voice of music arose. Gladness brightened in the hall. The voice of Ullin was heard; the harp of Schoa was flrung. Utha rejoiced in his presence, and demanded the fong of grief; the big tear hung in her eye, when the foft Crimora + fpoke. Crimora the daughter of Rinval, who dwelt at Lotha's | mighty ftream. The tale was long, but love-

ly; and pleased the blushing maid of Tora.

Crimora . Who cometh from the hill, like a cloud tinged with the beam of the weft? Whose voice is that, loud as the wind, but pleafant as the harp of Carril ++?

7: Purhaps in Carril mentioned here is the fame with Carril the fon of Kinfena,

<sup>†</sup> There is a propriety in introducing this epifode, as the fituation of Crin.ora and Utha were fo limitar

and true were to mother. I Lotths was the ancient name of one of the great rivers in the north of Scot-land. The only one of them that full returns a name of a like found is Locky, in Invenentia river, but when not it is the river mentioned here, the translator will not pretend to fix. Cross view, a woman of a great foul.

It is my love in the light of fteel; but fad is his darkened brow. Live the mighty race of Fingal? or what difturbs my Connal #?

Connol. They live. I faw them return from the chase, like a itream of light. The fun was on their fhields. Like a ridge of fire they descended the hill. Loud is the voice of the youth; the war, my love, is near. To-morrow the terrible Dargo comes to try the force of our race. The race of Fingal he defies; the race of battle and wounds.

Crimora. Connal, I faw his fails like gray mist on the fable wave. They slowly came to land. Connal, many are the warriors of Dargo!

Connal. Bring me thy father's faield; the boffy, iron shield of Rinval; that shield like the full moon when it moves darkened through heaven.

Crimora That shield I bring, O Connal; but it did not defend my father. By the spear of Gormar he fell. Thou may'st fall, O Connal!

Connul. Fall indeed I may: But raise my tomb, Crimora. Gray flones, a mound of earth, shall keep my memory. Bend thy red eye over my tomb, and beat thy mournful heaving break. Though fair thou art, my love, as the light; more pleafant than the gale of the hill; yet I will not ftay. Raife my tomb, Crimora. Grimora. Then give me those arms of light; that fword, and that ipear of fieel. I shall meet Dargo with thee, and aid my lovely Connal. Farewel, ve rocks of Ardven! ye deer! and ye streams of the hill! We shall return no more. Our tombs are distant far.

" And did they return no more?" faid Utha's burfting figh. " Fell the mighty in battle, and did Crimora live? Her fleps were lonely, and her foul was fad for Connul. Was he not young and lovely; like the beam of the fetting fun?" Ullin faw the virgin's tear, and

Cuchullin's hard. The name itself is proper to any ha d, as it fignifies a sprightle and harmenious found We made the firm of Diaran, was one of the most famous heroes of Fingal ; was still in in a battle aga int Darriga Pricos; but whether by the hand of the facmy, or that of his interest, time ion does not detormine

took the foful" trembling harp: the fong was lovely, but fad, and filence was in Carrie-thura.

Autumn is dark on the mountains; gray mift refts

on the hills. The whirlwind is heard on the heath. Dark rolls the river through the narrow plain. A tree flands alone on the hill, and marks the flumbering Connal. The leaves whirl round with the wind, and frew the grave of the dead. At times, are feen here, the ghofts of the deceased, when the muting hunter alone ftalks flowly over the heath.

Who can reach the fource of thy race, O Connal? and who recount thy fathers? Thy family grew like an oak on the mountain, which meeteth the wind with its lefty head. But now it is torn from the earth. Who fhall fupply the place of Connal? Here was the din of arms? and here the greans of the dying. Bloody are the wars of Firgal! O Connal! it was here thou didft fall. Thine arm was like a ftorm; thy fword a beam of the flow; they height, a rock on the plain; thine eyes, a furnace of fire. Louder than a florre was thy voice, in the battles of thy fleel. Warriors fell by thy fword, as the thifile by the staff of a boy. Hargo the mighty came on, like a cloud of thunder. His brows were contracted and dark. His eyes like two caves in a rock. Bright rofe their fwords on each fide; dire was the clang of their fleel.

The daughter of Kinval was near; Crimora bright in the armour of man; her yellow hair is loofe behind, her bow is in her hand. She followed the worth to the war, Connal, her much-beloved. She drew the firing on Dargo; but erring pierced her Connal. He falls like an oak on the plain; like a rock from the flaggy hill. What finall fine do, haplefs maid! He bleeds; her Connal dies. All the night long she cries, and all the day, "O Cennal, my love, and my friend!" With grief the fed mourner dies. Earth here incloses the loveliest pair on the hill. The grafs grows between the stones of the tomb; I often fit in the mournful shade. The wind fight through the graft; their memory ruftses on my mind. Undifturbed you now fleep together:

in the tomb of the mountain you rest alone.

6 And fost be your rest," faid Utha, "children of fire my Lotha. I will remember you with tears, and my fecret fong shall rife; when the wind is in the groves of Tora, and the fiream is roaring near. Then fhall ve come on my foul, with all your lovely grief."

Three days feafted the kings: on the fourth their white fails arose. The winds of the north carry the ship of Fingal to Morven's woody land. But the spirit of Loda, fat, in his cloud, behind the fhips of Frothal. He hung forward with all his blafts, and foread the white befored fails. The wounds of his form were not forgot; he ftill feared the hand of the king.

i The flory of Fingel, and the frieit of Loda, fuppof d to be the famous Odin is the most extra again fi-tion in all Office to po, ms. It is not, however, without precedents in the best pacts; and it must be fard for Offian, that he fays nothing but w' it perfectly agreed with the notions of the times, cone raing ghoits. They thought the fouls of the dead were material, and confequently forceptible of pa n. Whether a moon could be drawn from this paffage, that Offian had no notion of a divinity. field leave to others to determine; it appears, however, that he was of opinion, that fuperior being, ought to take no notice of what pailed among Rich.



# SONGS OF SELMA.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

This peem fives the antiquity of a cuttom, which is well known to have prevailed accessorie, in the north of Sociation, and in Iricala. The think at a manual rest, provided by the king or clief, expand their power, and fact of the accession, and fact of the control of the con

The poem is entirely lyric, and has great variety of verification. The address to the evening flar, with which to opens, has, in the or push, all the harmony that numbers could given; lowing down with all that tran utility and

fortness, which the scene deteribed naturally inspires.

STAR of the defeending night! fair is thy light in the west! thou liftest thy unshown head from the cloud: thy steps are fixedly on thy hill. What dost thou behold in the plain? The stormy winds are laid. The murmur of the torrent comes from afar. Ecaring waves climb the distant rock. The slies of evening are on their feeble wings, and the hum of their course is enthe field. What dost thou behold, sir light? But thou dost sinile and depart. The waves come with joy around thee, and Lathe thy lovely hair. Farewel, thou silent beam! Let the light of Olian's foul arise.

And it does arise in its firength! I behold my departed friends. Their gathering is on Lora, as in the days that are past. Fingal comes like a watry column of mist: his heroes are around. And see the bards of mist: his heroes are around. And see the bards of the long, gray-baired Ullin; stately Ryno; Alpin; with the tuneful voice, and the seft complaint of Minona! How are ye changed, my friends, since the days of Selma's feast! whereave contended, like the gales of the spring, that, slying over the hill, by turns bend the feebly-whiftling grass.

A Alpin is from the fame root with Albin, or rather Albin, the ancient same of Britisher. Alpi, falso in hand, or centry. The prefect name of our rithout his Beorgian in the Cellet course; for this, he such derived it from any other, bestroyed the improvance of the ancient language of an extensible Dritian (course for my Steach in, variented disands) to ellid inventible there et the country, from the rather pointing themselves, or from the provision red clother.

Minona then came forth in her beauty; with downcaft look and tearful eye; her hair flew flowly on the blaft that rushed univequent from the hill. The fouls of the heroes were fad when the raifed the tuneful voice; for often had they feen the grave of Salgar #, and the dark dwelling of white bosomed Colma 1. Colma left alone on the hill, with all her voice of music! Salgar promifed to come; but the night defcended round. Hear the voice of Colma, when the fat alone on the hill!

Colma. It is night; I am alone, forlorn on the hill of florms. The wind is heard in the mountain. The torrent shricks down the rock. No hut receives me

from the rain; forlorn on the hill of winds.

Rife, moon! from behind thy clouds; ftars of the night appear! Lead me, fome light, to the place where my love refts from the toil of the chafe! his bow near him, unfirung; his dogs panting around him. But here I must sit alone, by the rock of the mostly stream. The stream and the wind roar, nor can I hear the voice of my love. Why delays my Salgar, why the fon of the hill, his promife? Here is the rock, and the tree; and here the roaring stream. Thou didst promise with night to be here. Ah! whither is my Salgar gone? With thee I would fly, my father; with thee, my brother of pride. Our race have long been foes; but we are not foes, O Salgar!

Ceafe a little while, O wind! fiream he thou filent a while! let my voice be heard over the heath; let my wanderer hear me. Salgar! it is I who call. Here is the tree, and the rock. Salgar, my love! I am here. Why delayeft thou thy coming? Lo! the moon appeareth. The flood is bright in the vale. The rocks are gray on the face of the hill. But I fee him not on the brow; his dogs before him tell not that he is com-

ing. Here I must fit alone.

But who are these that lie beyond me on the heath? Are they my love and my brother? Speak to me, Q

Sealg-'er, 'a hunter'
"-Cul-math, 'a woman with fine hair,"

THE SONGS OF SELMA. my friends! they answer not. My foul is tormented with fears. Ah! they are dead. Their fwords are

with tears. An : they are used. Their liveres are red from the fight. O my brother! my brother! why haft thou flain my Salçar? why, O Salgar! haft thou flain my brother? Dear were ye both to me i what shall I say in your praise? Thou wert fair in the hill among thousands; he was terrible in fight. Speak to me; hear my voice, sons of my love! But alss!

they are filent; filent for ever! Cold are their breafts of clay! Oh! from the rock of the hill: from the top of the windy mountain, freak ve ghofts of the dead! fpcak, I will not be be afraid. Whither are ye gone to roft? In what cave of the hill fhall I find you? No

feeble voice is on the wind: no aniwer half-drowned in the florms of the hill. I fit in my grief. I wait for morning in my tears. Rear the tomb, ye friends of the dead : but close it not till Colma come. My life flies away like a dream: why should I stay behind? Here shall I rest with my triends, by the fiream of the founding rock. When night comes on the hill; when the wind is on the heath; my ghoft fhall frand in the wind, and mourn the death of my friends. The hunter shall hear from his booth. He shall fear, but love my voice. For sweet shall my voice be for my friends; for pleafant were they both to

Such was thy fong, Minona, foftly-blufning maid of Torman. Our tears descended for Colma, and our fouls were fad. Ullin came with the harp, and gave the fong of Alpin. The voice of Alpin was pleafant; the foul of Ryno was a beam of fire. But they had refted in the narrow house: and their voice was not heard in Selma. Ullin had returned one day from the chafe, before the heroes fell. He heard their firife on the hill; their fong was foft, but fad. They mourned the fall of Morar, first of mortal men. His foul was like the foul of Fingal, his fword like the fword of Ofcar. But he fell, and his father mourned: his fifler's eyes were full of tears. Minona's eyes were full

of tears, the fifter of car-borne Morar. She retired from the forg of Ullin, like the moon in the weft, when the foreness the thower, and hides her fair head in a cicul. I touched the harp, with Ullin; the fong of mourning rofe.

Now. The wind and the rain are over: calmis the moon of day The clouds are divided in heaven. Over the green hills flies the inconflant fun. Red through the flony vale comes down the fiream of the hill. Sweet are thy murmurs, O fiream! but more freet is the voice I hear. It is the voice of Alpin, the fon of fong, mourning for the dead. Bent is his head of age, and red his tearful eve. Alpin, thou fon of fong, why done on the filent hill? why complained thou, as a blatt in the wood? as a wave on the lonely flore?

Alpin. My tears, O Ryno! are for the dead; my voice, for the inhabitants of the grave. Tall thou art on the hill; fair among the fens of the plain. But thou thall fall like Morar †; and the mourner shall fit on thy tenth. The hills shall know thee no more; thy

bow fall lie in the hall, unffrung,

Thou wert fwift, O Morar? as a ree on the hill; terrible as a meteor of fire. Thy wrath was as the form. Thy fword in hattle, as lightning in the field. Thy voice was like a firsam after rain; like flunder on diffant hills. Many fell by thy arm; they were confuned in the flances of thy wrath. But when thou didft return from war, how peaceful was thy brow! Thy face was like the fun after rain; like the moon in the filence of hight; calm as the breaft of the lake when the loud wind is laid.

Narrow is the dwelling now; dark the place of them abode. With three fieps I compais the grave, O thou who waft fo great before! Four itones, with their heads of mois, are the only memorial of thee. A tree with facroe a leaf, long grafs which whittles in the wind, mark to the hunter's eye the grave of the mighty Morar. Morar thou art low haked. Thou halt no

Dead is the that brought thee forth. Fallen is the daugh-

ter of Morglan.

Who on his flaff is this? who is this, whose head is white with age, whose eyes are red with tears, who quakes at every step? It is thy father ||, O Morar! the father of no fon but thee. He heard of thy fame in battle; he heard of foes difperfed. He heard of Morar's fame; why did he not hear of his wound? Weep, thou father of Morar; weep; but thy fon heareth thee not. Deep is the fleep of the dead; low their pillow of duft. No more shall he hear thy voice; no more fhall he awake at thy call. When shall it be morn in the grave, to bid the flumberer awake? Farewel, thou bravest of men! thou conqueror in the field! but the field fhall fee thee no more; nor the dark wood be lightened with the splendor of thy steel. Thou hast left no fon. But the fong shall preferve thy name. Future times shall hear of thee; they shall hear of the fallen Morar.

The grief of all arole, but most the burshing sigh of Armin+. He remembers the death of his ion, who fell in the days of his youth. Carmor I was near the hero, the chief of the echoing Galmal. Why burfls the figh of Armin, he faid? Is there a cause to mourn? The long comes, with its mufic, to melt and please the foul. It is like foft mist, that, rising from a lake, pours on the filent vale; the green flowers are filled with dew, but the fun returns in his flrength, and the mift is gone. Why art thou fad, O Armin, chief of the fea-furrounded Corma ?

Sad! I am indeed: nor finall my cause of woe! Carmor, thou haft loft no fon; thou haft loft no daughter of beauty. Colgar the valiant, lives; and Annira, faireft maid. The boughs of thy family flourish, O Carmor! Lut Armin is the last of his race. Dark is thy bed, O

<sup>[</sup> Torman, the fon of Carthul, lord of 'smora, one of the welternifles.

• A Assum, 'a herro.' He was third, or petty king of Gorma, i. c. the blue iffand a fitten of de one of the Hebrides.

[ Coartman 'a full dark-complex oned man.'

Daura! and deep thy fleep in the tomb. When finalt thou awake with thy fongs? with all thy voice of mufic?

Artie, winds of autumn, arife; blow upon the dark-heath! ffreams of the mountains, roar! howly, ye tempefts, in the top of the oak! walk through broken clouds, O moon! flow by intervals thy pale face! bring to my mind that fad hight, when all my children fell; when Arindal the mighty fell; when Daura the lovely failed. Daura, my daughter! thou wert fair; fair as the moon on the hills of Fura 4; white as the driven flow; fweet as the breezing gale. Arindal, thy bow was frong, thy fiper was fwind in the field; thy look was like milt on the wave; thy fhield a red cloud in a florm. Armar renowned in war, come, and fought Daura's love; he was not long dealed; fair was the hope of their friends.

nope of their frields

Erath, fon of Odgal, renined; for his brother was flain by Armar. The came diffusifed like a fan of the fea: fair was his kisif on the wave; white his locks of age; calm his krisus brow. Evicti of wom to be bid, levely daughter of Armin! a rock nor define in the fea, bears a tree on its fide; red fains the fruit afar. There Armar waits for Daura. I came to early his love along the rolling fea. She went; and fine called on Armar. Mought answered, but the fon! of the rock. Armar, my love! my love! why to menueff the time with fear! is say, for of Ardnart, hear: it is Daura who called the! Erath the traitor field againgt to the lant. She lifted up her voice, and cried for her brother and her father. Armidal! Armin! none to reslieve your Daura!

Her voice came over the fea. Arindal my fea gettended from the full; rough in the fpoils of the chafe. His errows rattled by his fide; his how was Y Vol. II.

<sup>+</sup> Funcial Foldinged \*

Earths a stage of the northerns the entire back of the leman core from and the leman core and the second of the leman core by the reservoir to the second of the second of

in his hand: five dark-gray degs attended his fleps. He faw fierce Erath on the flore: he feized and bound him to an oak. Thick-bend the thongs || of the hide around his limbs; he loads the wind with his greans. Avindal aftends the wave in his boat; to bring Paara to land. Armar came in his wrath, and let fly the gray feathered flait. It fung: it funk in thy heart. O Aritedal my fon! for Erath the traitor then died?. The car is flouped at once: he panted on the rock and expired. What is thy grief, O Daura, when round thy feet is poured thy brother's blood? The boat is broken in twain by the waves. Armar plunges into the fea, to refeue his Daura, er die. Sudden a blaft from the hill comes over the waves. He funk, and he rofe no more.

role in more.

Alone, on the fea-beat rock, my daughter was heard to complain. Frequent and loud were her cries; nor could her father relieve her. All night I flood on the floore. I flaw her by the faint beam of the moon. All night I heard her cries. Loud was the wind; and the rain beat hard on the fide of the mountain. Before morning appeared, her voice was weak. It died away, like the evening breeze among the grafs of the rocks. Spent with grief fine expired. And left thee Armin alone. Cone is my frength in the war, and fallen my pride among women. When the forms of the mountain come; when the north lifts the waves on high: I fit by the founding flore, and look on the fatal rock. Often by the fetting moon I fee the ghoftsof my children. Utalf-viewlefs, they walk in mournful conference together. Will none of you freak in pity? They do not regard their futher. I am iad, O Carmer, nor small is my cause of well.

Such were the words of the bards in the days of fong; when the king heard the mufic of barps, and the tales of other times. The chiefs gathered from all their hills, and heard the lovely found. They praifed the voice?

is Pag part here only means that Erath was bound with leavarn though, † Omones to indictures portically salied the voice of Cona.

### THE SONGS OF SELMA.

of Con.1 the first among a thousand bards. But age is now on my tongue; and my foul has failed. I hear fometimes, the ghotts of bards, and learn their pleasant fong. But memory fails in my mind: I hear the call of years. They say, as they pass along, why does Offian fing? Soon shall he lie in the narrow house, and no bard shall raise his fame. Roll on, ye dark-brown years for ye bring no joy on your course. Let the tomb open to Offian, for his strength has failed. The son of song are gone to rest: my voice remains, like a blass, that rears, lonely, on a sca furrounded rock, after the winds are laid. The dark moss whitses there, and the distant mariner fees the waving trees.

2



# CALTHON AND COLMAL;

# A POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

This piece, as many more of Offinish competitions, in adderfied to one of the first Christian midinaries. The forcy of tere points is haded down, by the different chars; in the country of the finiters between the walls, two direct sixes in the days of Finical, Durchshamb, here of Touchs, forgooded to be the Touchs, shopped finical Durchshamb, here of Touchs, forgooded to be the Touchs, and an advantage of the second to the second to

Calthon married Culmal, his deliverer; and Cultur returned to Mornen.

PLEASANT is the voice of thy fong, thou lonely dweller of the rock. It comes on the found of the fiream. along the narrow vale. My foul awakes, O flranger! in the midft of my hall. I firetch my hand to the spear, as in the days of other years. I firetch my hand, but it is feeble; and the figh of my botom grows. Will then not liften, for of the rock, to the fong of Offian? My foul is full of other times; the joy of my youth returns. Thus the fun appears in the west, after the fiers of his brightness have n eved belind a florm; the green hills lift their dewy heads: the line fireams rejoice in the vale. The aged hero corres forth on his flaff, and his grav hair glitters in the beam. Dell thou not beheld, ion of the rock, a shield in Offian's hall? It is marked with the flickes of battle; and the brightness of its boffes has failed. That shield the great Dunchalmo bore, the chief of firearry Teutha. Dunthalmo bore it in battle, before he fell by Offian's spear. Listen, ion of the rock, to the tale of other years.

A POUM.

Rathmor was a chief of Clutha. The feeble dwelt in his hall. The gates of Rathmor were never closed: his feast was always spread. The sons of the stranger came, and bleffed the generous chief of Clutha. Burds raifed the fong, and touched the harp: and joy brightened on the face of the mournful. Dunthalmo came. in his pride, and rushed into the combat of Rathmor. The chief of Clutha overcame; the rage of Dunthalmo role. He came, by night, with his warriors; and the mighty Rathmor fell. He fell in his halls, where his feaft was often spread for strangers.

Colmar and Calthon were young, the fons of carborne Rathmor. They came, in the joy of youth, into their father's hall. They behold him in his blood, and their burfting tears descend. The foul of Danthalmo melted when he faw the children of youth; he brought them to Alteutha's + walls; they grew in the house of the foe. They bent the bow in his presence; and came forth to his battles. They f.w the fallen walls of their fathers; they faw if e green thorn in the hall. Their tears descended in fecret; and, at times, their faces were mournful. Linthal no beheld their grief: his darkening foul defigned their death. He closed them in two caves, on the echoing banks of Tentha. The fun did not come there with his beams; nor the moon of heaven by night. The fons of Rathmor remained in darkness, and forefaw their death.

The daughter of Danthalmo wept in filence, the fair haired, blue-eved Colmal #. Her eve had rolled in feeret on Calthon; his loveliness swelled in her soul. She trembled for her warrior: but what could Colmal do? Fier arm could not lift the fpear; nor was the fword formed for her fide. Her white breast never role beneath a mail. Neither was her eye the terror

fire a material as her poems.

Al-teutha, or rather P Steutha, 'the town of Tweed,' the name of Dunthalrun' toat. It would be a call the name on this poets, the formed from the mode tell. It would not be a like that and the manner on the piece, the derived from the Cold is beginned to which the solid is beginned to which the solid is beginned from the Cold is beginned to the solid in the cold is the solid in the Cold in

of heroes. What canst thou do, O Colmal! for the failing chief? Her fleps are unequal: her hair is loofe: her eye looks wildly through her tears. She came, by night, to the hall t; and armed her lovely form in fleel; the freel of a young warrior, who fell in the first of his Lattles. She came to the cave of Calthon, and looked

the theng from his hands.

" Arife, fon of Rathmor," fhe faid, " arife, the night is dark. Let us fly to the king of Selma |, chief of fallen Cletha! I am the fon of Lamgal, who dwelt in thy father's hall. I heard of thy dark dwelling in the cave, and my foul arofe. Arife, fon of Rathmor, for the night is dark." "Bleft voice!" replied the chief, "comest thou from the darkly rolling clouds? for often the ghofts of his fathers descended to Calthon's dreams. fince the fun has retired from his eyes, and darkness has dwelt around him. Or art thou the fon of Lamgal, the chief I often faw in Clutha? But fhall I fly to I ingal, and Colmar my brother low? shall I fly to Morven, and the hero closed in night? No: give me that fpear, fon of Lamgal, Calthon will defend his brother.

"A thousand warriors," replied the maid, "firetch their spears round car-borne Colmar. What can Calthon do against a host so great? Let us fly to the king of Morven, he will come with battle. His arm is firetched forth to the unhappy; the lightning of his fword is sound the weak. Arie, thou on of Radmor; the findes of night will fly away. Dunthalmo will behold thy fleps on the field, and thou must fall in thy

The fighing hero rofe; his tears debend for car-Lorne Colmar. He came with the maid to Selma's tall; but he knew not that it was Colmal. The hel-

<sup>.</sup> That is, the half where the arms taken from energies were hime up as troto a way the mail where the arms taken from energies were bring up as trong in the discount of a country to the discount of a country that is a country to the discountry that is a country that a country the armount of a point killed in the half batter, as more properties a young on, who cannot be furgiced through enough to carry the armount of a kill of a country that are a country that are a country to the armount of a kill of a country that are a country to the armount of a country that are a country to the armou

A POEM. 63

met covered her lovely face; and her breaft rose beneath the steel. Fingal returned from the chase, and found the lovely strengers. They were like two beams of light, in the midst of the hall. The king heard the tale of grief; and turned his eyes around. A thousland heroes half-refe before him; claiming the war of Teutha. I came with my spear from the hill, and the joy of battle ref. in my breast; for the king spoke to Oslian

in the midit of the people,

"Son of my firength," he faid, " take the spear of
Fingal; go to Teutha's mighty fiream, and lave the
ear-borne Colmar. Let thy same return before the
like a pleasant gale; that my foul may rejeice over my
son, who renews the renown of our fathers. Offian!
be thou a storm in battle; but mild whon the foes are
low: It was thus my fame arose, O my son; and be
thou like Selma's chief. When the haughty come to
my hails, my eyes behold them not. But my arm is
fretched forth to the unharpy. My fword defends the

weak."

weak."

I rejoiced in the words of the king: and took my rattling arms. Diaran † role at my fide, and Dargo | king

† Diaran, father of that Connal who was unfortunately killed by Crimora, his

militefs.

<sup>[</sup>Diago, the ion of Coll their effected in other poems by Offan. He is fall to not be in shire, by a locar at himsing pears, the laboration of the rich falls, or wire, Mingdia, over his body, is exturned by the wheller it is of official somption, terminal it is a good wire priced at hims and his much of the namers but now terminal it is a good wire priced at hims and his much of the namers but now tending the collision of the namers but now tending the manager but now tending the manager but now tending the some populations.

This is a feet of Dargo came in tears: for Dargo was no more! The heroes fight of the last love their and what final fad Mang halp? The first last van med Feet moralization will, before the king or spears. But the generous glowed in his prefered last the normalization.

feace late the morning tar.
Who was the faited and most lovely? who but Collash's stately fon? Who fat
in the profit of the wife, but Dargo of the moshly deeds?

The fact from both the translation marge. The force was fort as faminer which Alinnel. We at find the herics may be for Dango fill network box. Pulle is the love-like he had with the maker man, the shad not the find.

The destroy Adomnow was fixed in the eyes of the valuant; the was lovely and the first of Adomnow was fixed in the eyes of the valuant; the was lovely

in their was, but the early to be the fronte or Dargo.

Lut the containing, Weight! the night is contain with its clouds; where is the

bed of the resole? Where let in the tomb of Darger.
While the from , whard? why dell they flut the narrow house?.

Min with a sure Beave, b. al she mult frequenth Large.
Lan artist a cord the tangen boy in Lardhots letty Lill. But filence now dwells around any 20th Minglate tells was burger.

CALTHON AND COLMAL:

of fpears. Three hundred youths followed our fleps: the lovely firangers were at my fide. Dunthalmo heard the found of our approach; he gathered the strength of Teutha. He stood on a hill with his host; they were like rocks broken with thunder, when their bent trees are finged and bare, and the ftreams of their chinks have failed.

The fiream of Teutha rolled, in its pride, before the gloomy foe. I fent a bard to Dunthalmo, to offer the combat on the plain; but he finited in the darkness of his pride. His unfettled hoft moved on the hill; like the mountain-cloud, when the blaft has entered its

womb, and featters the curling gloom on every fide. They brought Colmar to Tentha's bank, bound with a thousand thongs. The chief is fad, but lovely, and his eye is on his friends, for we flood, in our arms, on the opposite bank of Teutha. Dunthalmo came with his fpear, and pierced the hero's side: he rolled on the bank in his blood, and we heard his broken fighs.

Calthon rufned into the fiream: I bounded forward on my spear. Teutha's race fell before us. Night came rolling down. Dunthalmo rested on a rock, amidst an aged wood. The rage of his bofom burned against the car-borne Calthon. But Calthon flood in his grief; he mourned the fallen Colmar; Colmar flain in youth, before his fame arofe.

I lade the fong of woe to rife, to footh the mournful chief: but he flood beneath a tree, and often threw his fpear on earth. The humid eye of Colmal rolled near in a fecret tear: the forefaw the fall of Dunthahno, or

of Clutha's battling chief.

Now half the night had paffed away. Silence and darknefs were on the field: fleep refied on the eyes of the herces: Calthon's fettling foul was fliil. His eyes were half-closed; but the murmur of Toutha had not vet failed in his ear. Pale, and thewing his wounds, the ghost of Colman came: he bended his head over the hero, and raised his feelile voice. A POEM.

" Sleeps the fon of Rathmor in his might, and his brother low? Did we not rife to the chafe together, and puritie the dark-brown hinds? Colmar was not forgot till he fell; till death had blafted his youth. I lie pale beneath the rock of Lona. O let Calthon rife! the morning comes with its beams, and Dunthalmo will diffeenour the fallen." He paffed away in his blaft. The rifing Calthon faw the fleps of his departure. He rushed in the found of his steel, and unhappy Colmal rose. She followed her hero through night, and drag-ged her spear belind. But when Calihon came to Lona's rock, he found his fallen brother. The rage of his bofom rofe, and he rushed among the foe. The groans of death afcend. They close around the chief. He is bound in the midft, and brought to gloomy Dunthalme. The shout of joy arose; and the hills of night replied.

plied.

I flarted at the found: and took my father's fpear.
Diartan role at my fide; and the youthful firength of
Dargo. We miffed the chief of Clutha, and our fouls
were fad. I dreaded the departure of my fame; the
prike of my valour refe. "Sons of Morven," I faid, "it
is not thus our fathers fought. They refted not on
the field of frangers, when the foe did not fail before
them. Their firength was like the cagles of heaven;
their renown is in the fong. But our people fall by degrees, and our fame begins to depart. What fault the
king of Morven fay, if officen conquers not at Teutha?
Rife in your fieel, ye warriors, and follow the found of
Officen's course. He will not return, but renowned, to
the echo ing walls of Schma?"

Morning refe on the blue waters of Teutha; Colmal fleed before me in tears. She toid of the chief of Cluta: and thrice the ipear fell from her hand. My wrath turned against the stranger; for my foul trembled for Calthon. "Son of the feeble hand," I faid, "do Teucha's warriors fight with tears? The battle is not won with grief; nor dwells the figh in the foul of war. Go to the deer of Carmun, or the lowing herds

66 CALTHON AND COLMAL: A POEM.

of Teutha. But leave these arms, thou son of fear: a warrior may lift them in battle."

I tore the mail from her shoulders. Her snowy breast appeared. She bent her red face to the ground. I looked in silence to the chiefs. The spear fell from my hand; and the sigh of my boson role. But when I heard the name of the maid, my crowding tears defeended. I blessed the lovely beam of youth, and bade the hattle move.

the battle move.
Why, fon of the rock, should Offian tell how Teutha's warriors died? They are now forgot in their land; and their tombs are not found on the heath. Years came on with their tempesse: and the green mounds mouldered away. Scarce is the grave of Dunthalmo seen, or the place where he fell by the spear of Offian. Some gray warrior, half blind with age, sitting by night at the staming oak of the hall, tells now my actions to his sons, and the fall of the dark Dunthalmo. The faces of youth bend fidelong towards his voice; surprise and joy hurn in their eyes.

I found the fon + of Rathmor bound to an oak; my fword cut the thongs from his hands. And I gave him the white-bosomed Colmal. They dwelt in the halls of

Teutha; and Offian returned to Selma.





# LATHMON:

## A POEM.

### THE ARGUMENT.

Lathmon, a British prince, taking advantage of Fingal's scheece in Ireland, made does act on Mon. or aparlad. Incombining the colorable reveal palate. Fin-fall greed in the colorable reveal action on retreated on a hill, where his time you from the deparlad. The colorable reveal to the sound to the colorable reveal to the North. They export on Goal and to Grap hears a meter refermblance to the North title college or Monaria. The colorable reveal to the color

SELMA, thy halls are filent. There is no found in the woods of Morven. The wave tumbles alone on the coaft. The filent beam of the fin is on the field. The daughters of Morven come forth, like the bow of the shower; they look towards green Clim for the white fails of the king. He had promifed to return, but the winds of the north arofe.

Who pours from the eaftern hill, like a fiream of darknets? It is the hoft of Lathmon. He has heard of the abfence of Fingal. He truffs in the wind of the north. His foul brightens with joy. Why doft thou come, Lathmon? The mighty are not in Schna. Why comeft thou with thy forward fpear? Will the daughters of Morven fight? But flop, O mighty fiream, in thy courfe! Does not Latimon beheld the's fails? Why doft thou vanish, Lathmon, like the mift of the lake? But the fqually florm is behind thee; Fingal purfaces thy fleps!

The king of Morven flarted from fleep, as we rolled on the dark-blue wave. He firetched his hand to his fpear, and his herces role around. We knew that he had feen his fathers, for they often defeended to his dreams, when the fiverd of the foe role over the land; and the battle darkened before us. "Whither haft thou fled, O wind?" Eid the king of Morven. "Doft thou rufile in the chambers of the fouth, and purfue the shower in other lands? Why dost thou not come to my fails? to the blue face of my feas? The foe is in the land of Morven, and the king is abient. But let each bind on his mail, and each affume his fhield. Stretch every fpear over the wave: let every fword be unsheathed. Lathmon + is before us with his host: he that fled | from Fingal on the plains of Long. But he returns, like a collected stream, and his roar is between our hills "

Such were the words of Fingal. We rushed into Carmona's bay. Offian afcended the hill; and thrice ftruck his boffy fhield. The rock of Morven replied; and the bounding roes came forth. The fees were troubled in my presence; and collected their darkened hoft; for I flood, like a cloud on the hill, rejoicing in

the arms of my youth. Morni f fat beneath a tree, at the roaring waters of Strumon ++: his locks of age are gray: he leans forward on his flaff; young Gaul is near the hero, hearing the battles of his youth. Often did he rife, in the fire of his foul, at the mighty deeds of Morni. The aged heard the found of Oilian's shield; he knew the fign of battle. He flarted at once from his place. His gray hair parted on his back. He remembers the actions of other years."

" My fon," he faid to fair-haired Gaul, " I hear the found of Lattle. The king of Morven is returned, the fign of war is heard. Go to the halls of Strumon, and bring his arms to Morni. Bring the arms which my father wore in his age, for my arm begins to fail. Take

The strategies one, the and a strategies of the proper mone of a vivilet in the R Thints I tom to seein

the is field, by tradition, that it was the intelligence of Lathmon's invalion, that occasioned Fin su's return from Ireland; this gh Office more positively, ascribes the cause of Pingal's knowledge to his dresp . a Realbide to a battle wherein hingal had defeated Lathmon. The occation of this first wer, be ween those heroes, is told by Outon in mother poem, which the translator has teen.

The community of the numerous tribe, in the days of finest and his father Cannol. The till mention dulero we killed in lattle epint Monabatoles, but the whom and come of in fine duction request them. Budthe two here part only to medical in this pount.

A POEM.

thou thy armour, O Gaul: and rush to the first of thy battles. Let thine arm reach to the renown of thy fa-thers. Be thy course in the field, like the eagle's wing. Why fhouldst thou fear death, my fon? the valiant fall with fame; their shields turn the dark stream of danger away, and renown dwells on their gray hairs. Doft thou not fee, O Gaul, how the fteps of my age are honoured? Morni moves forth, and the young meet him, with reverence, and turn their eyes, with filent joy, on his course. But I never fled from danger, my fon! my fword lightened through the darkness of battle. The ftranger melted before me; the mighty were blafted in my prefence."

Gaul brought the arms to Morni: the aged warrior covered himself with Reel. He took the spear in his hand, which was often flained with the blood of the valiant. He came towards Fingal, his fon attended his fleps. The fon of Comhal rejoiced over the warrior,

when he came in the locks of his age.

"King of the rearing Strumon!" faid the rifing joy of Fingal; "do I behold thee in arms, after thy firength has failed? Often has Morni shone in battles, like the beam of the rifing fun; when he disperses the floring of the hill, and brings peace to the glittering fields. But why didft thou not rest in thine age? Thy renown is in the fong. The people behold thee, and blefs the departure of mighty Morni. Why didst thou not rest in thine age? For the foe will vanish before Fingal."

"Son of Comhal," replied the clief, "the firength of Morni's arm has failed. I attempt to draw the fword of my youth, but it remains in its place. I throw the spear, but it falls short of the mark; and I feel the weight of my shield. We decay like the grass of the mountain, and our ftrength returns no more. I have a fon, O Fingal, his foul has delighted in the actions of Morni's youth; but his fword has not been lifted against the foe, neither has his fame begun. I come with him to battle; to direct his onn. His renown

Vol. II.

70 LATHMOS: will be a fun to my foul, in the dark hour of my departure. O that the name of Morni were forgot among the people! that the heroes would only fay, Bebut the fuller of Gant.?

"King of Strumon," Fingal replied, "Gaul shall lift the sword in lattle. But he shall lit it before Fingal; my arm shall defent his youth. But rest thou in the halls of Selma; and hear of our renown. Bid the harp be strung; and the voice of the hard arise, that those who fall may rejoice in their same; and the foul of Morni brighten with gladness. Gfilan! thou hast fought in hattles: the blood of strangers is on thy spear: let thy course be with Gaul in the first; but depart not from the side of l'ingal; lest the foe find you alone; and your same fail at once."

I faw † Gaul in his arms, and my foul was mixed with his: for the fire of the battle was in his eyes! he looked to the foe withjoy. We flook the words of friendfhip in fecret; and the lightning of our fwords poured together; for we drew them behind the wood, and tried the flrength of our arms on the empty air.

And the distribution on Morven. Fingal fat at the beam of the oak. Moini fat by his fide with all his gray waving locks. Their diffcourfe is of other times, and the actions of their fathers. Three bards, at times, toucked the harp; and Ullin was near with his fong. He fung of the mighty Combal; but darkness gathered || en Morni s brow. He relled his red eye on Ullin; and the fong of the bard ceated. Fingal observed the aged tero, and he mildly froke.

"Chief of Strumon, why that darkness? Let the days of either years be forgot. Our father's contended in battle; but we meet together, at the feaft. Our fronds are turned on the foes, and they melt before us

I of Sin. T. eds. The contral between the old and young hernes is framely marked. The irremediation for better bornesing their feet sites well imagined, and ances with the model time of a sound foliates, just active of more decimal and access with the model time of a sound foliates, just cattered more decimal and the contract time of the contr

on the field. Let the days of our fathers be forgot, king of moffy Strumon."

"King of Morven," replied the chief, "I remember thy father with joy. He was terrible in battle; the rage of the chief was deadly. My eyes were full of tears, when the king of heroes fell. The valiant fall, O Fingal, and the helber remain on the hills. How many heroes? Lee readd a way, in the days of Morni! And I did to a thin the battle; neither did I fly from the reflection of the help for the might is around; that they may rife, with ftrength, to battle againft car-borne Lathmon. I hear the found of his heff, like thunder heard on a diffant heath. Offinial! and fair-baired Gaul! ye are fwift in the race. Observe the foes of fingal from that woody hill. But approach them not, your fathers are not near to fhield

youth may fail."

We heard the words of the chief with joy, and moved in the clang of our arms. Our steps are on the woody hill. Heaven burns with all its stars. The meteors of death sty over the field. The distant noise of the foe reached our ears. It was then Gaul spoke, in

you. Let not your fame fall at once. The valour of

his valour; his hand half-unsheathed the fword.

"Son of Fingal," he faid, "why burns the foul of Gaul? my heart beats high. My fleps are difordered; and my hand trembles on my fourd. When I look towards the fee, my foul lightens before me, and I fee their fleeping hoft. Tremble thus the fouls of the valiant in battles of the flear? How would the foul of Morni rile if we should ruth on the foe? Our renowa would grow in the fong; and our steps be stately in the eyes of the brave."

"Son of Morni," I replied, "my foul delights in

eyes of the brave.

"Son of Morni," I replied, "my foul delights in battle. I delight to finite in battle alone, and to give my name to the bards. But what if the foe fhould prevail; shall I behold the eyes of the king? They are terrible in his diipleafure, and like the flames of death. But f will not behold them in his warth. Offian fiall

LATHMON. prevail or fall. But shall the fame of the vanquished

rife? They pais away like a shadow. But the same of Offian feall rife. His deeds feall be like his fathers. Let us rush in our arms; son of Morni, let us rush to battle. Gaul! if thou shalt return, go to Selma's lofty wall. Tell to Everallin that I fell with fame; carry this fword to Branno's daughter. Let her give it to Of-

car, when the years of his youth shall arise."
"Son of Fingal," Gaul replied with a sigh; "shall I return after Offian is low! What would my father fay, and Fingal, king of men? The feeble would turn their eyes and fay, \*\*Bebold the mighty Gaul\*\* webs left his friend in his blood!" Ye fhall not behold me, ye feeble, but in the midft of my renown. Offian! I have heard from my father the mighty deeds of heroes; their mighty deeds when alone; for the foul increases in danger."

"Son of Morni," I replied, and strode before him on the heath, "our fathers shall praise our valour, when they mourn our fall. A beam of gladness shall rise on their fouls, when their eyes are full of tears. They will fay, Our fons have not failen like the grafs of the field, for they fpread death around them. But why should we think of the narrow house? The fword defends the valiant. But death purfues the flight of the feeble; and their renown is not heard." We rushed forward through night; and came to the

roar of a stream which bent its blue course round the foe, through trees that echoed to its noise; we came to the bank of the fiream, and faw the fleeping hoft. Their fires were decayed on the plain: and the lonely steps of their feouts were distant far. I stretched my spear before me to support my steps over the stream. But Gaultook iny hand, and fpoke the words of the valiant. "Shall the fon of Fingal rush on a sleeping foe?

Shall he come like a blaft by night, when it overturns the young trees in fecret? Fingal did not thus receive his fame, nor dwells renown on the gray hairs of Morni, for actions like thefe. Strike, Offian, firike the fhield of battle, and let their thousands rise. Let them meet Gaul in his first battle, that he may try the strength of his arm."

My foul rejoiced over the warrior, and my burfting tears defeended. "And the foe shall meet Gaul," I faid: "the fame of Morni's son shall artie. But ruth not too far, my hero: let the gleam of thy seel be near to Offian. Let our hands join in slaughter. Gaul! dost thou not behold that rock? Its gray side dimly gleams to the stars. If the soe shall prevail, let our back be towards the rock. Then shall they fear to approach our spears; for death is in our hands."

I firuck thrice my echoing field. The flarting foe arole. We ruthed on in the found of our arms. Their crowded fleps fly over the heath; for they thought that the mighty Fingal came; and the ftrength of their arms withered away. The found of their flight was like that of flame, when it rufhes through the blafted groves. It was then the fpear of Gaal flew in its ftrength: it was then his fword arofe. Cremer fell, and nighty Leth. Dunthormo flyuggled in his blood. The ficel rufhed through Crotha's fide, as bent, he rofe on his fpear; the black fiream poured from the wound, and hiffed on the half-extinguished oak. Cathmin faw the steps of the hero behind him, and afcended a blafted tree; but the spear pierced him from behind. Shricking, panting, he fell; most and withered branches pursue his fall, and strew the blue arms

Such were thy deeds, fon of Morni, in the first of thy battles. Nor slept the favord by thy side, thou last of Fingal's race! Offian rushed forward in his strength, and the people fell before him; as the grais by the staff of the boy, when he whistles along the field, and the gray heard of the thesself alls. But carelets the youth moves on; his steps are towards the defert.

of Gaul.

Gray morning role around us; the winding streams are bright along the heath. The soe gathered on a hill; and the rage of Lathmon role. He bent the red eye

of his wrath: he is filent in his rifing grief. He often ftruck his boffy fhield; and his fteps are unequal on the heath. I faw the diffant darkness of the hero, and I fpoke to Morni's fon.

"Car-borne+ chief of Strumon, doft thou behold the foe? They gather on the hill in their wrath. Let our fleps be towards the king |. He shall arise in his ftrength, and the hoft of Lathmon vanish. Our fame is around us, warrior, the eyes of the aged I will rejoice. But let us fly, fon of Morni, Lathmon descends the hill." "Then let our fteps be flow," replied the fair-haired Gaul; "left the foe fay, with a fmile, Bebold the warriors of night, they are like ghofts, terrible in darknels, but they melt array before the beam of the east. Offian, take the shield of Gormar who fell beneath thy spear, that the aged heroes may rejoice, when they shall behold the actions of their fons."

Such were our words on the plain, when Sulmath ++ came to car-borne Lathmon: Sulmath, chief of Dutha, at the dark-rolling fiream of Duvranna III. "Why doft theu not rush, fon of Nuath, with a thousand of thy heroes? Why doft thou not defeend with thy hoft, before the warriors fly? their blue arms are beaming to the rifing light, and their fleps are before us on the heath."

" Son of the feeble hand," faid Lathmon, "fhall my hoft defeend? They are but two, fon of Dutha, and flall a thousand lift their fleel? Nuath would mourn, in his hall, for the departure of his fame. His eves would turn from Lathmon, when the tread of his feet approached. Go thou to the heroes, chief of Dutha, for I behold the flately fleps of Offian. His fame is worthy of my fieel; let him fight with Lathmon."

<sup>†</sup> Car-borne is a title of his or bellowed, by Offian, indifcriminately on every hero: as ever clear, in his and, kept a charlot or litterby way of flate.

<sup>[</sup> Fingal.
5 E. | d and Marks.
4 \* Sui'-midel., in monor enoderce-ficht.

<sup>3.</sup> Saladiantes, comment of condenges (1985).
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The noble Sulmath came. I rejoiced in the words of the king. I raifed the shield on my arm; and Gaul placed in my hand the fword of Morni. We returned to the nurmuring fiream; Lathmon came in his ftrength. His dark hoft rolled, like the clouds, behind

him: but the fon of Nuath was bright in his fteel.

"Son of Fingal," faid the here, "thy fame has grown on our fall. How many lie there of my people by thy hand, thou king of men! Lift now thy fpear against Lathmon; and lay the son of Nuath low. Lay him low among his people, or thou thyfelf must fall. It fhall never be told in inv halls that my warriors fell in my prefence; that they fell in the prefence of Lathmon when his fword refled by his fide: the blue eyes of Cutha + would roll in tears, and her fteps be lonely in the vales of Dunlathmon."

"Neither shall it be told," I replied, "that the son of Fingal fled. Were his fleps covered with darknefs, yet would not Offian fly; his foul would meet him and fay, Does the bard of Selma fear the foe? No: he does not

fear the foe. His joy is in the midft of battle."

Lathmon came on with his fpear and pierced the , fhield of Offian. I felt the cold fteel at my fide; and drew the fword of Morni: I cut the fpear in twam; the bright point fell glittering on the ground. The fon of Nuath burnt in his wrath, and lifted high his founding shield. His dark eyes rolled above it, as bending forward, it shone like a gate of brass. But Ofman's spear pierced the brightness of its bosses, and tunk in a tree that role behind. The fhield hung on the quivering lance! but Lathmon fill advanced. Gaul forefaw the fall of the chief, and firetched his buckler before my fword; when it defeended, in a ftream of light. over the king of Dunlathmon.

Lathmon beheld the fon of Morni, and the tear flarted from his eye. He threw the fword of his fathers on the ground, and spoke the words of the valiant. " Why fliould Lathmon fight against the first of mortal men? Your fouls are beams from heaven; your fwords the

<sup>.</sup> Cutha appears to have been Lathmon's wife or militrefs.

fames of death. Who can equal the renown of the herous, whose actions are so great in youth? O that ye were in the halls of Nuath, in the green dwelling of Lathmon! then would my father fay, that his fon did not yield to the feeble. But who comes, a mighty fiream, along the echoing heath? the little hills are troubled before him, and a thousand spirits are on the beams of his feed; the ipirits + of thefe who are to fall by the arm of the king of refounding Morven. Happy art theu, O Fingal, thy fons shall fight thy battles; they go forth before thee: and they return with the fteps of renown."

Fingal came, in his mildness, rejoicing in secret over the actions of his fon. Morni's face brightened with gladness, and his aged eyes looked faintly through the tears of joy. We came to the halls of Selma, and fat round the feaft of shells. The maids of the fong came into our presence, and the mildly blushing Everallin. Her dark hair spread on her neck of snow, her eyes rolled in fecret on Offian; the touched the harp of mu-

fic, and we bleffed the daughter of Branno. Tingal rofe in his place, and fpoke to Dunlathmon's battling king. The fword of Trenmor trembled by his fide, as he lifted up his mighty arm. " Son of Nuath," he faid, " why doft thou fearch for fame in Morven? We are not of the race of the feeble; nor do our fwords gleam over the weak. When did we come to Dunlathmen, with the found of war? Fingal does not delight in battle, though his arm is firong. My renown grows on the fall of the haughty. The lightning of my ficel pours on the proud in arms. The battle comes: and the tombs of the valiant rife; the tombs of my people rife, O my fathers! and I at last must remain alone. But I will remain renowned, and the departure of my foul shall be one fircam of light. Lathmen! retire to thy place. Turn thy battles to other lands. The race of Morven are renowned, and their focs are the fons of the unhappy."

if two thought, in Office's time, that each perfor had his attending fairlt. The tragitious concerning this opinion are using a unfatisfactory.

# OITHONA:

## A POEM.

## THE ARGUMENT.

Guil. the fon of Morni, attended Lathmon into his own country, after his being defeated in Morrer, a related in the preceding pore. He was kindly electrismed by Nutrit has the her of Lathmon, and fell in love with his duranter Othman. The lady was not be enough the found, and a day was bredfor the marriage. Britisms, feat for Guil. He obeyed, and wort; but not without promaing to Ohman to return, in the furview of the way, by a creating day. Lathmon to was obliged to attend his father Nutrit in his wars, and Othman was lett alone at Denni Attmon, the first of the family. Durnormant, but of Ultait, inpushed to be Attmon, the first of the family. Durnormant, but of Ultait, inpushed to be fathmon, the first fath family market to conceal the in a former of the family. In the former of the family the former of the family the fact of the family of the family market to conceal the in a former of the family where the concealed her in a former of the family where he concealed her in a former of the family where

Guil returned on the day appointed; heard of the rage, and failed to Tremathon, or receipt himself on Dunromanth. When he landed, he found oftoms difconfoliace, and retolved not to furvive the lofs of her honour. she told him the
hory of her robid strates, and he faces ended, when Dunromanth in with his folencountered to the foliation of the faces of the foliation of the conformation of the conforma

DARKNESS dwells around Dunlathmon, though the moon fhews half her face on the hill. The daughter of night turns her eyes away; for fhe beholds the grief that is coming. The fon of Morni is on the plain; but there is no found in the hall. No long-firearning beam of light comes trembling through the gloom. The voice of Oithóna + is not heard amidft the noife of the fireams of Duvranna. "Whither art thou gone in thy beauty, dark haired daughter of Nuith? Lathmon is in the field of the valiant, but thou didft promife to remain in the hall; thou didft promife to remain in the hall till the fon of Morni returned. Till he returned from Strumon, to the maid of his love The tear was on thy cheek at his departure: the figh rose in fecret in thy breast. But thou doft not come to meet him,

with fongs, with the lightly-trembling found of the

Such were the words of Gaul, when he came to Dunlathmon's towers. The gates were open and dark. The winds were bluftering in the hall. The trees ffrewed the threshold with leaves; and the murmur of night was abroad. Sad and filent, at a rock, the fon of Morni fat: his foul trembled for the maid; but he knew not whither to turn his courfe. The fon + of Leth flood at a diffiance, and heard the winds in his bushy hair. But he did not raise his voice, for he saw the forrow of Gaul.

Sleep descended on the heroes. The visions of night arcse. Oithona stood in a dream, before the eyes of Morni's fon. Her dark hair was loofe and difordered: her lovely eve rolled in tears. Blood flained her showy arm. The robe half hid the wound of her breaft. She flood over the chief, and her voice was heard.

" Sleeps the fon of Morni, he that was lovely in the eyes of Oithona? Sleeps Gaul at the diffant rock, and the daughter of Nuath low? The fea rolls round the dark isle of Tromathon; I sit in my tears in the cave. Nor do I fit alone, O Gaul, the dark chief of Cuthal is there. He is there in the rage of his love. And what can Oithona do?"

A rougher blaft rufhed through the oak. The dream of night departed. Gaul took his afpen spear; he flood in the rage of wrath. Often did his eyes turn to the eaft, and accuse the lagging light. At length the morning came forth. The hero lifted up the fail. The winds came rufling from the hill; and he bounded on the waves of the deep. On the third day arofe Tro-mathon |, like a blue shield in the midst of the sea. The white wave roared against its rocks; sad Oithona fat on the coaft. She looked on the rolling waters,

<sup>†</sup> Morlo, the fon of Leth, is one of Fingal's most famous heroes. He and three other men attended Gaul on his expedition to Tromathon. If Trom-thon, \* heavy or deep founding wave.\*

A POEM. and her tears defeend. But when the faw Gaul in his

arms, the flarted and turned her eyes away. Her lovely check is bent and red; her white arm trembles by her fide. Thrice the flrove to fly from his prefence;

but her steps failed her as sue went.
"Daughter of Nuäth," faid the hero, "why dost thou fly from Gaul? Do my eyes fend forth the flame of death? or darkens hatred in my foul? Thou art to me the beam of the east, rising in a land unknown. But thou coverest thy face with fadnets, daughter of high Dunlachmon! Is the foe of Oithona near? My foul burns to meet him in battle. The fword trembles on the fide of Gaul, and longs to glitter in his hand. Speak, daughter of Nua h, doft thou not behold my tears?"
"Car-borne chief of Strumon," replied the fighing

maid, " why comeft thou over the dark-blue wave to Neach's mountaid daughter? Why did I not pass away in feerer, like the hower of the rock, that lifts its fair head unfeen, and firews its withered leaves on the blaft? Why didst thou come, O Gaul, to hear my departing figh? I pass away in my youth; and my name shall not be heard. Or it will be heard with forrow, and the tears of Nuath will fall. Thou wilt be fad, fon of Morni, for the fallen fame of Oichona. But the fhall fleep in the narrow tomb, far from the voice of the mourner. Why d'dfl thou come, chief of Strumon, to the fea-beat rocks of Tromáthon?"

"I came to meet thy foes, daughter of car borne Nuath ! the death of Cuthal's chief darkens before me; or Morni's ion feall tall. Oithona! when Gaul is low, raite my tomb on that cozy rock; and when the dark-bounding thip shall pass, call the fons of the sea; call them and give this fword, that they may carry it to Morni's hall; that the gray haired hero may cease to lock toy ands the desert for the return of his fon."

" And shall the daughter of Nuath live?" she replied with a burfling figh. " Shall I live in Tromethon, and the fon of Moral low? My heart is not of that rock;

or my foul careless as that sea, which lists its blue

OITHÓNA:

80

waves to every wind, and rolls beneath the fform. The blast which shall lay thee low, shall spread the branches of Oithona on earth. We shall wither together, son of car borne Morni! The narrow bouse is pleasant to me, and the grav-flone of the dead; for never more will i leave thy rocks, fea-furrounded Tromáthon! Night † came on with her clouds, after the departure of Lathmon, when he went to the wars of his fathers, to the mois-covered rock of Duthormoth; night came on, and I fat in the hall, at the beam of the oak. The wind was abroad in the trees. I heard the found of arms. Joy role in my face; for I thought of thy return. It was the chief of Cuthal, the red-haired strength of Dunrommath. His eyes rolled in fire : the blood of my people was on his fword. They who defended Or-hona fell by the gloomy chief. What could I do? My arm was weak; it could not lift the fpear. He took me in my grief, amidft my tears he raifed the fail. He feared the returning strength of Lathmon, the brother of unhappy Oithona. But behold, he comes with his people! the dark wave is divided before him! Whither wilt thou turn thy fleps, fon of Morni? Many are the warriors of Dunromnath!"

" My steps never turned from battle," replied the hero as he unsheathed his fword; " and shall I begin to fear, Oithona, when thy foes are near? Go to thy cave. daughter of Nuath, till our battle ceafe. Son of Leth, bring the bows of our fathers; and the founding quiver of Morni. Let our three warriors bend the yew. Ourtelves will lift the spear. They are an host on the rock; but our fouls are strong."

The daughter of Nuath went to the cave: a troubled joy rose on her saind, like the red path of the lightning on a flormy cloud. Her foul was refolved, and the tear was dried from her wildly-looking eye. Dunn mmath flowly approached; for he faw the fon of Morni. Con-tempt contracted his face, a fmile is on his dark-brown Ĩ,.•

CAMERON & MURDOCH'S EDITION OF OSCIAN'S POEMS.



FINGAL S FILLAP, DISCOVERING
CUPHULLIN.

" It is the son of Semo ! (Hoonly and sad is the Hero !"

Vide Fingal Book 6.

A POEM.

cheek; his red eye rolled, half-concealed, beneath his fhaggy brows.

"Whence are the fons of the fea?" begun the gloomy chief. " Have the winds driven you to the rocks of Tromáthon? Or come you in fearch of the white-handed daughter of Nuäth? The fons of the unhappy, ye feeble men, come to the hand of Dunrommath. His eve foares not the weak, and he delights in the blood of firangers. Oithona is a beam of light, and the chief of Cuthal enjoys it in feeret: wouldft thou come on its lovelinefs, like a cloud, fon of the feeble hand? Thou mayest come, but shalt thou return to the halls of thy fathers ?"

"Dost thou not know me," faid Gaul, "red-haired chief of Cuthal? Thy feet were swift on the heath, in the battle of car-borne Lathmon: when the fword of Morni's fon purfued his hoft in Morven's woody land. Dunrommath! thy words are mighty, for thy warriers, gather behind thee. But do I fear them, fon of pride? I am not of the race of the fear them. I am not of the race of the feeble."

Gaul advanced in his arms; Durrommath fhrunk behind his people. But the fpear of Gaul pierced the gloomy chief, and his fword lopped off his head, as it bended in death. The fon of Morni flook it thrice by the lock; the warriors of Dunroumath fled. The arrows of Morven purfued them: ten fell on the mosly rocks. The rest lift the founding fail, and bound on the echoing deep. Gaul advanced towards the cave of Oithóna. He beheld a youth leaning against a rock. An arrow had pierced his fide: and his eye rolled faintly beneath his helmet. The foul of Morni's fon is fad, he came and fpoke the words of peace.

"Can the hand of Gaul heal thee, youth of the mournful brow? I have fearched for the herbs of the mountains; I have gathered them on the fecret banks of their fireams. My hand has closed the wound of the valiant, and their eyes have bleffed the ion of Morni. Where dwelt thy fathers, warrior? Were they of the fons of the mighty? Sadnets hall come, like witht.

Vol. II.

on thy native fireams; for thou art fallen in thy youth."

"My fathers," replied the firanger, "were of the race of the mighty; but they shall not be fad; for my fame is departed like morning mift. High walls rife on the banks of Duvranna; and fee their moffy towers in the fiream; a rock afcends behind them with its bending firs. Thou movest behold it far distant. There my brother dwells. He is renowned in battle: give

him this glittering helmet."

The helmet fell from the hand of Gaul; for it was the wounded Oithona, She had arreed herfelf in the cave, and came in fearch of death. Her heavy eves are half clefed; the blood yours from her fide. "Son of Morni," fhe faid, " prepare the narrow tomb. Sleep corner, like a cloud, on my foul. The eyes of Onhona are dim. O had I cwelt at Duvranna, in the bright beam of my fame! then had my years come on with joy; and the virgins would blefs my flers. But I fall in youth, fon of Morni, and my father flail blufh in his hall."

She fell pale on the rock of Tromathon. The mournful hero raifed her tomb. He came to Morven; but we faw the darkness of his foul. Offian took the harp in the praise of Oithena. The brightness of the face of Gaul returned. But his figh rofe, at times, in the midft of his friends, like blafts that faake their unfrequent

wings, after the flormy winds are laid.



# C'ROMA:

## A POEM.

### THE ARGUMENT.

Mainly the Josephero of Tofore is overheard by Orlan Immediate the death of Orlan for over 1.0 Orlan to direct the great's relates as were allowed in an expodition which have interested, at a relative to the continuous of the orland the perty king of the orland the perty king. The finer's to delevered down show, in tradition, to Crodists, Biero of Croming, below, bind with ages, and has for too young for the field, is destinant the chief of Temple related to avail humble of the opportunity offered or managing the downmous of Crodists. Biero of Crodists are the chief of Section 1.0 Orland to the opportunity offered or avail humble of the opportunity offered or managing the downmous of Crodists the his own. He accordingly marked have the content of the orland to the order of t

Contar being, on account of his age and blindrefs, unfit for action, fent for aid to Fingal king of scotland; who ordered his fon O lim to the relief of Crothar, Bus before his urrivat, Favar-gointo, the fon of Crothar, attacking Rothmar, was him himfelf, and his forces totally defeated. Office neemed the wars

came to battle, kuled recentary and roated his army. Croma being thus delivered of its enemies, Offian retarned to Scotland.

"IT was the voice of my love! few are his vifits to the dreams of Malvina! Open your airy halls, ye fathers of mighty Tofcar. Unfoid the gates of your clouds; the fleps of Malvina's departure are near. I have heard a voice in my dream. I feel the fluttering of my foul. Why didft thou come, O blaft, from the dark-rolling of the lake? Thy ruflling wing was in the the trees, the dream of Malvina departed. But flee beheld her love, when his robe of mit flew on the wind; the beam of the fin was on his fkirts, they glittered like the gold of the firanger. It was the voice or my love! few are his vifits to my dreams!

"But thou dwelleft in the foul of Malvina, fon of mighty Offian. My fighs arife with the keam of the entf; my tears defeend with the dops of night. I was a lovely tree, in thy prefence, Ofcar, with all my branches round me; but thy death came like a blaft from the defert, and hid my green head low; the fpring returned with its fhowers, but no leaf of mine arofe. The virgins faw me filent in the hall, and they touched the harp of joy. The tear was on the check of Malvina:

the virgins beheld me in my grief. Why art thou fad, they faid; thou first of the maids of Lutha? Was he lovely as the beam of the morning, and stately in thy

fight?" Pleafant is thy fong in Offian's ear, daughter of fireamy Lutha! Thou hast heard the music of departed bards in the dream of thy reft, when fleep fell on thine eyes, at the murmur of Moruth +. When thou didft return from the chafe, in the day of the fun, thou haft heard the mufic of the bards, and thy fong is lovely. It is lovely, O Malvina, but it melts the foul. There is a joy in grief when peace dwells in the breast of the fad. But forrow waftes the mournful, O daughter of Tofcar, and their days are few. They fall away, like the flower on which the fun looks in his ftrength after the mildew has paffed over it, and its head is heavy with the drops of night. Attend to the tale of Offian. O maid; he remembers the days of his youth.

The king commanded; I raifed my fails, and rufhed into the bay of Croma: into Croma's founding bay in lovely Innis fail ||. High on the coast arose the towers of Crothar, king of fpears; Crothar, renowned in the battles of his youth; but age dwelt then around the chief. Rothmar raifed the fword against the hero; and the wrath of Fingal burned. He fent Offian to meet Rothmar in battle, for the chief of Croma was the companion of his youth. I fent the bard before me with fongs; I came into the hall of Crothar. There fat the hero amidst the arms of his sathers, but his eyes had failed. His gray locks waved around a fraif, on which the warrior leaned. He hummed the fong of other times, when the found of our arms reached his ears. Crothar role, firetched his aged hand, and bleffed the fon of Fingal.

" Offian," faid the hero, "the firength of Crothar's arm has failed. O could I lift the fword, as on the day that Fingal fought at Strutha! He was the fart, of

<sup>†</sup> Mor'-rath, ' great tiream.'

A POEM.

85

mortal men; but Crothar had also his fame. The king of Morven praised me, and he placed on my arm the boffy shield of Calthar, whom the hero had flain in war. Doft then net behold it en the wall, for Crothar's eyes have failed? Is thy strength, like thy father's Offian? Iet the aged feel thine arm."

I gave my arm to the king; he feels it with his aged hands. The figh role in his breaft, and his tears defecteded. "Thou art ffrong, my fon," he faid, "but not like the king of Morven. But who is like that hero among the mighty in war? Let the feath of my halls be ipread; and let my bards raife the fong. Great is he that is within my walls, fons of echeing Crount?" The feaft is tpread. The harp is heard; and joy is in the hall. But it was joy covering a figh, that darkly dwelt in every breaft. It was fixe the faint beam of the moon, fpread on a cloud in heaven. At length the mufic ceafed, and the aged king of Croma fpoke; he fpoke without a tear, but the figh fwelled in the midft of his voice.

" Son of Fingal! doft thou not behold the darknefs of Crothar's hall of feells? My foul was not dark at the feast, when my people lived. I rejoiced in the prefence of ftrangers, when my fon shone in the hall. But, Offian, he is a beam that is deported, and left no streak of light behind. He is fallen, fon of Pingal, in the battles of his father. Rothmar, the chief of graff, Tromlo, heard that my eves had failed; he heard that my arms were fixed in the hall, and the pride of his foul arofe. He came towards Croma; my people fell befor: him. I took my arms in the hall; but what could fightlefs Crothar do? My steps were unequal; my grief was great. I wished for the days that were past. Days! wherein I fought: and conquered in the field of blood. My fon returned from the chafe; the fair-haired Tovar-gormo'. He had not lifted his tword in battle, for his arm was young. But the foul of the youth was

 $H_3$ 

<sup>&</sup>quot; Fachbar-gorm, "the blue point of ficel."

86 CROMA: great; the fire of valour burnt in his eyes. He faw the difordered fleps of his father, and his figh arofe. "King of Croma," he faid, " is it because thou hast no fon? is it for the weakness of Fovar-gormo's arm that thy fighs arife? I begin, my father, to feel the firength of my arm; I have drawn the fword of my youth; and I have bent the bow. Let me meet this Rothmar, with the youths of Croma: let me meet him, O my father;

for I feel my burning foul." " And thou fhalt meet him," I faid, " fon of the fightless Crothar! But let others advance before thee, that I may hear the tread of thy feet at thy return; for my eyes behold thee not, fair-haired Fovar-gormo! He went, he met the foe; he fell. The foe advances towards Croma. He who flew my fon is near, with all

his pointed fpears." It is not time to fill the fhell, I replied, and took my spear. My people faw the fire of my eyes, and they role around. All night we ftrode along the heath. Cray morning rofe in the eaft. A green narrow vale appeared before us; nor did it want its blue fiream. The dark hoft of Rotlanar are on its banks, with all their glittering arms. We fought along the vale; they fled; Rothmar funk beneath my fword. Day had not defeended in the west when I brought his arms to Crothar. The aged hero felt them with his hands; and

iov brightened in his foul. The people gather to the hall; the found of the fhel's is heard. Ten harps are firing; five bards advance, and fing by turns to the praise of Offian; they poured

<sup>†</sup> Those extempore commonstions were in great repute among freeeding bands. T'e press extent i that kind mew more of the good ear, then of the portiral ge-tics of their authors. The translatur has only met with one mem of the mit, which he thinks worth of being preferred. It is a thomast years light than Offan, but the authors four to have observed his manner, and adopted some of his Fin, but the "attors teem to have otherwed his minimer, and analytic form of his over-prefilms. The furnary is table. Five hash, apthing ten minimin in the house of a time, you have say so a binded, with first cash to make their orders interesting and a trum which has never more definitions of night. The might happened to be over in Odober, manuscript from the power, and in the north of which hash every which the braid safethy to refer in their other proposed all that variety which the braid safethy to refer in their definitions.

NIGHT is dull and dark. The contraction the 134. No flor with green trembling bears no soon looks from the my. They the blatt my the word?

forth their burning fouls, and the harp answered to their voice. The joy of Croma was great : for peace returned to the land. The night came on with filence.

but I hear it diftant far. The ffream of the valley murmurs; but its murmur is ful on and find. From the tree at the grave of the dead the long-howling owl is heard. After a disa form on the plant! It is a ghoff! it failes ... it flies. Some fig. neral fhall pars this way : the meteor marks the path. The dolant dog is howling from the but of the hill. The flag lies on the mount-

tain mois: the hind is at his ide she hears the wind in his branchy horns. sie fracts, but hes again.

The ric is in the clift of the rock; the heath-cick's head is beneath his wing, No besit, no lind is abroad, but the owl and the howling fox. she on a leaflefs

tree: he is a cloud on the fall.

Dark, panting, trembling, rad, the traveller has loft his way. Through thrubs, through thorns, he goes, along the gurgling roll. He fears the rock and the rea-He tears the ghoft of might. The old tree grouns to the blaff; the falls a branch refounds. Fac wind drives the withered burs, claim together, along the goals,

It is the Unit t end of a ghoft! He trembles available night. Dark, darky, howling is might! cloudy, winds, and full of ghofts! The dead are abroad! my friends, receive me from the might.

SECOND BARD. THE wind is up. The shower descends. The spirit of the mountain shricks, Woods fall from high. Windows dop. The growing river routs. The traveller amounts the ford. Hark that threek! he does -- He dors in drives the horfer rom the hill, the goat, the lowing cow. They tremble as drives the flower, Beide the

mouldering bank. The hunter starts from fleep, in his lonely hut; he wakes the fire decayed. His wet dog- fmoke around hun. He fills the clunks with heath. Loud roar two

moontain-dreams which meet befide his booth.

Sad, on the ade of a hill, the wandering thenherd fits. The tree refounds above him. The fiream roars down the rock. He wasts for the rising moon to guide him to his home.

Ghons ride on the form to-night. Sweet is their voice but yeen the fqualls of wind. Their forgs are of other worlds. The rain is pail. The day wind blows. Streams roar, and wind we flap. Cold drops fall from the roof. I fee the flare, thy. But the thower gathers again, The well is gloomy and dark. Night is flormy and difinal; receive me, my trainds, from night.

THIRD BARD. THE wind full founds between the hills; and whiftles through the grafs of the rock. The firs full from their place. The turfy had as torn. The clouds, diwided, fly over the fky, and flyw the Surning flars. The meteor, token of death! fire fore bling through the gloom. It rely on the bill. I fee the withered fern the dark-browed rock, the fadenout. Who is that in his faroud beneach the tree.

is, the fiream?
The waves dark-tumble on the lake, and laft its rocky fides. The boat is brimfall in the cove ; the cas in the rocking tige. A maid fits fad befide the rock, and eves the rolling firema. Her lover promited to come. She faw his boat, when act it was light, on the lact. Is this his proken boat on the flore? Are thefe his groups on the wind?

Hark! the hadr attles around. The taky from defeerds. The tops of the hills are white. The fformy winds abate. Various is the night and cold; receive me. my friends, from night.

# FOURTH PARD

MIGHT is calm and fairs blue, they, firstly in hight. The winds, with the choice, are pure. They have allowed to half the resemble upon the mountain. It is shown in upon the mountain to half the resemble upon the mountain. a ponoftena a.

The the tree overturned; the flow's aftern in the plant. I acres kefel hind and this the their sexual whit less on an interpretable.

Using he acquain is again. What have a from the date of the goad? That form

and the morning returned with joy. No foe came in darkness, with his glittering spear. The joy of Croma was great; for the gloomy Rothmar was fallen.

I raifed my voice for Fovar-gormo, when they laid the chief in earth. The aged Crothar was there, but his figh was not heard. He fearched for the wound of his fon, and found it in his breaft. Joy rofe in the face

of the aged. He came and spoke to Offian.

"King of fpears!" he faid, "my fon has not fallen without his fame. The young warrior did not fiy; but met death as he went forward in his strength. Happy are they who die in youth, when their renown is heard! The feeble will not behold them in the hall; or finile at their trembling hands. Their memory fhail be honoured in the fong; the young tear of the virgin

with the rote of fnew; white arms and dark-brown hair! It is the daughter of the chief of the people; fire that lately tell! Come let us view thee, O man.! thou that half been the delicit of her as! The blan drives the phantom away; white, without form, it alcoads the bill.

The breezes done the box muft, flowly, over the narrow vale. It rifes on the hill, and joins its head to beaven. Night is feitled, calm, blue, flarry, bright with

the moon. Receive me not, my friends, for lovely is the night.

### FIFTH BARD.

NIGHT is calm, but dream. The moon is in a cloud in the weft. Slow moves that pade bean along the finaded hill. The dittart wave is heard. The torrent murmuts on the rock. The took is heard from the boott. After than half the night is part. The house-wide, growing in the glocan, rekindles the fettled fire. The heater thinks that day approaches, and calls his beginning dogs. He afterds the hill and whittles on his way. A blad removes the cloud. He fees the flarry plouph (ithe morth. Much or the night! to pass. He node by the moffy rock.

His k! the windwind is in the wood! A low mu, mar in the vale! It is the

nighty army of the sead returning from the air. The moon rest behind the hill. The heam is hill on that lofty rock. I ong are the marows of the trees. Now it is dark over all. Night is dreary, filent, and

dark; receive nic, my iriends, from might.

### THE CHIEF.

LET clouds reft on the hills; furits fly and travellers fear. Let the wirds of the woods arise, the founding fforms defeend. Roar fireans, and windows flap, and erece winged meteors by; the the pale moon from behind her hills, or in-close her head in cloude; id, it is alike to me, blue, formly or gloomy the sky. Night they before the beam, when it is poured on the hill. The young day returns from his circie, but we return no more

Where are archet ground? Where our kings of mighty name? The fields of their battle architect. Care their near tember remain. We find also be fetgot. The lefty house flead call. Our constitual not behold the rules in grais. They

fhall ofk of the iged, "Where find the wall of our rathers."

Rate the feng, and Brike the harp: ferd round the fhells of joy. Sufpend a hundred tapers on high. Youth and maid boson the dance. Let some gray hard be near me to tell the deeds of other times; of kings renewhed in our livel, of chiefs we behold no more. I has let the many pall, entil n coning thall appear in our halls. Then let the bow be at hard, the dogs, the youths of the chair. We thall aftend the hill with day , and awake the deer.

A POEM.

falls. But the aged wither away, by degrees, and the fame of their youth begins to be forgot. They fall in feeret; the figh of their fon is not heard. Joy is around their tomb; and the flone of their fame is placed without a tear. Happy are they who die in youth, when their renown is around them!"



# BERRATHON:

## A POEM.

## THE ARGUMENT.

Fingel, in his voyage to Lochlin, whather he had been invited by Struco the factor of Agnodeway, under an Estration, an affination at endinators, where he was knowly concertained by Larthurer the porty know of the piles, we show he was knowly concertained by Larthurer the porty know of the piles, we show he is thought by including the control of the

BED thy blue course, O ftream, round the narrow it from their mountains; and the sun look on it at moon. The thissie is there on its rock, and shakes its beard to the wind. The slower heangs its heavy head, waving, at times, to the gale. "Why dost thou awake me, O gale?" it seems to say; "I am covered with the drops of heaven. The time of my fading is near, and the blast that shall scatter my leaves. To-morrow shall the traveller come, he that saw me in my beauty shall come: his eyes will scarch the field, but they will not find me! So shall they search in vain for the voice of Cona, after it has failed in the field. The hunter shall come forth in the morning, and the voice of my happ shall not be heard. "Where is the son of car-borne thou, O Malvina I, with all thy music, come; lay Oi-

<sup>†</sup> Lutha, 'fwift fream.' | Mal-minia, 'fort or lovely brow.' | Mhia the Gallic language has the fame found with V in Enguin.

fian in the plain of Lutha: let his tomb rife in the lovely field.

Malvina! where art thou with thy fongs: with the foft found of the fleps? Son + of Alpin art thou near? where is the daughter of Tofcar? "I paffed, O fon of Fingal, by Tarlutha's moffy walls. The imoke of the ball was cealed: filence was among the trees of the hill. The voice of the chafe was over. I faw the daughters of the bow. I afked about Malvina, but they answered not. They turned their faces away: thin darkness covered their beauty. They were like flars on a rainy

Lill, by night, each looking faintly through her mift." Peafant | be thy reft, O lovely beam! foon haft thou fet on our hills! The fleps of thy departure were flately, like the moon on the blue troubling wave. But thou haft left us in darkness, first of the maids of Lutha! We fit, at the rock, and there is no voice; no light but the meteor of fire! Soon haft thou fet, Malvina, daughter of generous Tofcar! But then rifeft like the beam of the east, among the spirits of thy friends, where they fit in their flormy halls, the chambers of the thouser. A cloud hovers over Cona: its blue curling firles are high. The winds are beneath it, with their wings; within it is the dwelling of & Fingal. I here the hero fits in darkness; his airy spear is in his hand. His fineld half-covered with clouds, is like the darkened moon; when one half ftill remains in the wave, and the other looks fickly on the field.

His triends fit around the king, on wift; and hear the songs of Ullin: he firikes the half viewless harp; and ranks the feeble voice. The leffer heroes, with a thoutand meteors, light the airy hall. Malvina rifes, in

<sup>†</sup> Trudition has not landed down the name of this fon of Alpin. His father was one of Fingal's principal band, and its appears his stalf to have leid a poetic. Feening Ottion (pe iks He calls Malving a beam of light, and continues the metaphor

throughout the paragraph. The description of this ideal palace of fineal is very poetical, and agreeable to the notions of these times, there amonthe intend the decision, who were furnishfigure time, after dec. at the passives and employments of their forcer lies. The fination of Oceach he co., in their repeats then, him to which name, none agreeable, that there have or the ancient Greeks concerning their departed Bernen gege Harris trayilla is all

02 the midft; a blofh is on her cheek. She beholds the unknown faces of her fathers, and turns afide her humid eyes. "Art thou come fo foon," faid Fingal, " daughter of generous Tofcar? Sadness dwells in the halls of Lutha. My aged fon t is fad. I hear the breeze of Cona, that was wont to lift thy heavy locks. It comes to the hall, but thou art not there: its voice is mournful among the arms of thy fathers. Go with thy ruftling wing, O breeze! and figh on Malvina's tomb. It rifes yonder beneath the rock, at the blue fiream of Lutha. The maids | are departed to their

place; and thou alone, O breeze! mourneft there." But who comes from the dufky weft, fupported on a cloud? A fmile is on his gray watery face; his locks of mift fly on the wind: he bends forward on his airy fpear: it is thy father, Malvina! "Why shinest thou so foon on our clouds," he says, "O lovely light of Lutha? But thou wert fad, my daughter, for thy friends were passed away. The sons of little men I were in the hall; and none remained of the heroes, but Offian, king of fpears."

And doft thou remember, Offian, car-borne Tofcar++. fon of Conloch? The battles of our youth were many; our fwords went together to the field. They faw us coming like two falling rocks; and the fons of the ftranger fled. "There come the warriors of Cona," they raid; " their fleps are in the paths of the vanquished." Draw near, fon of Alpin, to the fong of the aged. The actions of other times are in my foul: my memory beams on the days that are path. On the days of the mighty Tofcar, when our path was in the deep. Draw

44 Tofcar was the fon of that Conlich, who was also father to the lady, whose unfortunate death is related in the fail spirode of the record book of Fingal.

Offian; who had a great friendfhip for Malvina, both on account of her love for his for, Ofcar, and her attention to his own poems.

nor nice, occas, and ner account to me own poems.

§ That is, the young cirgars who fing the funeral clegy over her tomb.

§ Office, by was of direspect, calls there who forecased the her re-whole actions he celebrates, "the ions of little men!" Tradition is carried illent concerning what paffed in the north, inpachiately offer the death of Engre, and all hisher paffed in the north, inpachiately offer the death of Engre, and all hisher here. roes; but it appear from that term of ignorating just mentioned, that the actions of their factalions were not to be compared to those of the renowned Finga-

near, fon of Alpin, to the last found of the voice of Cona.

The king of Morven commanded, and I raifed my fails to the wind. Tofear chief of Lutha flood at my fide, as I rofe on the dark-blue wave. Our course was to fea-furrounded Berrathon +, the ifle of many florms. There dwelt, with his locks of age, the flately flyingth of Larthmor. Larthmor who spread the feast of fiel's to Comhal's mighty fon, when he went to Starno's ha'ls, in the days of Agandecea. But when the chief was old, the pride of his fon arose, the pride of fairhaired Uthal, the love of a thousand maids. He bound the aged Larthmor, and dwelt in his founding halls.

Long pined the king in his cave, befide his rolling fea. Morning did not come to his dwelling; nor the burning oak by night. But the wind of ocean was there, and the parting beam of the moon. The red flar looked on the king, when it trembled on the western wave. Snitho came to Selma's hall: Snitho, companion of Larthmor's youth. He told of the king of Berrathon: the wrath of Fingal rofe. Thrice he affamied the fpear, refolved to firetch his hand to Uchai. But the memory | of his actions rofe before the king, and he fent his fou and Tofcar. Our joy was great on the rolling fea; and we often half-unfheathed our fwords. For never before had we fought alone, in the battles of the fpear.

Night came down on the ocean; the winds departed on their wings. Cold and pale is the moon. The red flars lift their heads. Our course is flew along the coast of Berrathon; the white waves tumble on the rocks. "What voice is that," faid Toscar, "which comes between the founds of the waves? It is for but mournful, like the voice of departed bards. But I be-

Vol. II.

<sup>#</sup> A promoutory in the width of somes. The meaning of the past of the Fingal remembered his own creat afteres, and conteniently would not fully them become mention in a putty who opened the two ways to be take the property of the opened the two contenies and the property.

94

hold the maid t, fine fits on the rock alone. Her head bends on her arm of fnow: her dark hair is in the wind. Hear, fon of Fingal, her fong, it is fmooth as the glid-ing waters of Lavath." We came to the filent bay, and heard the maid of night.

"How long will ye roll around me, blue-tumbling waters of ocean? My dwelling was not always in caves, nor beneath the whitling tree. The fealt was fpread in Torthóma's hall; my father delighted in my voice. The youths beheld me in the fteps of my lovelinefs, and they bleffed the dark-haired Nina-thoma. It was then thou didft come, O. Uthal! like the fun of heaven. The fouls of the virgins are thine, fon of generous Larthmor! But why doft thou leave me alone in the midft of roaring waters? Was my foul dark with thy death? Did my white hand lift the fword? Why then haft thou left me alone, king of high Finthormo ?""

The tear flarted from my eye when I heard the voice of the maid. I flood before her in my arms, and fpoke the words of peace. "Lovely dweller of the cave, what figh is in that breaft? Shall Offian lift his fword in thy presence, the destruction of thy soes? Daughter of Torthóma, rife, I have heard the words of thy grief. The race of Morven are around thee, who never injured the weak. Come to our dark boformed fhip, thou brighter than that fetting moon. Our courfe is to the rocky Berrathon, to the echoing walls of Finthormo." She came in her beauty, the came with all her lovely fleps. Silent joy brightened in her face, as when the fladows fly from the field of fpring; the blue fircam is rolling in brightness, and the green bufh bends over its courfe.

The morning rofe with its beams. We came to Rothma's bay. A boar rushed from the wood; my

 $<sup>\</sup>hat{y}$  Nina-thoma the daughter of Torthoma, who had been confined to a defert if-lard by her lover Uthal  $\hat{y} = \hat{y}$ . Such that now, the palace of Uthal. The names in this epifode are not of a Celtic  $\hat{x}$ . Eight  $\hat{y}$ , which makes it probable that Offian founds his poem on a true flory.

A POEM.

fpear pierced his fide. I rejoiced over the blood +, and forefaw my growing fame. But now the found of Uthal's train came from the high Finthermo; they fpread over the heath to the chase of the boar. Himfelf comes flowly on, in the pride of his firength. He hirts two pointed fpears. On his fide is the hero's fword. Three youths carry his polified bows: the bounding of five dogs is before him. His warriors move on, at a diflance, admiring the iteps of the king. Stately was the fon of Larthmor! but his foul was dark. Dark as the troubled face of the moon, when it foretells the ftorms.

We role on the heath before the king; he floot in the midtl of his courfe. His warriors gathered around, and a gray-haired bard advanced. "Whence are the fons of the firangers?" begun the bard. "The children of the unhappy come to Berrathon; to the fword of car-borne Uthal. He toreads no feast in his hall : the blood of ftrangers is on his ftreams. If from Selma's walls ve come, from the mosfly walls of Fingal. chuse three youths to go to your king to tell of the fall of his people. Perhaps the hero may come and pour his blood on Uthal's iword, fo faull the tame of Fin-

"Never will it rife, O bard," I faid in the pride of my wrath. "He would fhrink in the prefence of Fingal; whose eyes are the flames of death. The ion of Comhal comes, and the kings vanish in his presence: they are rolled together, like mift, by the breath of his rage. Shall three tell to Fingal, that his people fell? Yes! they may tell it bard! but his people that fall with fame."

I flood in the darkness of my flrength. Foscar drew his fword at my side. The foe came on like a flream: the mingled found of death arote. Man took

t Offian thought that his killing the boar, on his first landing in Berrathon, was

a good omen of his foure incomis in that diams. The propert highland a long, with a digret or (users), on, upon the facces of their first action, after they have engages in any desperate undertaking.

man, shield met shield; steel mixed its beams with steel. Darts his through air; spears ring on mails; and swords on breken bucklers bound. As the noise of an aged grove beneath the roaring wind, when a thousand ghosis break the trees by night, such was the din of arms. But Uthal fell beneath my fword; and the sons of Berrathen sled. It was then I saw him in his beauty, and the tear hung in my eye. "Thou art fallen tyroung tree," I said, "with all thy beauty round thee. Thou art fallen on thy plains, and the field is bare. The winds come from the defert, and there is no found in thy kayes! Lovely art thou in death, fon of car-

boine Larthmor."

Nina-thoma fat on the fhore, and heard the found of battle. She turned her red eyes on Lethmal the grav-haired hard of Selma, for he had remained on the coaft with the daughter of Torthóma. "Son of the times of old!" fhe faid, "I hear the neife of death. Thy friends have met with Uthal, and the chief is low! O that I had remained on the rock, incloid with the tumbling waves! Then would my foul be fad, but his death would not reach my car, Art thou fallen on thy heath, O fon of high Finthormo! thou didft leave me on a rock, but my foul was full of thee. Son of Mg h Tinthormo! art thou fallen on thy heath?"

'She rofe pale in her tears, and faw the bloody fhield of Uthal; fhe faw it in Offian's hand; her fleps were diffracted on the heath. She flew; the found him; fhe fell. Her foul came forth in a figh. Her hair is forcad on his face. My burfing tears defeend. At tonb arcfe on the unhappy, and my fong was heard, "Reft, haplefs children of youth! at the noise of that moffy fire am. The virgins will fee your temb, at the chafe, and turn away their weeping eyes. Your fance

<sup>4.</sup> To moran over the fall of their enemies was a predice univerfal arrong OB, and bances. This is now expended to humanity, than the thought ministens, of the dead, in common in Honer, and after him, tervilely copicily all this materies, the humane Virgit not evented, who have been more factisated in the rewing the imperfections of that given pact, than in their initiations or Lis blow-ter.

will be in the fong; the voice of the harp will be heard in your praife. The daughters of Selma final hear it; and your renown finall be in other lands. Reft, children of youth, at the noife of the moffy fireau.

Two days we remained on the coaft. The herees of Berrati on convened. We brought Larthmor to his halls; the feaft of fields was fpread. The joy of the aged was great; he looked to the arms of his fathers; the arms which he left in his hall, when the pride of Urhal arole. We were renowned before Larthmor, and he bidfled the chiefs of Morven; but he knew not that his fon was low, the flately flrength of Uthal. They had told, that he had retired to the woods, with the tears of grid; they had teld it, but he was filent in the tomb of Rothma's heath.

On the fourth day we raifed our fails to the roar of the northern wind. Larthmor came to the coaft, and his bards raifed the fone. The joy of the king was great, he locked to Rothma's gloomy heath. Le faw the tomb of his fon; and the memory of Uthal rofe. Who of my heroes," he faid, "lies there! He feems to have been of the kings of Ipcars. Was he remowned in my halls, before the pride of Uthal rofe? Ye are filent, fons of Berrathon, is the king of heroes low? My heart melts for thee, O Uthal! though thy hand was againft thy father! O that I had remained in the cave! that my fon had dwelt in Fintiormo! I might have heard the tread of his feet, when he went to the chale of the boar. I might have heard his voice on the blaft of my cave. Then would my foul be glad: but now darknets dwells in my halls."

Such were my deeds, fon of Alpin, when the arm of my youth was frong; inch were the actions of Tof-car, the car-herne fon of Couloch. But Tofcar is on his flying cloud; and I am alone at Lutha; my voice is like the laft found of the wind, when it for the woods. But Offian shall not be long alone, he fees the

BERRATHON:

08 n ift that shall receive his ghost. He beholds the mist that shall form his robe, when he appears on his hills. The fons of little men thall behold me, and admire the flature of the chiefs of old. They shall creep to their caves, and look to the sky with fear; for my steps shall be in the clouds, and darkness shall roll on my fide.

Lead, fon of Alpin, lead the aged to his woods. The winds begin to rife. The dark wave of the lake refounds. Bends there not a tree from Mora with its branches bare? It bends, fon of Alpin, in the ruftling blast. My harp hargs on a blasted branch. The found of its ftrings is mournful. Does the wind touch thee, O harp, or is it some passing ghost! It is the hand of Malvina? but bring me the harp, fon of Alpin; another fong thall arise. My foul shall depart in the found; my fathers shall bear it in their airy hall. Their dim faces thall hang, with joy, from their clouds; and their hands receive their ion. The aged oak bends over the fream. It fighs with all its mofs. The withered fern whiftles near, and mixes, as it waves, with Offinn's hair.

Strike the harp and raife the fong: be near with all your wings, ve winds. Bear the mournful found away to Fingal's airy hall. Bear it to Fingal's ball, that he may hear the voice of his fon; the voice of him that

praited the mighty.

"The blast of the north opens thy gates, O king, and I behold thee sitting on mist, dimly glearning in all thine arms. Thy form now is not the terror of the valiant : but like a watery cloud; when we fee the stars behind it with their weeping eyes. Thy fhield is like the aged moon: thy fword a vapour half-kindled with fire: Dim and feeble is the chief, who travelled in brightness - before. But thy fleps + are on the winds of the defert, and the florms darken in thy hand. Thou takest

<sup>(</sup>This magnificant defeription of the power of Fingal over the winds and florms, and the image of as taking the Dan, and hiding him on the clouds do not correto not with the preceding paragraph, where he is represented as a feeble gnote and represented the return of the value of the largues with the notion of the time or rating the four of the decode, who it was imposed by the command of the words and dorme, but in combat were not a match for valuant meat.

A POEM.

the fun in thy wrath, and hideft him in thy clouds. The fons of little men are afraid; and a thouland fnowers defeend. But when thou comet forth in thy mildrefs; the gale of the morning is near thy courfe. The fun laughs in his blue fields; and the gray ftream winds in its valley. The buffes flake their green heads in the wind. The roes bound towards the defert.

But there is a murnur in the heath! the flormy winds abate! I hear the voice of Fingal. I ong has it been ablent from mine car! "Come, Offian, corne away," he fays: "Fingal has received his fame. We paffed away, like flames that had flome for a feafon, our departure was in renown. Though the plains of our battles are dark and filent; our fame is in the four gray flenes. The voice of Offian has been heard; and the harp was ftrung in Schma. Come, Offian, come away," he fays, "and fly with thy fathers on clouds."

And come I will thou king of men! the life of Offian fails. I begin to vanish on Cona; and my steps are not seen in Selma. Beside the stone of Mora I shail fall affecp. The winds whistling in my gray hair shall not waken me. Depart on thy wings, O wind: thou can't not disturb the rest of the bard. The night is

long, but his eyes are heavy; depart thou ruftling blaft. But why art thou fad, fon of Fingal? Why grows the cloud of thy foul? The chiefs of other times are departed; they have gone without their fame. The fons of future years shall pass away; and another race arise. The people are like the waves of occan: like the leaves of woody Morven, they pass away in the ruftling blut, and other leaves lift their green heads. Did thy Leauty last O Ryno ?? Stood the strength of car-borne

FR. 19, the fined Finall, who was killed in Includ, in the war against Swarin (Finall, B. V. was raminoid before the beauty of Fig. person, the facilities and good evel of a Manisco, the data are of Manis, and finer to Gail, was in love with Kyro. The collowing is her lamentation over his flower.

Q 117. Modeling field, from Miller in Stricks, bends over the darkly-rolling feat. She by a citis of substantiated sims. Where, Runs, where set that:

Our civis in a field rather was low! That salt the hiro few on clouds! That in the million is all it in Miller is the was low! A strick voice was learn in which

And is the theory drough failing on Clints upon plants: strong was the comtue, conquerus nami ing map i am alone.

Ofcar? Fingal himfelf paffed away; and the halls of his fathers forgot his fleps. And shalt thou remain, aged bard! when the mighty have failed? But my fame shall remain, and grow like the oak of Morven; which lifts its broad head to the florm, and rejoices in the course of the wind.

Alone I will not be, ye winds! that lift my dark-brown hair. My fighs will not long mix with your fiream; for I must sleep with Ryno. I fee thee not with beauty's Reps returning from the chafe. The night is round

Minvane, Live; and filence dwells with Ryno.

Where are thy dog, and where the bow? Thy fhield that was fo firong? Thy fword like beaven's defeending fire? The bloody fpcar of Ryno. I fee them mixed in thy fhip; I fee them fluined with blood. No arms are in thy narrow hall, O da kly-dwelling Reno!

When will the morning come, and fay, arifo, thou king of fpears! arife, the

hunters are abroad. The hinds are near thic, Ryno!
Avery, then fair-heired morning, away! the numbering king hears thee not! The blues bound over his narrow touch: for death dwells round young Ryno.
But I will tread forlity, my king! and find to the bed of thy repose. Minvane
will fit in flience, near her fluir bering Ryno.

The mode field feek me; but they shall not find me; they froll fellow my departure with longs. But I will not hear you, O maids! I fleep with fair-haired R. no.



## TEMORA:

AN

## EPIC POEM.

### IN EIGHT BOOKS.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

Cairbar, the fon of Borbar-duthal, lord of Atha in Connaught, the most potent chief of the race of the Firbolg, having murdered, at Tomora the royal palace, Cormac the fon of Artho, the young king of Ireland, givened the throne. Cormac was lineally defeended from Conar the for of Frenchor, the great-grandfather of Fingal, king of those Caledonians who inhabited the western coast of Scotland Fingal referred the behaviour of Cairbar, and refolved to pais over into Ireland, with an army, to re-chablifa the royal mandy on the high throne. Early intelligence of his defigns coming to Cairbar, he attended fome of his tribes in Other, and at the same time ordered his brother Cathmor to follow hirr freedily with an army, from Femora. Such was the fituation of attains

when the Criedorian fleet appeared on the coun or Ultter.

The norm opens in the morning. Calibar is represented as retired from the reft c. the army, when one of his frouts brought him news of the landing of Firgal, he mentles a concell of his chiefs. Foliath is more of of Mona it aughth) do folies the enemy; and is represented was miy by Malthos. Cairbar, after hear-ing it are defeate, order, a feat to be prepared, to which, by his band olla, he in-vites offeat the found offina; refolving to pick a quarred with that aren, and for have four pretext for filling him. Of an came to the fear; the galared happeneds: the followers of both tought, and Carrier and of ar folly a natual wounds. The rollo of the battle reached fingalls army. The king came on, for the rollowers are the rollowers of both tought and of the rollowers of both to the re-I'd or O'co, and the Irish fell back to the army of Cuthmor, who was revanced to the bank of the river Lubar, on the heath of Moislena. Fingal, after mourning for a sumalion, ordered bit ashe thing or location to early his body to Morron, to be there interred. Belt comising on, Athan, the ion of Councher, relates to the king the particulars of the murder of Cormac. Fillan, t. e ion of Fregal, is first to observe the motions of C thm or by night, which a victude the actual of the first day. The scene of the book is a plain, near the hill or Mora, Which role on the borders of the heath of Moi-lena, in Ulfter.

### BOOK L

THE blue waves of Ullin roll in light. The green hills are covered with day. Trees shake their dufky heads in the breeze. Gray torrents pour their noi-fy fireams. Two green hills, with aged oaks, furround a narrow plain. The blue course of a stream is there: on as banks flood Cairbar t of Arha. His fpear fup-

t Cairbor, the fon of Borbar-da hal, was defected fineally from Larthon the change the Firb de, the first colony who fettled in the fourh of Ireland. The Carl were in postesion of the northern coult of that kingdom, and the first menarchs of ireland were of their race. Hence arose those differences between the two nations, which terminated, at but, in the marder of C armat, and the marga-Mon of Cambar, lord of Atha, who is mentioned in this place.

TEMORA: Book I.

ports the king: the red eyes of his fear are fad. Cormac rifes in his feal, with all his ghaftly wounds. The gray form of the youth appears in darknefs; blood pours from his airy fides. Cairbar thrice threw his fipear on earth; and thrice he ftroked his beard. His ficeps are fhort; he often ftops: and toffes his finewy arms. He is like a cloud in the defert, that varies its form to every blaft: the valleys are fad around, and fear, by turns, the flower.

The king, at length, refumed his foul, and took his pointed fpeer. He turned his eyes to Moi-lena. The feouts of blue ocean came. They came with fleps of fear, and often looked behind. Cairbar knew that the mighty were near, and called his gloomy chiefs.

The founding fleps of his warriors came. They drew, at once, their liwords. There Morlath + flood with carkened face. Hidalla's long hair fighs in wind. Redhaired Cormer bends on his fipear, and rolls his fide-long-locking eyes. Wild is the look of Malthos from beneath two finaggy brows. Foldath flande, like an oczy rock, that covers its dark fides with foam. His fipear is like Slinora's fir, that meets the wind of heaven. His field is marked with the firokes of battle; and his red eye delpifies danger. These and a thousand other chiefs furrounded car-borne Cairbar, when the feout of ocean came. Mor-annal from fireamy Moi lena. His eyes hang forward from his face, his lips are trembline, pale.

"Do the chiefs of Erin fland," he faid, "filent as the grove of evening? Stand they, like a filent wood, and Fingal on the coaft? I ringal, the terrible in battle, the king of fireany Morven!" "Haft thou feen the warrior?" faid Cairbar with a figh. "Are his heroes many on the coaft? Lifts he the fipear of battle? Or

<sup>4</sup> Mordath, Igreet in the day of battle? Hidallot, Smildly looking hero. Co., n., to prior at feel. Mathons, flows to plack? Foldent, Sgearcon? Educati, who is here for sajdy practicely makes agreet figure in the legal of the prior ... derror, uncomptying the larger for head of the prior ... derror, uncomptying the larger for the conditional more than a reducer of the look by the clother darks stretched mordant, and whose we used to the most conditional conditions.

Book I. AN EPIC POEM. 103 comes the king in peace?" "In peace he comes not, Cairbar. I have feen his forward peart. It is a meteor of death; the blood of thousands is on its ficel. He came first to the shore, strong in the gray hair of age. Full role his finewy limbs, as he strode in his might. That fword is by his fide which gives no fecond | wound. His fhield is terrible, like the bloody moon afcending through a ftorm. Then came Offian, king of fongs; and Morni's ion, the first of men. Connal leaps forward on his fpear. Dermit fpreads his dark brown locks. Fillan bends his bow, the young hunter of ftreamy Moruth. But who is that before them, like the dreadful course of a stream? It is the fon of Offian, bright between his locks. His long hair falls on his back. His dark brows are half-inclosed in fteel. His fword hangs loofe on his fide. His fpear glitters as he moves. I fled from his terrible eyes, king of high Temora."

"Then fly, thou feeble man," faid Foldath in gloomy wrath. " Fly to the gray fireums of thy land, fon of the little foul! Have not I feen that Ofcar! I beheld the chief in war. He is of the mighty in danger; but there are others who lift the fpear. Erin has many fons as brave, king of Temora of Groves! Let Foldath meet him in the ftrength of his course, and ftop this mighty fiream. My fpear is covered with the blood of the valiant; my shield is like the wall of Tura."

"Shall Foldath alone meet the foe?" replied the dark-browed Malthos. " Are they not numerous on our coast, like the waters of many streams? Are not

<sup>†</sup> Mor-annal here alludes to the particular appearance of Fingal's foear. If a man, upor his first landing in a straige country kept the point of his spear forward, it denoted, in those days, that he came in a houtle manner, and accordingly he was freated as an enemy; if he kept the point behind him, it was a token of frichofhip, and he was immediately invited to the leaft, according to the hospitality of the times.

this was the fimous fword of Fingal, made by I uno, a fmith of Lochlin, and after him poet cally called the fon of Luno; it is said of this fword, that it killed a mon at every stroke; and that Fingal never used it but in times of the greatest dan may

<sup>1</sup> the opposite characters of Foldath and Malthos are strongly marked in Subfequest part of the poem. They appear always in opposition. The feuds between their remit es, which were the fource of their haired to one another, are mentioned in other opens.

thefe the chiefs who vanquified Swaran, when the fous of Erin field? And finall Foldath meet their bravefi herees! Foldath of the heart of pride! take the firength of the cople; and let Malthoscome. My fword is red

with flarghter, but who has heard my words??"

"Sens of green Erin," faid Hidalla ||, "let not Fingel hear your words. The foe might rejoice, and his arm he flrong in the land. Ye are brave, O warriors! and like the florms of the defert; they meet the rocks without fear, and overturn the woods. But let us move in our firength, flow as a gathered cloud. Then shall the mighty tremble; the spear shall fall from the kand of the valiant. We see the cloud of death, they will fay, while shadows sty over their face. Fingal will room in bis age, and see his slying fame. The sleps of his chiefs will crase in Morven; the most of years shall grow in Schma."

Cafrbar heard their words, in filence, like the cloud of a flower: it flands dark on Cromla, till the lightning burfts its fides: the valley gleams with red light; the fpirits of the florm rejoice. So flood the filent king of

Teniora; at length his words are heard.

Tenora; at length his words are heard.

"Spread the feaft on Mol-lena: let my hundred bards attend. Thou red-haired Olla, take the harp of the king. Go to Ofear, chief of fwords, and bid him to our feaft. To-day we feaft and hear the fong; to-morrow break the ipears. Tell him that I have raifed the tomb of Cathol 1; that bards have fung to his ghoft. Tell him that Cairbar has heard his fane at the fiream of refounding Carun 14. Cathmor III is not here, Borbar-

il fallills was the chief of Clonra, a finall diffriction the banks of the lake of Lego. The heady of his parion, his eloquence, and genius for poetry, are afterwards mentioned.

<sup>†</sup> That is, who hashcard my vaunting? He intended the expression as a rebute to the fait-prayie of Foldath.

# Holdlin was the third of Clours, a finall district on the banks of the lake of Le-

neutraneous of Manoham, or Moran, was mundered by Carban for his atpermanent on the found of Comman. The land steemed Office for the war of inmispermanent on the foundation of the land of the la

it is alled to the brittle of Okaramanii Cares, king of Mars, who is impose all to be the form with the order that are the ky Cathana, "great in turnled the sent are desirable at disraper of Calegor

duthul's generous race. He is not here with his thoufands, and our arms are weak. Cathmor is a foe to ftrife at the feaft: his foul is bright as that fun. But Cairbar shall fight with Ofcar, chiefs of the woody Temora! His words for Cathol were many, the wrath of Cairbar burns. He shall fall on Moi-lena: my fame shall rife in blood."

Their faces brightened round with joy. They fpread over Moi-lena. The feast of shells is prepared. The fongs of bards arife. We heard the voice of joy on the coaft: we thought that mighty Cachinor came. Cathmor the friend of flrangers! the brother of redhaired Cairbar. Their fouls were not the fame. The light of heaven was in the bosom of Cathmor. His towers rose on the banks of Atha: seven paths led to his halls. Seven chiefs flood on the paths, and called the stranger to the feast! But Cathinor dwelt in the wood to avoid the voice of praise.

Vol. II.

king of Ireland, had, before the infurrection of the Firholg, paffed over into Inishina, supposed to be a part of South-Pritain, to all it Commor king of that place agreement his enemies. Cathing was necessful in the war, but, in the course of its Commor was either killed, or died a natural death. Califorat, uson intelligence the deficus of Fingal to dethrone him, had diffratched a mellenger for Cathingra who returned note ireland a few days before the eneming of the morn,

Caubar have takes advantage of his brother's abience, to perpetrate his ungenerous defires against Ofcar: for the noble fairly of Cathmor, had be been prejent. would not have permitted the laws of that hof stabty, for which he was fo renowned hinsfelf, to be violated. The brothers form a contrait; we do not detell the mean foul of Cairbar more, than we admire the deanterested and generous nand of Cathmor.

t Fingal's army heard the joy that was in Cairbar's camp. The character given of Cathenor is agreeable to the times. Some, through oftentation, were horizitable; and others fell naturally into a cutton handed down from their ancidors. But what marks firengly the character of Cathmor, is his average to praife; for he is represented to dwell in a wood to avoid the thanks of his gueffs; which is full a higher degree or generolity than that of Art has in flomer; for the poet does not fay, but the good man neight, at the head of his own table, have heard with preafure the praife bellowed on him by the people he entertained.

No nation in the would carried hopotality to a greater length than the ancient Scots. It was even infamous, for man, agos, in a man of condition, to have the door of his house that at all, "lent," as the birds express it, "the firanger flould come and behold his contracted foul," some of the chiefs were policifed of this hospitable disjosition to an extravagant degree: and the bards, perhaps up-on a felidh account, never failed to recommend it, in their eulogicums. "Cean-uia" he dai', or the point to which all the roads of the heangers lead," was an invariabut couthet given by them to the chiefs; on the contrary, they diffinguish the in-Lo pitable by the title of " the cloud which the Brangers thun?" This laft however was to encommon, that in all the old norms I have ever mot with, I found but one is an branced with this ignomerators apportation; and that, seeb ups, only frond, I up on a private quarrel, which fabilited between him and the pution of the baru, wad wrote the pelear.

Cha came with his longs. Ocar went to Cambar's feaft. Three hundred warriors frede along Moi-lena of the fireams. The gray dogs bounded on the heath, their howling reached afar. Fingal faw the departing hero: the foul of the king was fad. He dreaded Cambar's gleemy thoughts, amidft the feaft of fhelis. My fon raifed high the fpear of Cormac: an hundred bards met him with fongs. Cairbar concealed with infles the death that was dark in his foul. The feaft is fprend; the fiells refound: joy brightens the face of the hoft. But it was like the parting beam of the fun, when he is to hide his red head in a form.

is to have his red head in a form. Caibbar rofe in his arms; da kin is gathered on his brow. The hundred harps cealed at once. The clangt of fhields was heard. For elikant on the heath, Olla raifed his fong of wo. For elikant on the heath, Olla and rifing, feized his finear. "Cicar!" faid the dorked Cairbar, I behold the fipear of Innis fail. The fipear of Tennora I glitters in thy hand, fon of woody Morven! It was the price of an hundred†† kings, the death of heroes of old. Yield it, fon of Offian, yield it to car-borne Cairbar."

"Shall I yield," Ofear replied, "the gift of Erin's injured king: the gift of fair-haired Cormac, when Ofear feateretch is fees? I came to Cormac's halls of joy, when Swaran fled from Fingal. Gladnefs rofe in the face of youth: he gave the fpear of Temora. Nor did he give it to the feeble, O Cairlear, neither to the weak in foul. The darknefs of thy face is no florm to

<sup>4</sup> When a third was determined to kill a perfor sleenly in his power, it was under the finity that his death was intereded, by the intered or a book it truck with the bluck and of a factor at the fame intered to be considered with the bluck and of a factor at the fame intered to be considered with the bluck and the bluck

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the dispersion of high rich.

All It refer the row in indefinite number, and is only in tended to copy for great sense. It was proceed, the higher cloud part in the rest, that pave the first large refer the large row in an arrange in the remote a period so that past copy.

Rook I. AN EPIC POEM. 107 me; nor are thine eyes the flames of death. Do I fear thy clanging fhield? Tremble I at Olla's fong? No:

Cairbar, frighten the feeble; Ofcar is a rock." "And wilt thou not yield the spear?" replied the rifing pride of Cairbar. " Are thy words to mighty because Fingal is near? Fingal with aged locks from Morven's hundred groves! He has fought with little men. But he must vanish before Cairbar, like a thin pillar of mift before the winds of Athal +" " Were he who fought with little men near Atha's darkening chief: Atha's darkening chief would vield green Erin to avoid his rage. Speak not of the mighty, O Cairbar! but turn thy fword on me. Our firength is equal; but Fingal is renowned! the first of mortal

Their people faw the darkening chiefs. Their crowding steps are heard around. Their eyes roll in fire. A thousand fwords are half-unsheathed. Red-haired Olla raifed the fong of battle: the trembling joy of Ofcar's foul arofe: the wonted joy of his foul when Fingal's horn was heard. Dark as the fwelling wave of ocean before the rifing winds, when it bends its head near a coast, came on the host of Cairbar.

Daughter of Tofcar | ! why that tear? He is not fallen yet. Many were the deaths of his arm before my

hero fell!

Behold they fall before my fon like the groves in the defert, when an engry ghoft ruthes through night, and takes their green heads in his hand! Morlath falls: Maronnan dies: Conacha: trembles in his blood. Cairbar firmus before Olear's fword; and creeps in darkness behind his done. He lifted the spear in secret, and pierced my Ofcar's fide. He falls forward on his fhield: his knee fufta as the chief. But still his spear is in his hand. See gloomy Cairbar falls! The fteel pierced

<sup>†</sup> Atha, ' finallow river:' the name of Cairbar's feat in Connaught, § M. iv. as, the driving of Folias; to whom he addresses that part of the poem which relaxes to the seath of Os are included.

<sup>1</sup> the fruth Millorians place the death of Cairbar, in the latter end of the third

his forehead, and divided his red hair behind. He lay, like a fhattered rock, which Cromla fhakes from its fhaggy fide. But never more shall Ofcar rife! he leans on his boffy fhield. His spear is in his terrible hand: Erin's fons flood diffant and dark. Their flouts arose, like crowded ftreams; Moi-lena echoed wide.

Fingal heard the found, and took his father's fpear. His fleps are before us on the heath. He fpoke the words of wo. "I hear the noise of war. Young Ofcar is alone. Rife, fens of Morven; join the hero's .

fword."

Offian rushed along the heath. Fillan bounded over Moi-lena. Fingal ftrede in his ftrength, and the light of his shield is terrible. The fons of Erin faw it far diftant; they trembled in their fouls. They knew that the wrath of the king arose: and they foresaw their death. We first arrived; we fought, and Erin's chiefs withflood our rage. But when the king came, in the

century: they fav, he was killed in battle againft Ofcar the fon of Offian, but demy that he fell by his hand.

ny that he ten by in some 18th however, certain, that the Irish historians disguise, in some measure, this part of their history. An Irish poem on this f. bjech, which, undoubtedly was the fource of their information, concerning the battle of Gabhra, where Cairbar fell, is will now in my bands. The circumflances are lefs to the disadvantage of the character of Cairbar, than those related by Offian. As a translation of the poem (which though evidently novery ancient composition, does not want poetical me-rity would extend this note to too great a length, I shall only give the story of it in brick, with some extracts from the original Lush.

Ofcar, fays the Irish bard, was invited to a featt, at Temora, by Cairbar Fing of Once, payeous true many was invited to a reast, at Lemors, by Carrow Fing of Treland. A dipute acide between the two hones, concerning the exchange of fpears, which was usually made, between the guests and their field, poor face oc-cations. In the courts of their alteraction, Central field, in a boarful manner, that he would have on the fills of Albium, and carry the fipolls of it into Ireland, in fight of all the efforts of its innabilation. The original words are:

Brintharbuan fin : Brintharbuan A bheireadh an Cairbre rua', Gu tuga' fe fealg, agusereach A h'Albin an la'r na tabaireach.

Ofcar replied, that, the next day, he bunfelf would carry into Albion the fpoils of the five provinces of Ireland; in faire of the opposition of Cambar.

Briathar eile an achar' fin A bheirea' an . 'Ofcar, og, cauna Gu'n tugadh fe fealt, agus creach

Do dh'Albin an la'i na mhaire ch, &c.

Ofcar, in confequence of his threats, began to by waite Ireland; but as he returned with the spoil into Uliter, through the narrow pass of Gabbra (Cavil-ghlen-Ghabhra, he was met by Carbar, and a battle enfue, in which both the heroes tell by mutual wounds. The bard gives a very curious lift of the followers of Ofcar, as they marched to battle. They appear to have been five hundred in munder, commanded, as the protection for the control in munder. poem mentions Fingal, as arriving from Scotland, before Ofcar died of fus wounds.

Boot I. AN EPIC POEM. found of his course, what heart of steel could stand!

Erin fled over Moi lena. Death purfued their flight. We faw Ofcar on his fhield. We faw his blood around. Silence darkened every face Each turned his back and wept. The king strove to hide his tears. His gray beard whiftled in the wind. He bent his head above his fon. His words were mixed with fighs.

"And art thou fallen, Ofear, in the main of thy

course? the heart of the aged beats over thee! He fees thy coming wars. The wars which ought to come he fees! But they are cut off from thy fame. When shall joy dweil at Selma? When shall grief !spart from Morven? My sons fall by degrees: Fingo! shall be the last of his race. The fame which I have served fhall pais away: my age will be without friend. I fhall fit a gray cloud in my hall; nor fhall I have been of a fon, in the midfl of his founding arms. roes of Morven! never more fluit Ofer the

And they did weep, O Fingal! dear was do hero to their fouls. He went out to battle, an ! in foes vanished: He returned, in peace, amidst in bejoy. No father mourned his fon flain in youth: no brother his brother of love. They fell, without tears, for the chief of the people was low! Bran + is howling at his feet: gloomy Luath is fad, for he had often led them to the

chafe; to the bounding roe of the defert.

When Ofcar faw his friends around, his breast arose with fighs. "The groans," he faid, "of aged chiefs, the howling of my dogs: the fudden burfes of fongs of grief, have melted Ofcar's foul. My foul, that never melted before; it was like the fleel of my fword. Ollian, carry me to my hills! Raise the frones of my renown. Place the horn of the deer, and my fword within my narrow dwelling. The torrent hereafter may raise the carth: the hunter may find the fleel and fay, "This has been Ofrar's fword,"

"And falleit thou, fon of my fame! And fhall I ne-

gray flones; the mournful wind is there. The battle shall be fought without him: he shall not pursue the dark-brown hinds. When the warrior returns from battles, and tells of other lands; I have feen a tomb, he will lay, by the roaring fiream, the dark dwelling of a chief. He fell by car-borne Ofcar, the first of mortal men. I, perhaps, shall hear his voice; and a beam of joy will rife in my foul."

IIO

The night would have defeended in forrow, and mourning returned in the shadow of grief: our chiefs would have stood like cold dropping rocks on Moi-lena, and have forgot the war, did not the king difperfe his grief, and raife his mighty voice. The chiefs, as new-wakened from dreams, lift up their heads around. "How long on Moi-lena shall we weep; or pour

our tears in Uilin? The mighty will not return. Ofcar shall not rife in his strength. The valiant must tall one day, and be no more known on his hills. Where are our fathers, O warriors! the chiefs of the times of old? They have fet like flars that have shone, we only hear the found of their praife. But they were re-nowned in their day, the terror of other times. Thus fhall we pals, O warriers, in the day of our fall. Then let us be renowned when we may; and leave our fame behind us, like the last beams of the fun, when he bides his red head in the weft. Ullin, my aged bard! take the fhip of the king. Carry Ofcar to Schna of harps. Let the daughters of Morven weep. We shall fight in Erin for the race of fallen Cormac. The days of my years begin to fail: I feel the weakness of my arm. My fathers bend from their clouds, to receive their gray-haired fon. But before I go hence, one beam of fame shall rife: so shall my days end, as my years begun, in fame: my life thall be one thream of light to bards of other times.

Ullin vaifed his white thile; the wind of the fourh came forth. He bounded on the waves tov ards SelmaThe teast is spread on Moi-lena: an hundred heroes reared the tomb of Cairbar: but no fong is raifed over the chief: for his foul had been dark and bloody. The bards remembered the fall of Cormac! what could

711

they fay in Cairbar's praise?

The night came rolling down. The light of an hundred oaks arofe. Fingal fat beneath a tree. Old Althan † flood in the midft. He told the tale of fallen Cormac. Althan the fon of Conachar, the friend of car-borne Cuchullin: he dwelt with Cormac in windy Temora, when Semo's fon fought with generous Torlath. The tale of Althan was mournful, and the tear was in his eye.

The || fetting fun was yellow on Dora ||. Gray evening began to defeend. Temora's woods shook with the blaft of the inconfrant wind. A cloud, at length, gathered in the weft, and a red flar looked from behind its edge. I flood in the wood alone, and faw a ghost on the darkening air. His stride extended from hill to hill: his fhield was dim on his fide. It was the fon of Semo: I knew the warrior's face But he passed away in his blast; and all was dark around. My foul was fad. I went to the hall of fnells. A thoufund lights arofe: the hundred bards had firung the harp. Cormac stood in the midst, like the morning ftar, when it rejoices on the eastern hill, and its young beams are bathed in showers. The sword of Artho th was in the hand of the king; and he looked with joy on its polified fluds: thrice he flrove to draw it, and thrice he failed; his yellow locks are spread on his fhoulders: his cheeks of youth are red. I mourned over the beam of youth, for he was foon to fet.

<sup>†</sup> Althan, the fon of Conachar, was the chief bard of Arth, king of Iroland. As or the destrior Arth, Althen attended his for Cormac, and was prefer at his death. He had made his single from Cailbar, by the means of Cathnor, and Coungits Fired, related, as here, the death of his matter Cormac.

Do a, " 'ne woody fide of a m authing" it is here a hill in the neighbourhood

which is Arthe, the father of Cornac king or freland.

"Althan!" he faid, with a fimile, "haft thou beheld my father? Heavy is the fword of the king, furely his arm was firong. O that I were like him in battle, when the rage of his wrath arofe! then would I have met, like Cuchullin, the car-borne fon of Cantels! But years may come on, O Althan! and my arm be firong. Haft thou heard of Semo's fon, the chief of ligh Temora? He might have returned with his fame; for he promifed to return to-night. My bards wait him with longs; my feaft is forced in Temora."

I heard the king in filence. My tears began to flow. I hid them with my aged locks; but he perceived my grief. "Son of Conachar!" he faid, "is the king of Tura + low? Why burfts thy figh in feeret? And why defeends the tear? Comes the car-borne Torlath? Or the found of the red-haired Cairbar? They come! for I behold thy grief. Moffy Tura's king is low! Shall I not rufh to battle? But I cannot lift the fpear! O had naine arm the ftrength of Cuchullin, foon would Cairbar fiv; the fame of my fathers would be renewed; and the deeds of other times!"

He took his bow. The tears flow down, from both his fparkling eyes. Grief faddens round: the bards bend forward, from their hundred harps. The lone blaft touched their trembling firings. The found || is fad and low. A voice is heard at a diffance, as of one in grief; it was Carril of other times, who came from dark Slimear 4. He told of the death of Cuchullin, and of his mighty deeds. The people were feattered round his tomb: their arms lay on the ground. They had forced the war, for he, their fire, was frem no more.

forgot the war, for he, their fire, was feen no more.
"But who," faid the fort-voiced Carril, "come like
the bounding roes? Their flature is like the young trees
of the plain, growing in a flower: Soft and ruddy are

<sup>+</sup> Cuchollin is called the king of Turn, from a calle of that name on the coall of Ulbra, when he dwell, before he undertook, the management of the adairs of Rehand, in the anaestry of Cornae.

§ 11, peop. to found, mentioned in other poems, which the harps of the adairs amunt detects the earth of perion worth and removed. It is here as no award of the call of the

the detect of C. man, which, from start to lowed.

Solutions, a link in twoman, by near which Chemellin was killed.

AN EFEC POEM. Book I. their cheeks; but fearless fouls look forth from their eyes! Who but the fons of Ufnoth t, the car-borne chiefs of Etha. The people rife on every fide, like the firength of an half-extinguished fire, when the winds come fudden, from the defert, on their ruftling wings. The found of Caithbat's # shield was heard. The heroes faw Cuchullin in Nathos. So rolled his fparkling eyes; his fleps were fuch on the heath. Battles are fought at Lego: the fword of Nathos prevails. Soon shalt thou behold him in thy halls, king of Temora of

Greves." "And foon may I behold the chief!" replied the blue-eyed king. "But my foul is fad for Cuchullin; his voice was pleafant in mine ear. Often have we moved, on Dora, to the chafe of the dark-brown hinds: his bow was unerring on the mountains. He spoke of mighty men. He told of the deeds of my fathers; and I felt my joy. But fit thou at the feast, O bard, I have often heard thy voice. Sing in the praise of Cuchullin; and of that mighty firanger + +."

Day rose on woody Temora, with all the beams of the east. Trathin came to the hall, the son of old Gellama ||||||. "I behold," he said, "a dark cloud in the defert, king of Innis-fail! a cloud it fecmed at first, but now a crowd of men. One strides before them in his flrength; his red hair flies in wind. His fhield glitters to the beam of the eaft. His ipear is in his hand."

"Call him to the feaft of Temora," replied the

<sup>+</sup> Ufnoth, chief of Etha, a diffrict on the weftern coaft of Scotland, had three fons, Natho-, Althos, and Ardan, by Sliffama the fifter of Cuchullini. The three brothers, when very vound, were lent over to Ireland by their father, to learn the use or arms under their uncle, whose mulitary same was very great in that king-They had just acrived in Ultter when the news of Cuchellon's death arrived Nathos, the eldest of the three brothers, took the command of Cuchullin's ermy, and made head against Cairbar the chief of Atha. Cairbar having at man, murdered young king Cormac, at Temora, the army of Nathos shifted aces, as d the brothers were obliged to return into Uliter. in order to pais over into Scotland. The fequel of their mournful ftory is related, at large, in the poems "Dur-thulas | Caithbait was grandfulner to Cuch thin; and his fhield was made ufe of to a-

land, his potterity to the hat less of a le family.

That is, they faw a manifelt likeness between the perfon of Nathos and Cuchullin.

<sup>++</sup> Nathos the fon of Ulnoth.

<sup>(</sup> Geal-lamba, 'white-handed.'

114 TEMORA: Book I. king of Erin. "My hall is the house of strangers, sen

of the generous Gellama! Perhaps it is the chief of Etha, coming in the found of his renown. Hail, mightyt ftranger! art thou of the friends of Cormac? But Carril, he is dark, and unlovely; and he draws his fword. Is that the fon of Ulnoth, bard of the times of old?"

"It is not the fon of Ufnoth," faid Carril, " but the chief of Atha. Why comest thou in thy arms to Temora, Cairbar of the gloomy brow? Let not thy fword rife against Cormac! Whither dost thou turn thy fpeed?" He paffed on in his darknefs, and feized the hand of the king. Cormac forefaw his death, and the rage of his eyes arofe. Retire, thou gloomy chief of Atha: Nathos comes with battle. Thou art bold in Cormac's hall, for his arm is weak. The fword entered the fide of the king: he fell in the halls of his fa-thers. His fair hair is in the duft. It is blood is finoking round.

"And art thou fallen in thy halls ||, O fon of noble Artho? The fhield of Cuchullin was not near. Nor the frear of thy father. Mournful are the mountains of Erin, for the chief of the people is low! Bleft he thy feul, O Cormac! thou art darkened in thy youth."

His words came to the ears of Cairbar, and he clofed us f in the midft of darkness. He feared to stretch his fword to the bards ++ though his foul was dark. Long had we pined alone; at length, the noble Cathmor ill came. He heard our voice from the cave; he

turned the eve of his wrath on Cairbar. "Chief of Atha!" he faid, "how long wilt thou pain my foul? Thy heart is like the rock of the defert; and thy thoughts are dark. But thou art the brother

of which he did not caprove.

f From this expression, we understand, that Calrbar had entered the palace of

Tensora, in the midit of Cormae's focch.

h Althan speaks I that is, fundelf and Carril, as it afterwards appears.

<sup>++</sup> The perfors of the pards were to facred, that even he, who had jult murdered his to cream, leased to kill them. Ill Cathanor appears the fame difinterefled hero upon every occasion. His huma-

nity and generolity were unparalleled; in thort he had no fault, but too much attachment to to bad a brother as Cairbar His family connection with Cairbar prevails, as he expecifes it over every other confideration, and makes him engage in a war,

Brok I. AN EPIC POEM. IIC of Cathmor, and he will fight thy battles. But Cathmor's foul is not like thine, thou feeble hand of war! The light of my bolom is flained with thy deeds: the bards will not fing of my renown. They may fay, Cathmor reas crave, but he fought for gloomy Cairbar. They will pass over my tomb in filence: my fame shall not be heard. Cairbar! loofe the bards: they are the fons of other times. Their voice shall be heard in other years;

after the lings of Temora have failed." "We came forth at the words of the chief. We faw him in his ftrength. He was like thy youth, O Fingal, when thou first didft lift the spear. His face was like the plain of the fun, when it is bright: no darkness travelled over his brow. But he came with his thousands to Ullin; to aid the red-haired Cairbar:

and now he comes to revenge his death, O king of woody Morven." "And let him come," replied the king; "I love a foo like Cathmor. His foul is great; his arm is strong; his battles are full of fame. But the little foul is a vapour that hovers round the marshy lake: it never rifes on the green hill, left the winds fhould meet it there: its dwelling is in the cave, it fends forth the dart of death. Our young heroes, O warriors, are like the re-nown of our fathers. They fight in youth, they fall: their names are in the fong. Fingal is amidft his darkening years. He must not fall, as an aged oak, across a fectet fiream. Near it are the fleps of the hunter, as it lies beneath the wind. How bas that tree fallen? He, whiftling, firides along.

"Raife the fong of joy, ye bards of Morven, that our fouls may forget the part. The red flars look on us from the clouds, and filently defeend. Soon fhall the gray beam of the morning rife, and they us the foes of Corman. Fillan! take the spear of the king; go to Mera's dark-brown fide. Let thine eyes travel over the hear's, like flames of fire. Obfirve the fees of Fingal, and the course of generous Cathmor. I hear a defant leural, like the falling of rocks in the defert. 116 TEMORA: AN EPIC POEM. Eook I. But firthe thou thy fhield, at times, that they may not come through night, and the fame of Morven ceafe. I begin to be alone, my fon, and I dread the fall of my renown."

The voice of the bards arofe. The king leaned on the flield of Tremmor. Sleep defeended on his eyes; his future battles rofe in his dreams. The hoft are fleeping around. Dark-haired Fillan observed the foe. His fleps are on a distant hill: we hear at times, his clanging flield.



## TEMORA:

AΝ

## EPIC POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

This book opens, we may suppose, about midnight, with a following of Offian, who had retired, from the rest of the army, to mourn for his for effect. Unon hearing the none of C th nor's a my approaching, he we't to find out his brother Filling, who kept the watch, on the hill of Mora, in the front of Fingar's army. In the convertation of the brothers, the epitode of Court, the tor of Treamor, who was the field king of treland, is ratroduced, which lays open the Origin of the content showers the Call and Europhy the two masses who first pof-fested their felves of that shand. Offices kindles a fare of Mora; e.g. on which Cathing desired from the oeigin he has former lof in rifinetic army of the caledomans. He calls a council of his chie sy reprimands I side h for advising a night-attack, as the frish army were to much Juperior in number to the enemy. The bard Form introduces the flory of Coothar, the antehor of the king, which throws further light on the hittory or treiand, and the original pretentions, of the tanney of Atha, to the throne of that kington. The Irah chiers lie down to roll, and Cathmor hinde rendertakes the watch. In his circuit round the army, he is met by Offian. The interview of the two heroes is deferibed. Cathmor obtains a promife from Officin, to order a funeral clegy to be tent over the grave of Cairbar; it being the opinion of the times, that the fouls of the dead could not be happy, till their elegies were fring by a bard. Mosning comes. Cothma: and Other part: and the latter, cafually meeting with carril the fen of Kinfene, fends that bard, with a funcial fong, to the tomb of Cairbar.

### BOOK II.

FATHER † of heroes, Tremon! dweller of eddying winds! where the dark-red course of thunder marks the troubled clouds! Open thou thy flormy halls, and let the bards of old be near: let them draw near, with their longs and their half-viewles harps. No dweller of milty valley comes; no hunter unknown at his fireams; but the car-borne Oscar from the folds Vol. II.

† Though this book has little action, it is not the ideal important part of Temora. The post in feweral episides, raws on the cast, or the same in the service incomposition that ideal is flut trace of kins, and the recommend to spacement, and appeared to a trace of an electric post, and are discovered by the post, with the intelligence of the contraction of the contractio

of war. Suddon is thy change, my fon, from what then wert on dark Moi-lena! The blaft folds thee in its fkirt, and refules along the fity.—Doft thou not behold thy father, at the fiream of night? The chiefs of Morven fleep far diffant. They have left no fon! But ye have loft a hero, chiefs of ftreamy Morven! Who could equal his ftrength, when battle rolled against his fide, like the darknefs of crowded waters?—Why this cloud on Offian's foul? It ought to burn in danger. Erni is near with her hoft. The king of Morven is alone. Alone thou fhalt no be, my father,

while I can hit the figear.

I role, in my rattling arms. I liftened to the wind of night. The flield of lilling t is not heard. I flook for the fon of Fingal. Why flould the foe come, by night; and the dark haired warrior fail? Diffant, fullen murmurs rife: like the noife of the lake of Lego, when its waters farink, in the days of froft, and all its burfling lice refounds. The people of Lara look to heaven, and forefee the florm. My fleps are forward on the heath; the fipear of Ofear in my hand. Red flars looked from high. I gleamed along the night. I saw Fillan fillent befere me, bending forward from Mora's rock. He heard the floot of the foe; the joy of his foul arofe. He heard my founding tread, and turned his lifted fipear.

"Comest thou, four of night, in peace? Or dost thou meet my wrath? The foes of lingal are mine. Speak, or fear my steel. I stand, not in vain, the shield of

Morven's race."

"Never mayoft thou fland in vain, fon of blue-eyed

<sup>4</sup> Weinderford, Con the providing book, that Cathour was new with a new new With a new construction of the control of the wind as the construction of the control of the Cathour say, to before the control of the contro

Clatho. Fingal begins to be alone; darkness gathers on the laft of his days. Yet he has two t fons who ought to thine in war. Who ought to be two beams of light, near the fleps of his departure."

"Son of Fingal," replied the youth, "it is not long fince I railed the spear. Few are the marks of my fword in battle, but my foul is fire. The chiefs of Bolga | crowd around the flield of generous Cathmor. Their gathering is on that heath. Shall my fleps approach their host? I yielded to Oscar alone, in the strike of the race, on Cona."

"Fillan, thou fhalt not approach their hoft; nor fall before thy fame is known. My name is heard in fong: when needful I advance. From the fkirts of night I fhall view their gleaming tribes. Why, Fillan, didft thou freak of Ofcar, to call forth my righ? I must forget 1 the warrior till the florm is rolled away. Sadnefs ought not to dwell in danger, nor the tear in the eye of war. Our fathers forgot their fallen fons, till the noife of arms was paft. Then forrow returned to the tomb, and the fong of bards arofe."

"Conar ++ was the brother of Trathal, first of mor-

t That is, two fons in Ireland. Persus, the fecond fon of Fincel, was, at that time, on an expedition, which is mentioned in one of the lefter poems of Othan-He, according to fome traditions, was the anceflor of Feigus, the fon of Erc, or Arcata, commonly called reggs the fecond in the scottish hancies. The beginming of the reach of Persus, over the scots, is placed, by the most approved annals of Scotiand, in the fourth year of the finh age; a full entury after the death of Offian. The genealogy of he tannily is recorded thus by the highland servicines , Fergus Mec-Arcath, Mac-Chongeal, Mac-Fergus, Mac-Fiongael na buar?: 1 e. Ferg is the fon of Arcach, the fon of Congal, the fon of Fergus, the fan of Fingal the victorious.' This fubject is treated more at large, in the bullertation prenaction

The fouthern parts of Ireland went for fome time, under the name of Bolga, from the Firboly or Bolgar of Britain, who fittled a clony there. Bolg figures a quiver, from which proceeds Fir-told, i.e. box-men, to called from their about

bows, more than any or the neighbouring nations

1. is remarkable, that, after this paffage, Offer is not mentioned in all Temora. The tituations of the characters who act in the poem are fo interesting, that others, foreign to the fubject, could not be introduced with any luftre. Though the opifode, which follows, may been to flow naturally enough from the conversation of the brothers, yet I have flown, in a preceding note, and, more as large in the Differentian prefixed to this colliction, that the poet had a factor ordiga in view.

to Conar, the first king of Ireland, was the fon of Tremmor, the great-grandfather of lines). It was on account of this tarnly connection, that Fingal was engaged in formany who in the confe of the race of Conar. The few of the actions of Trepanor are mentioned in Office a poems, yet, from the honourable appeara-

tal men. His battles were on every coast. A thouland fireams rolled down the blood of his foes. His fame filled green Erin, like a pleafant gale. The nations gathered in Ullin, and they bleffed the king; the king of the race of their fathers, from the land of hinds.

"The chiefs † cf the fouth were gathered, in the darknefs of their pride. In the horrid cave of Mona, they mixed their feeret words. Thither often, they faid, the fpirits of their fathers came; shewing their pale forms from the chinky rocks, and reminding them of the henour of Bolga. Why should Conar reign, the fon of fireamy Morven?

"They came forth, like the fireams of the defert, with the roar of their hundred tribes. Conar was a rock before them: broken they rolled on every fide. But often they returned, and the fons of Ullin fell. The king flood, among the tombs of his warriors, and darkly bent his mournful face. His foul was rolled into ifelf; he marked the place where he was to full; when Trathal came, in his fitrength, the chief of cloudy Morven. Nor did he come alone, Colgar was at his fide: Colgar the fon of the king and of white-hofomed Solin-corma.

"As Trentner, clothed with meteors, defeends from the halls of thunder, pouring the dark florm before him

tiensbellowed on him, we may conclude that he was, in the days of the peet, the next renormed name of anterprise. The must probable opinion renorming him, that is was the fifty, who unried the tribes of the Caledonium, and commanded them, in chief, genint the investigeness of the Romann. The presenting the other North have traced his node far back, and of one lot of his amentors to Canadior and have traced his node far back, and of one lot of his amentors to Canadior and has or Common of the twoch, who, accommendation has no concentration has made proceeding, with funding Green Assault. Genealogies of to ancient a date, however, are little to 1 depended to on.

\*\*The cher's of the Friendy who partial themselves of the footh of Iroland, a three for the extension is the Celebraty and the Iroland property of the extension is the Friendy were by much, the moli power cells making a most is probable that the Celebraty was that, the moli power cells making a most is probable that the Celebraty was the three cells are the cells

[College, 4 Servely, covine warrier? Sulin.co-ma. blue eye? College was the close of the four-of Trailal Combil, who was the factor of friends was ex-viving when the present excedition to Leland haspiaced. It is remarkable, that, or adhie success, the other resolution on climital, which probably a contribution of controls which probably controls of the control of the controls of the controls of the control of the control of the controls of the control of the controls of the control of the

Book II. AN EPIC POEM. T 2 T

over the troubled fea: fo Colgar descended to lattle, and wafted the echoing field. His father rejoiced over the hero: but an arrow came. His tomb was raifed, without a tear. The king was to revenge his fon. He lightened forward in battle, till Bolga yielded at her

"When peace returned to the land, and his blue waves bore the king to Morven: then he remembered his fon, and poured the filent tear. Thrice did the bards, at the cave of Furmono, call the foul of Colgar. They called him to the hills of his land; he heard them in his mift. Trathal placed his fword in the cave, that the spirit of his son might rejoice."

"Colear t, fon of Trathal," faid Fillan, " thou wert renowned in youth! But the king hath not marked my fword, bright-flreaming on the field. I go forth with the crowd: I return, without my fame. But the foe approaches, Offian. I hear their murmur on the heath. The found of their fleps is like thunder, in the bofom of the ground, when the rocking hills thake their groves, and not a blast pours from the darkened ikv."

Sudden I turned on my spear, and raised the fiame of an oak on high. I foread it large on Mora's wind. Cathmor flopt in his courte. Gleaming he flood, like a rock, on whose fides are the wandering of blafts; which feize its echoing fireams and clothe them over with ice. So flood the friend of trangers. The winds lift his heavy looks. Thou art the taileft of the race of Erin, king of fireamy Atha!

" First of bards," faid Cathmor, " Fonar T, call the chiefs of Erin. Call red-haired Cormar, dark-browed

to dringers, which was forgreat as to be remarkable, even in those days to a stpitality.

t The poet begins here to mark strongly the character of Fillan, who is to I the post enter is more to mark arongy the character of raining who is to make to great a finite in the fequel of the pean. He has the impatione, the zimbition, and fire which are possible to a going hero. Kindled with the rome of Colgar, he forests an untimally fall. From Fillan's experion in this paniers, it would from that he was neglected by Fined on account of his tooth. Carbono is diffinguished, by this hopport bla tarle, on account of his generality

W Fonar, 'the man of fongs' Before the introduction of Ch idinit; , a name was not imposed upon any perfore, to the had detengaished hunder by some remarkable action, from which his name though be carried.

Let the pride of Foldath appear: the red-rolling eye of Turlotho. Nor let Hidalla be forgot; his voice, in danger, is like the found of a shower, when it falls in

the blafted vale, near Atha's falling ftream."

They came, in their clanging arms. They bent forward to his voice, as if a spirit of their fathers spoke from a cloud of night. Dreadful shone they to the light; like the fall of the fiream of Bruno +, when the meteor lights it before the nightly ftranger. Shuddering, he stops in his journey, and looks up for the beam. of the morn.

"Why | delights Foldath," faid the king, " to pour the blood of foes, by night? Fails his arms in battle, in the beams of day? Few are the foes before us, why fhould we clothe us in mift? The valiant delight to fhine, in the battles of their land. Thy countel was in vain, chief of Moma; the eyes of Morven do not fleep. They are watchful, as eagles, on their moffy rocks. Let each collect, beneath his cloud, the fivength of his roaring tribe. To-morrow I move, in light, to meet the fees of Bolga! Mighty " was he, that is low, the race of Borbar-duthul!"

"Not unmarked," faid Foldath, "were my fleps before thy race. In light, I met the fees of Cairbar; the warrior praifed my deeds. But his fiene was raifed without a tear! No bard fung ++ over Brin's king; and thall his foes rejoice along their moffy lills? No: they must not rejoice; he was the friend of Foldath. Cur words were mixed, in fecret, in Moina's filent cave; whild thou, a how in the field, purfuedit the

8 By this erel in it or, Cabinor intimates that he intends to revenge the death

on he bether Callian

He to have no normal sleng farmover him to the was in those dars reckoned the
product in Figure that on the health made to the root coalle and otherwise be acmitted to the firy had of his fatt ers.

<sup>+</sup> Brurio was a slace of worthip (Fing B. VI.) in Croca, which is supposed to be one of the free of Shell and. It was thought, that the spirits of the decered hounts dut, by night, which adds more to for in the description introduced one. The board could of Prime, where often, they and, the guote of the coad howled

round the round fear.
From the pulper is appears, that it was Foldach who had advised the night-strack. The glowing that carr of Foldach is properly contraffed to the generous, the open Cathoron

Book II. AN EPIC POEM. 123

thiffle's beard. With Moma's fons I fhall rufh abroad, and find the foe, on his dufty hills. Fingal fhall lie without his fong, the gray-haired king of Schna."

"Doft thou think, thou feeble man," replied the chief of Atha; "doft thou think that he can fall, withcost his fame; in Brin? Could the bards be filed, at the totale of the mighty Fingal? The fong would burft in feeret; and the fipirt of the king rejoice. It is when thou flash fall, that the bard final rorget the fong. Thou art dark, chief of Moma, though thine arm is a tempest in war. Do I forget the king of Erin, in his narrow house? My foul is not loft to Cairbar, the brother of my love. I marked the bright beams of joy, which travelled over his cloudy mind, when I returned, with fame, to Atha of the fireams."

Tall they removed, beneath the words of the king; each to his own dark tribe; where humming, they relad on the heath, foint-glitering to the flars; like waves in a rocky bay, before the nightly wind. Beneath an oak, lay the chief of Adha; his fhield, a duffix rock, hung high. Near him, againft a rock, leaned the flranger t of Inis-huna; that beam of light, with wandering locks, from Lumon of the rocs. At diffance rofe the voice of Fonar, with the deeds of the days of old. The fong fails, at times, in Luhar's growing roar.

"Crothar "," begun the bard, " first dwelt at Atha's roofly farcain. A thousand " calls, from the moun-

Crother was the ancettor of Cathmor, and the first of his family, who had fettled in Atha. It was in his time, that the first wars were kindled between the Tirbdy and Cael. The property of the cythode is evident; as the contest which originally rofe between Crothar and Conar, substitud afterwards between their positive, and was the foundation of the flower of the power.

Y from this circumition we may learn, that the art of building with finne was now known in Technical Go and we though a Technical Court in the colony were long stilled in the country, the arts of early let began to intereste among them; for we find merchan while of the towns of Albain to the lines of Catharay, while the towns of Albain to the lines of Catharay, while the towns of Albain to the lines of Catharay, while the country is the still the country of the count

compositions annually, before they fabratte, then to the judgment of the king in Salma.

<sup>†</sup> By the firanger of Inis-huna, is meant Schmidla, the daughter of Commorking of Inis-huna, the an lent name of that part of South-Britain, which is next to the Frink coart. She had followed Cathmor in difguife. Her flory is related at large in the fourth book.

tains, formed his echoing hall. The gathering of the people was there, around the feaft of the blue-eyed king. But who, among his chiefs, was like the flately Crothar? Warriors kindled in his prefence. The young figh of the virgins rofe. In Amerina † was the warrior honoured; the first of the race of Bolga.

"He purfued the chafe in Ullin: on the mois-covered top of Drumardo. From the wood looked the daughter of Cathmin, the blue-rolling eye of Can Jama. Her figh role in feeret. She bent her head, midft her wandering locks. The moon looked in, at night, and faw the white-tofling of her arms; for fhe thought of the mighty Crothar, in the feafon of her dreams.

"Three days feaffed Crothar with Cathmin. On the fourth they awaked the hinds. Con-lama moved to the chafe, with all her lovely fleps. She met Crothar in the narrow path. The bow, fell, at once, from her hand. She turned her face away, and half-hid it with her locks. The love of Crothar rofe. He brought the white-bofomed maid to Atha. Bards raifed the fong in her prefence; joy dwelt round the daughter of Ullin.

"The pride of Torloch rofe, a youth who loved the white-handed Con lama. He came with battle, to Alnecma; to Atha of the roes. Cormul went forth to the firife, the brother of car-borne Crothar. He went forth, but he fell, and the figh of his people rofe. Silent and tall, acrofs the fiream, came the darkening frength of Crothar: He rolled the fee from Alnecma, and returned, midit the joy of Conlima.

6 Battle on battle comes. Blood is poured on blood. The tombs of the valiant rife. Erin's clouds are hang round with ghofts. The chiefs of the fouth gathered round the echoing faield of Crothar. He came with death to the paths of the fee. The virgins wept, by the fivenus of Ulin. They looked to the mild of the

F. Alment (a) or A be closely by was the noticed name of Converget. Clin is but the large rate of the present of the England of the present of the formation to be set to defect on the College of the Community of the College of the Community (Conference of the Community Community) and the part of the Community of the control of the control of the Community of the Community of the control of the Community of the

Book II. AN EPIC POEM. 125 hill, no hunter descended from its folds. Silence dark-

ened in the land: blafts fighed lonely on graffy tombs. "Defeending like the eagle of heaven, with all his ruffling wings, when he forlakes the blaft with joy, the fon of Trenuor came; Conar, arm of death, from Morven of the groves. He poured his might along green Erim. Death dimly firode behind his fword. The fons of Bolga fled from his courfe, as from a fiream, that burfling from the fromy defert, rolls the fields together, with all their echoing woods. Crothar † met him in battle: but Alnecma's warriors fl.d. The king of Atha flowly retired, in the grief of his foul. He, afterwards, flone in the fouth; but dim as the fluo of autumn, when he vifits, in his robes of mift, Lara of dark fireams. The withered grafs is covered with dew: the field, though bright, is fad."

"Why wakes the bard before me," faid Cathmor, "the memory of those who sled? Has some ghost, from his dusky cloud, bent forward to thine ear; to frighten Cathmor from the field with the tales of old? Dwellers of the folds of night, your voice is but a blast to me; which takes the gray thistle's head, and frews its beard on streams. Within my bosom is a voice, others hear it not. His soul forbids the king of Erin to shrink

back from war."

Abashed the bard finks back in night: retired, he bends above a fiream, his thoughts are on the days of Atha, when Cathmor heard his fong with joy. His tears come rolling down: the winds are in his beard.

Erin fleeps around. No fleep comes down on Cathmor's eyes. Dark, in his foul, he faw the fpirit of low-laid Cairbar. He faw him, without his fong, rol-

Filth obligacy of the bard, with regard to Contact is commissible. As he was the assessing of Catalana, to whom the equitode is advanted to close of the with defeat an advantable liefs. The breaks being of the order of the Dunds, who pretended as a torokhowledge of events, were lappoid to have fone depending preference of toursts, "I hak king though, that he tender of Frenz's long proceeding in all in furdicional to increase the same of the same and that his was, tate was hadoed and in the last of the war, and that his was, tate was hadoed and in the last of the last, sitte of Catalana to the defeat of the last, sitte of Catalana to the last of the last, sitte of Catalana to the last of the last

led in a blaft of night. He rofe. His fleps were round the hoft. He firuck, at times, his echoing fhield. The found eached Offan's ear, on Mora of the hinds. "Fillan," I faid, "the foes advance. I hear the

The bound eached Chan's ear, on Mora of the linds, "Fillan," I faid, "the foes advance. I hear the flield of war. Stand then in the narrow path. Offian fhall mark their courfe. If over my fall the hoffiall pour; then be thy buckler heard. Awake the king on his heath, left his fame fhould ceale." I flrode in all my ratting arms; wide-bounding over a flream that darkly winded, in the field, before the king of A-tha. Green Atha's king, with lifted spear, came forward on my courfe. Now would we have mixed in horrid fray, like two contending shofts, that bending forward, from two clouds, fend forth the roaring winds; did not Offian behold, on high, the helmet of Erin's kings. The eagle's wing spread above it, ruftling in the breeze. A red star looked through the plumes. I flopt the lifted spear.

"The helmet of kings is before me! Who art thou fon of night? Shall Offian's fpear be renowned, when thou art lowly-laid?" At once he dropt the gleaning lance. Growing before me feemed the form. He firetched his hand in night; and fpoke the words of

kings.

"Friend of the fpirit of heroes, do I meet thee thus in fhades? I have wished for thy stately steps in Atha, in the days of feasls. Why should my spear now arise? The tun must behold us, Offian; when we bend, gleaning, in the strife. Future warriors shall mark the place: and, shuddering, think of other years. They shall mark it, like the haunt of ghosts, pleasant and dreadful to the foul."

"And fhall it be forgot," I faid, "where we meet in peace? Is the remembrance of battles always pleafant to the foul? Do not we behold, with joy, the place where cur fathers feafled? But our eyes are full of tears, on the field of their wars. This ftone fhall trife, with all its mois, and fpeak to other years. Feer Cathmor and Office met 1 the worriors met in feace! When

thou, O flone, fhalt fail: and Lubar's fiream roll quite away! then shall the traveller come, and bend here perhaps, in reft. When the darkened moon is rolled over his head, our fladowy forms may come, and, mixing with his dreams, remind him of this place. But - why turneft thou fo dark away, fon of Borbar-du-

thul+" " Not forgot, fon of Fingal, shall we ascend these winds. Our deeds are fireams of light, before the eves of bards. But darknefs is rolled on Atha: the king is low, without his fong : fill there was a beam towards Cathmor from his floring fool; like the moon, in a cloud, amidft the dark-red course of thunder."

"Son of Erin," I replied, " my wrath dwells not in his house |. My harred flies, on eagle-wing, from the foe that is low. He fhall hear the long of bards; Ca'rbar shall rejoice on his wirds."

Cathmor's fwelling foul arofe: he took the dagger from his fide; and placed it gleaming in my hand. He placed it, in my hand, with fighs, and, filent, firode away. Mine eyes followed his departure. He dimly gleamed, like the form of a ghoft, which meets a traveller by night, on the dark ikirted heath. His words are dark like fongs of old: with morning flrides the unfinished shade away.

Who 5 comes from Lubar's vale? From the folds of the morning mitt? The drops of heaven are on his head. His fleps are in the paths of the fad. It is Carril of ther times. He comes from Tura's float cave.

t Boront-untitul, "the furly warrior of the dark-brown eyes." That his name faite, well with his character, we may easily concerne, from the flory delivered concerning him, by Maithos, toward the end of the fixth book. He was the broa-ther of teat Colculla, who is mentioned in the proble when begins the fourth

<sup>|</sup> The grave, often postically called a house. This reply of Offian abounds with the most exhibit fentiments of a noble a and. Those o, of all non living, he was the most in-med by Cairbor, yet he laid afide his many is the toe was low. How different is this from the fin wip in of the horoes of other undept poems! " Cyp-

the same of the found do, from the opening of the poem, comes on.

The morning of the found do, from the opening of the poem, comes on.
After the dank of Commilia, Curil the found from all, his back, sched to the When well all not constant, Constant plant of the first is a visiting state to be one of the symbol use in the newton should it Middleng, the force of the po-em of second. But the transfer of the position of the first interestingly the transfer of the most of Coloning of the state of the most into the proposition and were the touch of Circles and the first second in the force of a rew hours.

TEMORA: AN EPIC POEM. Book II. I behold it dark in the rock, through the thin folds of mift. There, perhaps, Cuchullin fits, on the blaft which bends its trees. Pleafant is the fong of the

morning from the bard of Erin! "The waves crowd away for fear: they hear the found of thy coming forth, O fun! Terrible is thy beauty, fon of heaven, when death is folded in thy locks; when thou rolleft thy vapours before thee, over the blafted hoft. But pleasant is thy beam to the hunter, fitting by the rock in a ftorm, when thou lookest from thy parted cloud, and brighteneft his dewy locks; he looks down on the ftreamy vale, and beholds the descent of roes. How long shalt thou rile on war, and roll, a bloody fhield, through heaven? I fee the deaths of heroes dark-wandering over thy face !"

"Why wander the words of Carril? Does the fon of heaven mourn? He is unftained in his course, ever re oicing in his fire. Roll on, thou careless light; thou too, perhaps, must fall. Thy dun robe | may

feize thee, ftruggling, in thy fky. " Pleafant is the voice of the fong, O Carril, to Offian's foul! It is like the shower of the morning, when it comes through the ruftling vale, on which the fun looks through mift, just rising from his rocks. But this is no time, G bard! to fit down, at the ftrife of fong. Fingal is in arms on the vale. Thou feeft the flaming shield of the king. His face darkens between his locks. He beholds the wide rolling of Erin.

"Does not Carril behold that tomb, beside the roar-

ing fiream? Three fiones lift their gray heads, beneath a bending oak. A king is lowly laid: give thou his foul to the wind. He is the brother of Cathmor ! Open his airy hall! Let thy fong be a stream of joy to

Cairbar's darkened ghoft."

I By the dun robe of the fun, is probably meant an eclipfe.

# TEMORA:

# EPIC POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

Marting coming on, Fined, after a freech to his people, devolves the command on Goods, the one of Morres is the lings the autism of the times, or it to the Ming thould not engage, till the necessity of advance required his faperior value; and e.d. doct. The king and offer rettle or before the Goods, which over booked the field of the control of Command, which over booked the field of the control of Command of the Command o

#### BOOK III.

Who is that, at blue-ffreaming Lubar; by the bending hill of the roes? Tall, he leans on an oak torn from high, by nightly winds. Who but Comhal's fon, brightening in the laft of his fields? His gray hair is on the breeze: he half unfleathes the fword of Luno. His eyes are turned to Mai-lena, to the dark rolling of foes. Doft thon hear the voice of the king? It is like the burfling of a flream, in the defert, when it comes between its echoing rocks, to the blafted field of the fun.

"Wide-Rirted comes down the fee! Sons of woody Morven, artie. Be ye like the rocks of my land, on whole brown fides are the rolling of waters. A bram of joy comes on my foul; I fee them mighty before me. It is when the focis feeble, that the fighs of Fingal are heard; left death should come, without renown, and darknets dwell on his tomb. Who finit lead the war, againft the host of Alacema? It is only

Vol. II. M

with danner grows, that my fword fhall finine. Such was the cultons heactofore, of Trennor the ruler of winds: and thus defeended to battle the blue-fhielded Traibal."

The chiefs bend towards the king: each darkly facus to claim the war. They tells by halves, their mighty deeds: and turn their eyes on Erin. But far berrie the reft the fon of Morni flood: filenthe flood, for who had not heard of the lattles of Gaul? They refe within his fond. His hand, in fecret, feized the tword. The fword which he brought from Strumon, when the frength of Merni failed;

Cu his fear itood the for of Clatho || in the wandering of his locks. Thrice he rolled his eyes to Fingal: his voice thrice friled him, as he tpoke. Fillan could not boad of battles; at once he fivode away. Bent over a diffant fiream he stood: the tear hung in Lis eye. I'e firedky at times, the timic's head, with his inverted spear.

Harmon, "Bream of the hill," the name of the feat of the family of Gaul, in the northwith out of Alima. During Gaul's expediation to Tron island, mentioned in the mean of Gall and North States used. When it referred the word of each one, which had not reclaimed, in the handly as referred from the days of the forest of the first state of the first state

Galling Breaker of echoing flictity, whose head is deep in flades; hear me non-the artime of Chila. O but of Collass, hear is No military, like the earlier wing, comes over the course of my freams. Deep-

befored at the aut of the duert, O king of attumen, bear!

before distinct into the disert, O kine of straining pears.

Destrict thou in the financing treeze, the need the dark wave over the grafs?

Chair of the the beaution the thatter of the rotation for smaller!

Or liked the town is been, anoth the dark couble of the 12th properties then the load which or need the pears is hard.

The could be performed that.

the redding of cagos is heard, the numbering oaks thake their heads on the hills distant dual of chart to be approximationed of the dwelling of heroes. - Mirmi --Who hawkes me, in the midd of my cloud, where my locks of mit fpread on the winds? Mirael with the notic of flocards: why riles the voice of

Golf. Comp. 257 force are around me, 150 mill their dark fluto defeend from their same. Give the received of distance, into another than the life in the night. Moral -- Principle twomener reconsider strangers I took on the war, my fons, thou, a dim no eteo, from revisions, distance, a different and the same complete the same complete

Chejo was the displict of Catholia, him or fallower Fingal, in one of his experiments that fillow here were that of such that to wife, after he charles for what he does not be had.

131

Nor is he unfeen of Fingal. Sidelong he beheld his fon. He beheld him, with burfling joy; and turned, amidft his crowded foul. In filence turned the king towards Mora of woods. He hid the big tear with his locks. At length his voice is heard.

his locks. At length his voice is heard,

"First of the fous of Morni; thou rock that defiest
the from! Lead thou my battle, for the race of lowlaid Cormac. No boy's staff is thy spear: no Larmless beam of light thy sword. Son of Morni of sleeds,
behold the foe; defroy. Fillan, observe the chies;
he is not calm in strie; nor burns he, heedles, in battle; my son, observe the king. He is strong as Lubar's
stream, but never foams and roars. High on cloudy
Mora, Fingal shall behold the wer. Stand, Ofsian t,
near thy father, by the falling stream. Raife the voice,
O bards! Morven, move beneath the found. It is my
latter field; clothe it over with light."

As the sudden rifing of winds; or diffant rolling of troubled feas, when fone dark ghoft, in wrath, heaves the billows over an ifle, the feat of nift, on the deep, for many dark-brown years: fo terrible is the found of the hoft, wide-moving over the field. Gaul is tall before them: the fireams glitter within his firides. The bards raifed the fong by his fide; he firuck his fhield between. On the fkirts of the blaft, the tuneral voices rofe.

"On Crona," faid the bards, "there burfls a flream by night. It fwells, in its own dark courfe, till morning's early beam. Then comes it white from the fifth, with the rocks and their hundred groves. Far be my fteps from Crona: Death is turnbling there. Be ye a itream from Mora, fons of cloudy Morven."

"Who rifes, from his car, on Clutha? The hills are troubled before the king! The dark woods echo round, and lighten at his feet. See him, amidit the foe, like

M 2

of Lora. Fillan is often called the fon of Clatho, to diffinguish him from those fons which Fingal had by Reserrant ... Ullin being tent to Morven with the body of Oscar, Office attends his father, in quality of this bard.

132 TEMORA: Book III.
Colgach's † fportful ghoft; when he featters the clouds, and rices the eddying wings! It is Morni || of

clouds, and rides the eddying wings! It is Morni the bounding feeds! Be like thy father, Gaul!"

"Schma is opesed wide. Bards take the trembling harps. Ten youths carry the oak of the feaft. A diffant fun-beam marks the hill. The duffty waves of the blaft fly over the fields of grafs. Why art thou fo filont, Morven? The king returns with all his fame. Did not the battle roar; yet peaceful is his brow? It

roared, and Fingal overcame. Be like thy father, Fillan."
They moved beneath the fong. High waved their arms, as ruthy fields, beneath antumnal winds. On Mera flood the king in arms. Mift flies round his buckler broad, as aloft, it hung on a bough, on Cormul's mofly rock. In filence I flood by Fingal, and turned my eyes on Cromia's 5 wood: left I flould behold the heft, and ruth artifdt my fwelling foul. My foot is forward on the heath. I glittered, tall, in flee! like the falling flream of Tromo, which nightly winds bind over with ice. The Loy fees it, on high, gleaming to the early beam: towards it he turns his ear, and wonders why it is fo filent.

Nor bent over a fiream is Cathmor, like a youth in a peaceful field: wide he drew forward the war, a dark and trebulled wave. But when he beheld Fingal on Mora, his generous pride arofe. "Shall the chief of Atha fight and a like held? Foldath, lead my people forth. Thou art a beam of fire."

There are fore traditions, but, I believe, of late invention, that this Colpach was the fine with the Colpach was the fine with the Colpach of Partin. He was the nector of Gaul, the Ris, or Nergols et of the Colcach of the careful of Gaul, the Ris, or Nergols et of the Colcach of the careful of the careful of the Colpach of the Colpac

of the fidence a decrement has more of regal upon thre decrement.

"The expedition of Morni to Clutter, all need to, is handed down in tradition.

The magnitum Cromia was in the neighbourhood of the form of this poem;

which was nearly the fame with that of Fingal.

Forth iffued the chief of Monta, like a cloud, the robe of ghofts. He drew his fword, a flame, from his fide; and hade the battle move. The tribes, like ridgy waves, dark pour their ftrength around. Haughty is his ftride before them: his red eye rolls in wrath. He called the chief of Dunratho †; and his words were heard.

"Cormul, thou beholdeft that path. It winds green behind the foe. Place thy people there; left Morven fhould efcape from my fword. Bards of green-valleyed Erin, let no voice of yours arife. The fons of Morven must fall without fong. They are the foes of Cairbar. Hereafter shall the traveller meet their dark, thick mist on Lena, where it wanders, with their ghosts, beside the reedy lake. Never shall they rife, without fong, to the dwelling of winds"

Cormul darkened, as he went: behind him rushed his tribe. They sink beyond the rock: Gaul fooke to Fillan of Moruth; as his eye pursued the course of the dark-eyed king of Dunratho. "Thou beholdest the steps of Cormul; let thine arm be strong. When he is low, son of Fingal, remember Caul in war. Here I fall forward into battle, amidst the ridge of shields."

The fign of death arofe: the dreadful found of Morni's fhield. Gaul poured his voice between. Fingal rofe, high on Mora. He faw them, from wing to wing, bending in the firle. Clearing, on his own dark hill, the firength of Atha flood. They were like two fpirits of heaven, flowing each on his gloozy cloud; when they pour abread the winds, and lift the roaring feas. The blue-tumbling of waves is before them, marked with the paths of whales. Themfelves are calm and bright; and the gale lifts their locks of mift.

#### M 3

<sup>+</sup> Den-ratio, 4 a Mill with a addition its top. Coronal, 4 blue eye. Foliatin diff. of the period Coronal to the arrivan behalf the arrivan to the Collaborator, This Speciality is excellent time second and Foliating the top, through out handle ty and perimpages. If no establish the steep of not seen, we are the victor of an additional properties of the period of

Book III. TEMORA:

What beam of light hangs high in air? It is Mor-ni's dreadful fword. Death is firewed on thy paths, O Gaul; theu foldest them together in thy rage. Like a young oak falls Tur-lathon +, with his branches round him. His high-bosomed spouse stretches her white arms, in dreams, to the returning king, as the fleeps by gurgling Moruth, in her difordered locks. It is his ghoft, Olchoma; the chief is lowly laid. Hearken not to the winds for Tur-lathon's echoing fhield.

It is pierced, by his threams, and its found is paft away. Not peaceful is the hand of Poldath: he winds his course in blood, Cornal met him in fight; they mixed their clanging fleel. Why should mine eyes behold them! Connal, thy locks are gray. Thou wert the friend of firangers, at the mofs covered rock of Dun-lora. When the fkies were rolled together; then thy feafl was foread. The ftrenger heard the winds without; and rejoiced at thy burning oak. Why, fon of Duth-caron, art thou laids in blood! The Whited tree bends I ove thee: thy faield lies broken near. Thy blood mixes with the fiream; thou breaker of the flields!

I took the ipear, in my wrath; but Good raffied for-word on the fee. The feeble pass by his fide; his rage is turned on Moma's chief. Now they had raised their deathful fpears: unfeen an arrow come. To pierced the hand of Gaul; his fivel fell founding to earth. Young Fillen co. with Corn all's field, and i retched it large before the king. Toldath fent his fhout abread, and kindled all the field: as a blaft that lifts the broad-winged flame, over Lumou's f echoing

groves. "Son of blue-eyed Clatho," faid Gaul, "thou art a

beam from heaven; that coming on the troubled deep,

I Filtar had been diffratched by Gaul to op ofe Curroul, who had been fent by  $\overline{t}$  dds. It to be in anoth be find the Caledonian reput. It aspears that Firlan had  $\overline{t}$  by the Cerus, it of the third of the finder of the fine  $\overline{t}$  of the Caledonian reput. So Bield or that chief.

Thomas, Orenis while a mountain in linishens, or that part of Souts-Bri-co which is over-squards the Iroh cosh.

<sup>†</sup>Ter-lation, Chroad trunk of a tree ' Moreth, ' great firetim.' Olchaumo, ' mild midd.' Eun-ben, ' the hill of the nody fiream.' Dan caron, ' calk-kony man.'

Book III. AN EPIC POEM. 135 binds up the tempeti's wing. Cormul is fallen before thee. Early art thou in the fame of thy fathers. Rufh not too far, my here, I cannot lift the frear to aid. I

thee. Early art thou in the rame of thy fathers. Ruin not too far, my hero, I cannot lift the fpear to aid. I fland harmlefs in battle: but my voice fhall be poured abroad. The fons of Morven shall hear, and remem-

ber my former deeds."

H's terrible voice rofe on the wind, the hoft bend forward in the fight. Often had they heard him, at Strumon, when he called them to the chafe of the hinds.—Hundef frood tall, amidft the war, as an oak in the fkirts of a ftorm, which now is clothed, on high, in mifft then flows its broad, waving head; the mufing hunter lifts k's eve from his own rufby field.

hinter fifts he eye from his own ruthy field.

My foul purfues thee, O Fillan, through the path of
thy fame. Theu rolledft the foe before thee. Now
Foldath, perhaps, would fly; but night came down
with its clouds; and Cathmor's horn was heard. The
folss of Morven heard the voice of Fingal, from Mora's gathered mift. The bards poured their fong, like

dew, on the returning war.

"Who comes from Strumon," they faid, "amidfther wandering locks? She is mournful in her fleps, and lifts her blue eyes toward's Frin. Why art thou fad.

wandering loss; she is meaning in the helps, and litis her blue eyes towards Erin. Why art thou fad, Evir choma +? Who is like thy chief in renown? He defrended dreadily to battle; he returns, like a light from a cloud. He lifted the fword in wrath: they

thrunk before blue-shielded Gaul!

"Joy, like the ruftling gale, comes on the foul of the king. He remembers the battles of old; the days, wherein his fathers fought. The days of eld return on Fingal's mind, as he beholds the renown of his fon. As the fin rejoices, from his cloud, over the tree his becaus have raifed, as it finakes its lonely head on the heath; fo jorded is the king over Fillan.

heath; fo joyl-l is the king over Fillan.

"As the felling of thunder on hills, when Lara's fields are full and dark, fuch are the fleps of Morven pleafant and dreadful to the ear. They return with

<sup>+</sup> Extra hore a, 5 mild and Outely maid, the wife of Gael. She was the daughter of Cartho-Conglusy sach as haronite, one of the Hebrides.

the prey is torn on the field, the dun fons of the bounding hind. Your fathers rejoice from their clouds, fons

of fireamy Cona."

Such was the nightly voice of bards, on Mora of the hinds. A flame rofe, from an hundred oaks, which winds had torn from Cormul's fleep. The feaft is firead in the midft: around fat the gleaming chiefs. Fingal is there in his flrength; the eagle-wing of his helmet founds: the ruftling blafts of the weft, unequal rufted through night. Long looked the king in filence round: at length his words were heard.

"My foul feels a want in our joy. I behold a breach among my friends. The head of one tree is low: the fought wind pours in on Selma. Where is the chief of Dun-lora? Ought he to be forgot at the feaft? When did he forget the franger, in the midth of his echoing hall? Ye are filent in my prefence! Connal is then no more. Joy meet thee, O warrior, like a firearn of light. Swift be the course to thy fathers, in the folds of the mountain-winds. Offian, thy foul is fire: kindle the memory of the king. Awake the battles of Connal, when first he shown in war. The locks of Connal were gray; his days of youth || were mixed with mine. In one day Duth-caron first strung our bows against the rose of Dun-lora."

"Many," I faid, " are our paths to battle, in greenhilled Inis-fail. Often did our fails arife, over the blue-tunibling waters; when we came, in other days, to aid the race of Conar. The firife roared once in Alicema, at the foad-covered fireans of Duth-ula fa-

T. Dath-ela, a liver in Connarght; it figurile , dark-rufhir gwater.

<sup>†</sup> The kings of Morven and Ireland had a plume of eagle's feathers, by way of ornaularty in their helicet. It was from this diffiring the mark that Office knew Cathe act, in their local hook.

Are the death of Cow hal, and during the ubspacing of the tribe of Morni, Fanck wall as tell in private of platfaction. If was then had not tribe the visit for a comparison of the comparison o

Brok III. AN EPIC POEM. With Cormac descended to battle Duth-caron from cloudy Morven. Nor descended Duth-caron alone, his fon was by his fide, the long-haired youth of Con-nal lifting the first of his spears. Thou didst command

them, O Fingal, to aid the king of Erin. "Like the burfting strength of a stream, the sons of Bolga rushed to war: Colc-ulla + was before them, the chief of blue flreaming Atha. The battle was mixed on the plain, like the meeting of two flormy feas. Cormac | fhone in his own firife, bright as the forms of his fathers. But, far before the reft, Duth-caron hewed down the foe. Nor flept the arm of Connal, by his father's fide. Atha prevailed on the plain: like feattered mift, fled the people of Ullin I.

"Then rose the fword of Duth-caron, and the feel of broad-fhielded Connal. They fhaded their flying friends, like two rocks with their heads of pine. Night came down on Duth-ula: filent strode the chiefs over the field. A mountain-stream roared across the path, nor could Duth-caron bound over its courfe. "Why flands my father?" faid Connal, "I hear the rufhing foe,"

" Fly, Connal," he faid; "thy father's strength be-

gins to fail. I come wounded from battle; here let me reft in night." " But thou shalt not remain alone,"

†Colc-ulla, 'firm look in readinc's;' he was the brother of Borbar-duthul, the father of Carriar and Cathmor, who, after the death of Cormac the fon of Artho, fuccefficely mounted the leads throne.

Cormac, the foa of Conar, the fecond king of Ireland, of the race of the Caledonians. 'a his indurrection of the Firbolg happened towards the latter end of the long reion of Cormic. From teveral confours and plents it appears, that he never possessed and Lish throne peaceably. The party of the tamily of Atha had made feveral attempts to over turn the faccossion in the race of Conar, before they effect. ed it, in the minority of Cormac, the fon of Artho. Ireland, from the most ancient accounts concerning it, feems to have been always to diffurbed by domettic commotions, that it is difficult to fav, whether it ever was, for any length of time, fullicet to one monorch. It is certain, that every province, if not every inial di-fluct, had its own king. One of those petty princes assumed, at times, the title of king of Ireland, and, on account of his luptifior force, or in lasts of public dan-ger via acknowledged by the red as both; but the fucceffion, from laster to-fon, does not appear to have been effall shed. It was the divisions amongst them felves arming from the bad constitution of their government, that, at last, adject-

ed the Fifth to a foreign yoke.

With unhabitants of Ullin or Ullier, who were of the race of the Caledonians, feem, alone, to have been the firm friends to the fuccession in the family of Conar. The firbolg was only folgod to them by contraint, and embraced every

opportunity to throw off their yoke.

wing to cover the king of Dun-lora." He bends dark above the chief: the mighty Duth-caron dies.

" Day rose, and night returned. No lonely bard appeared, deep-musing on the heath: and could Connal leave the tomb of his father, till he flould receive his fame? He bent the bow against the roes of Duth-ula; he spread the lonely feast. Seven nights he laid his head on the temb, and faw his father in his dreams. He faw him rolled dark, in a blaft, like the vapour of reedy Lego.—At length, the fteps of Colgan † came, the bard of high Temora. Duth-caron received his

fame, and brightened, as he rose on the wind." "Pleafant to the ear," faid Fingal, " is the praife of the kings of men; when their bows are firong in battle; when they foften at the fight of the fad. Thus let my name be renowned, when bards shall lighten my rifing foul. Carril, fon of Kinfena; take the bards and raife a tomb. To night let Connal dwell, within

† Colgan, the fon of Cathmul, was the principal bard of Cormac Mac-Conar, king of Ireland. Part of an old poem, on the loves of Fingal and Ros-crana, is fill preferved, and goes under the name of this Colgan; but whether it is of his composition, or the production of a later age, I shall not precend to determine Be that as it will, it appears, from the obfolder phrases which it contains, to be very ancient; and its poetical merit may perhaps excuse me, for laying a granflation of it before the reader. What remains of the poem is a dialogue in a Ivie measure, between Fingel and Rosserana, the daughter of Cormac. she be-

gins with a folloonly, which is overheard by Fingal.

Ros-crana... By night, came a dream to Ros-crana' 1 feel my beating foul. No . ifon of the forms of the dead, came to the blue eyes of kun. But, rifing from the wave of the north, I beheld him bright in his locks. I beheld the for of the king. My beating foul is high. I laid my head down in night; again at ended the form. Why delayed thou thy coming, young rider of freamy

But, there, far-diffant, he comes; where feas roll their green ridges in mid !

Young dweller of my foul; why don'thou delay!

Fingal. -- It was the foft voice of Moi-lena! the pleafant breeze of the valley of roes! But why doit thou hide thee in chades? Young love of her estife. Are not thy freps covered with light? In thy grove, thou appreareft, Ro-crana, like the fun in the gathering of clouds. Why doft thou nide thee in fludes! Young love of heroes rife

Ros-crana .-- My fluttering foul is high! Let me turn from the steps of the king He has heard my fecret voice, and shall my blue eyes roll, in his preferrer Roe of the hill of mofs, toward thy dwelling I move. Meet me, ye beezes of Mora, as I move thre' he valley of winds. But why should be aftered his occan? Son of heroes, my feul is thine! My Reps shall not move to the defert: the light of Rosgrana is here

Fingal --- It was the light tread of a ghoft, the fair dweller of eddying winds, Why deserved thou me, with thy voice? Here let me reft in thades Shouldit 

Book III. AN EPIC POEM. Is marrow house: let not the soul of the valiant wander on the winds. Faint glimmers the moon on Moilena, through the broad-headed groves of the hill; raise stones, beneath its beams, to all the tallen in war. Though no chiefs were they, yet their hands were strong in fight. They were my rock in danger: the mountain from which I spread my eagle-wings. Thence am I renowned: Carril sorget not the low.

am I renowned: Carril forget not the low."

Loud, at once, from the hundred bards, rofe the fong of the tomb. Carril flrode hefore them; they are the murmar of flreams behind him. Silence dwells in the vales of Mei-lena, where each, with its own dark fream, is winding between the hills. I heard the voice of the bards, lefning, as they moved along. I leaned forward from my flield; and felt the kindling of my foul. Half-formed, the words of my fong, burft forth upon the wind. So hears a tree, on the vale, the voice of fpring around: it pours its green leaves to the fim, and fliakes its londy head. The hum of the mountain bee is near it; the hunter fees it, with joy, from the blafted heath.

Young Fillan, at a diffance flood. His helmet lay glittering on the ground! His dark hair is look to the blaft; a beam of light is Clatho's fon. He heard the words of the hing with joy; and leaned forward on his

figear.

"My fen," faid car-borne Fingal; "Haw thy deeds, and my feul was giad. The fame of our fathers, I faid, burits frem its gathered cloud. Thou art brave, fon of Clatho; but headlong in the firite. So did not Fingal advance; though he never feared a fee. Let thy people be a ridge behind; they are thy flrength in the field. Then finds thou be long renowned, and behold the tends of thy fathers. The memory of the pail returns, my deed in other years: when field I defended from ocean on the green valleyed life. We bend towards the voice of the king. The moon looks alroad from her cloud. The gray fidrted mift is near, the dwelling of the gi clis.

# TEMORA:

AΝ

# EPIC POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

The fectord dight continues. Fingal relates, at the feet, his own first exposition into iteland, and his marriage with Ros-canas, the daughter of Cornace, key of that island. The lefth chiefe conven in the preference of Cathaor. I he fluster of the first hand of the left of the first hand of the left of the first hand the left of the first hand warrow, find followed Catha more to the war. The fallen behaviors of Feldatis, who had commanded in the battle of the preceding day, remove the difference between him and Malthous, but Cathanor, between himself of the disch feet, and hear the long of Funar his brother Cathara superato to him in a fream, and obsurely forested his time of the war. The followy close to him in a fream, and obsurely forested his time of the war. The followy close he box.

### BOOK IV.

"BENEATH† an oak," faid the king, "I fat on Sel-ma's freamy rock, when Connal rofe, from the fea, with the broken spear of Duth-caron. Far diffant frood the youth, and turned away his eyes; for he remembered the fleps of his father, on his own green hills. I darkened in my place: duffy thoughts rolled over my foul. The kings of Erin rofe before me. I half-unsheathed my fword. Slowly approached the chiefs; they lifted up their filent eyes. Like a ridge of clouds, they wait for the burfling forth of my voice: it was to than a wind fom heaven, to roll the mist away.

"I bade my white fails to rite, before the roar of Cona's wind. Three hundred youths looked, from their waves, on Emgal's befly field. High on the maft it hung, and marked the dark-blue fea. But when the night came down, I fruck, at times, the

I This splitch has a time obtained on selftion with the through Council and D. the carea, in the Litter and of the thick leads. To such fitting between his cole, nor the pulses of a diese, this cores Council and backing from both all. The danger which the retained Coverage, king of the bast, induces him to not it incredince? In that than 4. Let there is retrieved by the barte, as a pattern to the future beference of think, where, which in the preceding buttle is regumanised.

Book IV.

AN EPIC POEM.

414

warning bofs: I flruck, and looked on high, for fiery-haired Ul-erin t. Nor wanting was the flar of heaven: It travelled red between the clouds: I purfued the lovely beam, on the faint-gleaming deep. With morning: Erin role in mift. We came into the bay of Moi-lena, where its blue waters tumbled, in the bofon of echoing woods. Here Cornac, in his fecret hell, avoided the ftrength of Cole-ulla. Nor he alone avoids the foethelle up to the blue eye of Ros-crâna is there: Ros-crâna § white-

handed maid, the daughter of the king.

"Gray, on his pointles spear, came forth the aged sleps of Cormac. He smiled, from his waving locks, but grief was in his soul. He saw is two before him, and his sigh arole. "I see the arms of Trenmor," he faid; "and these are the steps of the king! Fingal! thou art a beam of light to Cormac's darkened soul. Early is thy same, my son: but strong are the foes of Erin. They are like the roar of streams in the land, fon of ear-horne Comhal."

"Yet they may be rolled away," I faid, in my rifing foul. "We are not of the race of the feeble, king of blue-shielded hofts. Why should fear come amongst us, like a ghost of night. The foul of the valiant

grows, as foes increase in the field. Roll no darkness, king of Erin, on the young in war."

"The burling tears of the king came down. He feized my hand in filence. "Race of the daring Tremor, I roll no cloud before thee. Thou burneft in the fire of thy fathers. I behold thy fame. It marks thy course in battles, like a stream of light. But wait the Vol. II.

a : That redate indiceptality with Lindmenthy entinguished his character throughs

<sup>†</sup> Ul-crin, 't the guide to Ireland,' a flur known by that name in the days of Pingal, and very uncful to take wao failed, by alguit, from the rich dob, or Caledonia, to the cost of Ulter.

Roserana, 'takke med the riding firm', flur was the mother of Office. The

Fish have relief frame of thousand crime the prince's there flores movement, concerning Fingle, of they mean him by finn bance to make the mount which are the most contain the clothese distributed in telegraph to be mentioned for they evident. It can be supported by the containing the major. The description here is formed, and confident to the containing the major. The description here is formed, and confident to the containing the major.

calls the fore of Ullin, from all their diffant ftreams." "We came to the hall of the king, where it rose in

the midft of rocks: rocks, on whose dark fides, were the marks of fireams of old. Broad oaks bend around with their mofs: the thick birch waves its green head. Half-hid, in her fhady grove, Ros-crána raifed the fong. Her white hands rose on the harp. I beheld her bluerolling eyes. She was like a fpirit | of heaven halffolded in the skirt of a cloud.

"Three days we feafted at Moi-lena; the rofe bright amidft my troubled foul. Cormac beheld me dark. He gave the white-bosomed maid. She came with bending eve, amidft the wandering of her heavy locks. She came. Straight the battle roared. Colculla rushed; I seized my spear. My sword rose, with my reople, against the ridgy foe. Alneema sted. Colculla fell. Fingal returned with fame.

"He is renowned, O Fillan, who fights, in the firergth of his pecule. The bard purities his fleps, through the land of the foe. But he who fights alone;

t Cairbar, the fon of Cormac, was afterwards king of Ireland. His reign was thert. He was succeeded by his ton Artho, the father of that Cormac who was murdered by Cairbor the ien of Borbar-dutheil. Carbar, the fon of Cormac, lorg after his fon Arthowas prown to man's effate had, be his wife Beltanno, another fon, whole name was Ferard-artho. He was the only one remaining of the race of Conar the first king of Ireland, when Fines Ps expedition against Cairbar the

for of Borbar-authol happened. So name at Ferrickartho in the cighth book.

|| The atturted or Nesserana is apply filetrated by this limite; for the ideas of
those time, a neurong the fights of the decembed, were not to showny and difagrecable, as those of facee dispages. The filist of women, it was supposed re-tained that beauty, which they to field while living, and transported termined very from place to place, with that plating restons, which I were also be a the good. The deteriptions which poets, he's ancient than Offian, have left as of those beautitel iguies, that appeared for climes on the hills; are glegant and prefurefque. They compare them to the 'rain-bow on itroons; or the gilding of tun-beams on

the hills. A chief who lived three centuries ago, returning from the war, understood that bis wife or mithefs was dead. The bard introduces him toecking the following folslooply, when he came within fight of the place where he had left her, at his

departi re. "My for I darkens in forrow. I behold not the finoke of my hall. No gray dog tourd at my tirears. Silerce dwells in the valley of trees. "I that a rain-low on Crunally I these; and the fixy is dark. Again, thou moves, bright, or the beath, thou fun-beam clothed in a flower! Ita! it is the,

new love : has girding to orfe on the bofom or winds ." In successing times the heauty of Ros-crana paffed into a proverb; and the highoff con the cot this could be jain to a women, was to compare you perion with sh, daughter of Cern at

's tu fe'n an Rosserera.

Book IV. AN EPIC POEM. 143

few are his deeds to other times. He finnes, to day a mighty light. To-morrow, he is low. One fong contains his fame. His name is on one dark field. He is forgot, but where his tomb fends forth the tufts of grals."

Such were the words of Fingal, on Mora of the roes. Three bards, from the rock of Cormul, poured down the pleafant fong. Sleep defeended, in the found, on the broad-fkirted hoft. Carril returned, with the bards, from the tomb of Dun-lora's king. The voice of morning fhall not come, to the dufky bed of the hero. No more fhalt thou hear the tread of roes, around thy narrow house.

more that thou hear the tread of roes, around thy narrow houte.

As roll the troubled clouds, round a meteor of night, when they brighten their fides, with its light, along the heaving fea: so gathered Erin, around the gleaning

when they brighten their fides, with its light, along the heaving fea: so gathered Erin, around the gleaning form of Atha's king. He, tall in the midft, carelels lifts, at times, his spear: as swells or falls the found of Fonar's diffant harp. Near† him leaned, against a rock, Sul-maila | of blue eyes, the white-bosomed daughter of Con-mor, king of Inis-huna. To his aid came blue-shielded Cathmor, and relled his foes away. Sul-malla beheld him stately in the hall of seasts; nor careles rolled the eyes of Cathmor on the long-haired maid.

#### N:

General and arrived in Ulter a few days before the death of Cairbar. # Sul-maila, 'finely-rolling eyes. Cann-mor, 'mild and tall.' Inis-hunz, fercen tiland.'

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<sup>†</sup> In order to illufrate this passes, I hall give, here, the billory on which it is founded, as I have gathered it from other prems. The nations of the filbody with the property of the proper

TEMORA: Book IV.

The third day arose, and Fithil + came from Erin of the streams. He told of the lifting up of the shield | on Morven, and the danger of red-haired Cairbar. Cathmor raifed the fail at Cluba; but the winds were in other lands. Three days he remained on the coast, and turned his eyes on Con-mor's halls. He remembered the daughter of ftrangers, and his figh arofe. Now when the winds awaked the wave: from the hill came a youth in arms; to lift the fword with Cathmor in his echoing field. It was the white-armed Sul-malla: fecret fhe dwelt beneath her helmet. Her fleps were in the path of the king; on him her blue eyes rolled with joy, when he lay by his roaring ffreams. But Cathmor thought, that, on Lumon, the ftill purfued the roes: or fair on a rock, stretched her white hand to the wind; to feel its course from Inis-fail the green dwelling of her love. He had promifed to return, with his white-bosomed fails. The maid is near thee, king of Atha, leaning on her rock.

The tall forms of the chiefs flood around: all but dark-browed Foldath T. He flood beneath a diftant tree, rolled into his haughty foul. His bufhy hair whiftles in wind. At times, burfts the hum of a fong. He

4 Fishli, 4 an inferior band. It may either be taken acre for the proper name of a man, or in the literal fields, as the bands were the heralds and medicagers of those trues. Cathmor, it is prebable, was ablent, when the rebellion of his brother Caiblar, and the affainmation of Corrane, king of Ireland, happened. The traditions, which are handed down with the poem, fay that Cathmor and his followers, had only arrived, trues insishenas, three days before the death of Caibrag. which fufficiently clears his character from any imputation of being concerned in

the confpiracy with his brother.

|| The ceremony which was used by Fingal, when he prepared for an expedition, is related, by Offian, in one of his lefter poems. A bard, at midnight, went to the hail, where the tribes featted upon folemn occasions, raifed the war-fong, and thrice called the spirits of their deceased ancestors to come, on their clouds, to behold the actions of their children. He then fixed the flield of Trenmor, on a tree on the rock of Selma, firiking it, at times, with the blunt end of a fpear, and finging the war-fong between. Thus he did, for three fucceffive night, and in the mean time, malengers were diffratched to convene the tribes; or, as Offian expresses; 'to call them from all their fireams.' This phrase alludes to the fiquation of the rendences of the claus, which were generally fixed in valleys, where the torrents of the neighbouring mountains were collected into one body, and became large streams or rivers. The lifting up of the shield, was the phrase for beginning a war.

The furly attitude of Foldath is a proper preamble to his after behaviour. Chaifed with the disappointment of the victory which he promifed himfelf, he becomes passionate and over-bearing. The quarrel which succeeds between him and Multipos was, no doubt, introduced by the poet, to raife the character of Cathanor, whose super-or worth shines forch, in his manly manner of ending the diffe-

gon, e bety cen the chicis.

ftruck the tree, at length, in wrath; and rushed before the king. Calm and stately, to the beam of the oak, arofe the form of young Hidalla. His hair falls round his blufting cheek, in wreaths of waving light. Soft was his voice in Clonra +, in the valley of his fathers; when he touched the harp, in the hall, near his roaring

"King of Erin," faid the youth, "now is the time of feafts. Bid the voice of bards arife, and roll the night away. The foul returns, from fong, more terrible to war. Darkness settles on Inis-fail: from hill to hill bend the skirted clouds. Far and gray, on the heath, the dreadful frides of glofts are seen: the ghosts of those who fell bend forward to their song. Bid thou the harps to rise, and brighten the dead, on their wandering blafts."

" Be all the dead forgot," faid Foldath's burfting wrath. "Did not I fail in the field, and shall I hear the fong? Yet was not my course harmless in battle: blood was a stream around my steps. But the feeble were behind me, and the foe has escaped my sword. In Clon-ra's vale touch thou the harp; let Dura anfwer to thy voice; while fome maid looks, from the

wood, on thy long yellow locks. Fly from Lubar's echoing plain; it is the field of heroes."

"King of Temora"," Malhos faid, "it is thine to lead in war. Thou art a fire to our eyes, on the dark-brown field. Like a blaft thou haft paft over hofts, and laid them low in blood; but who has heard thy words returning from the field? The wrathful delight in death; their remembrance refis on the wounds of their spear. Strife is folded in their thoughts: their words are ever heard. Thy course, chief of Moma, was like a troubled ftream. The dead were rolled on  $N_3$ 

<sup>†</sup> Claon-rath, "winding field." The th are feldom pronounced audibly in the

f Chonerain, when were followed to the bluttering following following the following of Milthon is, throughout, a fevere regrituand to the bluttering behaviour of following.

feeble behind thee, but the foe was firong."

The king beheld the rifing rage, and bending forward of either chief: for half-unfheathed, they held their flwords, and rolled their filent eyes. Now would they have mixed in horrid fray, had not the wrath of Cathmor burned. He drew his fwoord: it gleamed through night, to the high-flaming oak. "Sons of pride," faid the king, "allay your fwelling fouls. Retire in night. Why fhould my rage arife? Should I contend with both in arms? It is no time for firife. Retire, ye clouds at my feaft. Awake my foul no more."

They funk from the king on either fide; like† two columns of morning mift, when the fun rikes, between them, on his glittering rocks. Dark is their rolling on either fide, each towards its reedy pool.

Silent fat the chiefs at the feaft. They looked, at times, on Atha's king, where he ftrode, on his rock, amidft his fettling foul. The hoft lay, at length, on the field: fleep delcended on Moi-lena. The voice of Fonar role alone, beneath his diffant tree. It role in the praife of Cathmor fou of Larthon || of Lamon. But Cathmor did not hear his praife. He lay at the roar of a fream. The ruftling breeze of night flew over his whittling locks.

4'The poct on Id (carrely find, in all nature, a comparison to favourable as this to the imperiency, of claimance or the two chiefs. I doubt liabilitie this passage is a nature room a forestent of an ancient poet, and over not made. "As the first a shore the apount, which his learns have called by is the food of the first and the first

Lear-time, New York or anneous the chief of the release of the first o

Cairbar came to his dreams, half-feen from his lowhung cloud. Joy rofe darkly in his face, he had heard the fong of Carril +. A blaft fuftained his darkfkirted cloud, which he feized in the bolom of night, as he rofe, with his fame, towards his airy half - floofmixed with the noise of the stream, he poured I is feeble

" Joy met the foul of Cathmor: his voice was heard on Moi-lena. The bard gave his fong to Cairban: he travels on the wind. My form is in my father's hall, like the gliding of a terrible light, which winds through the defert, in a flormy night. No bard shall be wanting at thy tomb, when thou art lowly laid. The fons of fong love the valiant. Cathmor, thy name is a pleafant gale. The mournful founds arile! On Lubar's field there is a voice! Louder still ye shadowy ghosts! the dead were full of fame. Shrilly fwells the feeble found. The rougher blaft alone is heard! Ah, foon is Cathmor low!" Rolled into himfelf he flew, wide on the bosom of his blast. The old oak felt his departure, and shook its whistling head. The king started from reft, and took his deathful tpear. He lifts his eyes around. He fees but dark fkirted night.

"It | was the voice of the king; but now his form is gone. "Unmarked is your path in the air, ve children of the night. Often, like a reflected beam, are yefeen in the defert wild; but ye retire in your blaits before our fleps approach. Go then, ye feeble race! knowledge with you there is none. Your joys are weak, and like

which conflitute the harm. In such it a great at first with the problem of Coirnown : and ble Achelia, accords that and glerrous life, to an opteare length of year, in autic, ment and oute.

<sup>†</sup> Carril, the fon of Kinfena, by the orders of Office, fung the funeral elegy at the temb of Ca.† r See the feeded by 1, towards the end. In all the plens of Office, the value of plots to their bring file allow, are flort, and their maggare is fture, both which discommances tend to throw a folen nighton on those supernatu-ral scenes. Toward: the latter end on the specified of the ghost of Cairbar, be to reteld the death of Cathmor, by commercing that, figurals - high, scienting to the et nion of the times, we called the death of a nexton renowned. It was thought that the ghods of decester marks larg, for three nights one eding the death; car the place where his too was to be ruled round an unfol dantial figure which repretencer fac looky or the perior who was to dis.

If the foldingry of Citimeer abounds with that magnitudinary and love of firme.

the dreams of our reft, or the light-winged thought that flies across the foul. Shall Cathmor foon be low? Darkly laid in his narrow house? Where no morning comes with her half-opened eyes? Away, thou shade! To fight is mine! All further thought away! I ruth forth, on eagle wings, to feize my beam of fame. In the lonely vale of streams, abides the little! foul. Years roll on, seafons return, but he is still unknown. In a blast comes cloudy death, and lays his gray head low. His ghost is rolled on the vapour of the fenny field. Its course is never on hills, or mostly vales of wind. So shall not Cathmor depart. Wo boy in the field was he, who only marks the bed of roes, upon the echoing hills. My iffuing forth was with kings, and my joy in dreadful plains: where broken hoits are rolled away, like seas before the wind.?

So spoke the king of Alneema, brightening in his rising foul: valour, like a pleasant stame, is gleaming within his breast. Stately is his fride on the heath: the beam of east is poured around. He saw his gray host on the field, wide-spreading their ridges in light. He rejoiced, like a spirit of heaven, whose steps come forth on his seas, when he beholds them peaceful round, and all the winds are laid. But soon he awakes the wayes, and rolls them large to some echoing coast.

On the rufty bank of a ftream, liept the daughter of Inis-huna. The helmet had fallen from her head. Her

<sup>#</sup> From this paffage we learn in what extreme contempt an indelent and unwarlike hie was held in those days of heroifm. Whatever a philoso, her may ray, in prane of quiet and retirement, I am for from thinking, but they weaken and de-bale the human mind. When the faculties of the foul are not exerted, they lofe their vigour, and low and circumferibed notions take the place of noble and enlarged ideas Action, on the contrary, and the viculitudes of fortune which attend it, call forth, by turns, all the powers of the mind, and, by exercting, frengtien them. Hence it is, that in great and optient fixes, when property and indolence are featured to individuals, we foldow meet with that firengin of mind which is fo common in a nation, not far advanced in civilization. It is a currous, but just observation; that great kingdoms feldom produce great characters, which must be altogether attributed to that indolence and dislipation, which are the inteparable companions of too much property and femily. Rome, it is certain, had more real are a men within it, when its power was confined within the narrow bounds of Latient, than when its dominion excended over all the known world: and one perty flate of the saxon, heptorchy bad, no haps as much genuine furnting, as the two Botton kingdoms united. As a flate, we are much more powerful than our ancestors, but we would lote by comparing individuals with thera.

Book IV. AN EPIC POEM. 149 dreams were in the lands of her fathers. There morn-

ing was on the field: gray fireams leapt down from the rocks; the breezes, in fhadowy waves, fly over the rufhy fields. There is the found that prepares for the chafe; and the moving of warriors from the hall. But rall above the reft is the hero of fireamy Atha: he bends liis eye of love on Sul-malla, from his flately fleps. She turns, with pride, her face away, and carelefs bends

the bow.

Such were the dreams of the maid when Atha's warrior came. He faw her fair face before him, in the midft
of her wandering locks. He knew the maid of Lumon.
What fhould Cathmor do? His fight arofe: his tears
came down. But ftraight he turned away. "This is
no time, king of Atha, to wake thy fecret foul. The
battle is rolled before thee, like a roubled ttream."

He fruck that warning boß t, wherein dwelt the eagle-wings. Sul-malla flarted from fleep, in her difordered locks. She feized the helmet from earth, and termbled in her place. "Why flould they know in Erin of the daughter of Inis-huna?" for fine rennembered the race of kings, and the pride of her foul arofe. Her fleps are behind a rock, by the blue-winding freamly of a vale; where dwelt the dark-brown hind ere yet the war arofe. Thither came the voice of Cathinor, at times, to Sul-malla's ear. Her foul is darkly fad;

"The dreams of Inis-huna departed: they are rolled away from my foul. I hear not the chafe in upland. I am concealed in the fkirts of war. I look forth from my cloud, but no beam appears to light my path. I behold my warrior low; for the broad fhielded king is near; he that overcomes in danger; Fingal of the fpears. Spirit of departed Con-mor, are thy fleps on

the pours her words on wind.

<sup>+</sup>In order to underfined this peffice, it is necessary to book to the deleritation of Cathmor's fineld which the poet has a cen us in the leventh book. This finish and feven principal boff s, the tound or each of which, when it truck with a Near, conveyed a particular order from the kingto his tribs. I derivant of one of them, a here, was the signal for the ramy to the ship.

<sup>|</sup> This was not the valley of Long to which sul-malla afterwards retired.

the bosom of winds? Comest thou, at times, to other lands, father of fad Sul-malia? Thou doft come, for I have heard thy voice at night: while yet I rose on the wave to streamy Inis-fail. The ghost of fathers, they fay +, can seize the souls of their race, while they behold them lonely in the midft of wo. Call me, my father, when the king is low on earth; for then I shall be lonely in the midft of wo."

+ Con-mor, the father of Sul-malla, was killed in that war, from which Cathmor delivered In.s-h.na. Lormar his fon fucceeded Con-mor. It was the opinion of the times, when a person was reduced to a pitch of misery, which could admit of no alleviation, that the ghosts of his ancestors called his foul away. This supernatural king of death was called the voice of the dead; and is believed by the fuper-

flation victor to this day. There is no people in the world perhaps, who gave more univerfal credit to accarr ions, and the vifi 3 of the ghost of the deceased to their friends, than the common highlanders. This is to be advibuted as much, at least, to the fituation of the country they poffers, as to that credulous difposition which diffinguishes an unenlightened people. As their bufinels was feeding of cattle, in dark and extenfive deferts, fo their journeys lay over wide and unfrequented heaths, where, often, they were obliged to fleep in the open sir, a midfi the whitling of winds, and roar of water-fells | the gloon 'net, of the feenes around them was apt to beget that pretanched disposition of amai, which most readily receives impressions of the extraordi dry and supernatural kind. Falling afteep in this gloomy mood, and their dreams being diffurbed by the noife of the elements around, it is no matter of wonder, that the thought they heard the voice of the dead. This voice of the dead, however, was, perhaps, no more than a fariller whittle of the winds in an old tice, or in the clanks of a neighbouring rock. It is to this cause I ascribe those many and improbable tales of ghoits, which we neet with in the highlands: for in other respects, we do not find that the highlanders are more credulous than their neighbours,



# TEMORA:

# EPIC POEM.

Shin, after a facet address to the home (x,y), define the arrangement of both armins on oth of the or the river  $\{x,y\}$ . Fingly,  $\{x,y\}$  is a name of the Bibbit at the lamme time, which so leads to the hand in the proceeding lattly for any fixed y is a confidence who sold the fixed in the Bibbit is confirmed by Foldath. The great affits defined in the great fixed y is confirmed by Foldath. The great affits defined in the great fixed y is confirmed by Foldath. The great affits defined in the great fixed y is the fixed y in the great fixed y in the fixed y is the fixed y in the great fixed y in the fixed y in the great y is the fixed y in the fixed y i actions of Fillin. He kills Roth as and Culmin. But when Fillan conquers, in one wing. Foldath predict hard on the other. He wounds Dermid, the fon of Dethne, and puts the wante wing to hight. Dermid deliberates with himfelf, Detune, and puts the wande wing in light. Thermid decreases with minority, and, at last, refolects to jut a diply to the progrets of Foldat; by engaging itim in finele, combat. When the two chiefs were approaching to wards one another, Fillen came fuddently to the schief of Dermid; engaged Foldath, and killed him. The behaviour of Malthos towards the follow Foldath. Fillen must be whole army of the Firbolg to flight. The book closes with an address to Clatho, the mother of that hero.

#### BOOK V.

Thou dweller between the fhields that hang on high in Offian's hall! descend from thy place, O harp, and let me hear thy voice! Son of Alpin, ftrike the firing; thou must awake the foul of the bard. The murmur of Lora's + ftream has rolled the tale away. I fland in the cloud of years: few are its openings towards the paft, and when the vision comes it is but dim and dark. I hear thee, harp of Cona; my foul returns, like a breeze, which the fun brings back to the vale, where dwelt the lazy mift.

Lubar | is bright before me, in the windings of its + Lora is often mentioned; it was a forall and rapid firearn in the neighbourhood

of Selma. There is no vehige of this name now remining; though it appears from a very old tong, which the translator has feen, that one of the mail rivers

on the north-well coaft was called I orn fome centuries ago Trons feveral padages in the poem, we may form a defline idea of the frence of the action of Temora. At a in all diffagre from one another role the little of Mora and Louis: the first perfected by Longal, the fected by the arms of Carbonor, Through the integrabate plain rue the finall river today, on the works or with h all the barties were reache, excepting that between Cairbar and Order, related in the first brok. "It is 'at mentions' coragen out happened to the another the bill of Mora, of which Popul took non-thou, after the army of Chicker felt back to that of Cathenor . At four director, but within fight of Mora, towards the well, Lower dued from the mount or of Commonly and after a thort courfe through the plain of Mol-kens, outdoor, of its little to the sea mar the field of buttle. Behird The mountain of Cromings ran the implications of Levigt conthe banks of whice

Book V. 152 TEMORA: vale. On either fide, on their hills, rife the tall forms

of the kings; their people are poured around them, bending forward to their words; as if their fathers fpoke descending from their winds. But the kings were like two rocks in the midft, each with its dark head of pines, when they are feen in the defert, above low-failing mift. High on the face are ftreams, which foread their foam on blafts.

Beneath the voice of Cathmor poured Erin, like thefound of flame. Wide they came down to Lubar ; before them is the ftride of Foldath. But Cathmor retired to his hill, beneath his bending oaks. The tumbling of a stream is near the king: he lifts, at times, his gleanting fpear. It was a flame to his people, in the midft of war. Near him flood the daughter of Con-mor, leaning on her rock. She did not rejoice over the firife: her foul delighted not in blood. A valley+ fpreads green behind the hill, with its three bluefireams. The fun is there in filence; and the dun mountain-roes come down. On these are turned the eyes of Inis-huna's white bofomed maid.

Fingal beheld, on high, the fon Borbar-duthul: he faw the deep rolling of Eria, on the darkened plain. He flouck that warning bofs, which bids the people obey; when he fends his chiefs before them, to the field of renown. Wide rofe their fpears to the fun; their echoing shields reply around. Fear, like a vapour, did not wind among the hoft: for he, the king, was near, the strength or areany Morven. Gladacis brightened

the hero; we heard his words of joy. "Like the coming forth of winds, is the found of Morven's fons! They are mountain-waters, determined in their course. Hence is Fingal renowned, and his name in other lands. He was not a lonely beam in danger; for your fteps were always near. But never was

Perard-a-tho, the fon of Cairbar, the only perfon remaining of the race of Conars fined cone and in a cave, during the uturgation of Cairbar, the ion of Eurbar-du-

<sup>+</sup> It was to this valley Sal-malia retired, during the laft and decifie battle ber-tween Fingel or d Cathonor. It is definited in the feventh book, where it is called the vale of Long, and the residence of a aread.

Book V. AN EPIC POEM. 153 I a dreadful form, in your prefence, darkened intowrath, My voice was no thunder to your ears: mine eyes fent forth no death. When the haughty appeared, I beheld them not. They were forgot at my feafls: like mift they melted away. A young beam is before you; few

are his paths to war. They are few, but he is valiant: defend my dark haired fon. Bring him back with joy; Hereafter he may stand alone. His form is like his fathers: his foul is a flame of their fire. Son of car borne Morni, move behind the fon of Clatho: let thy voice reach his ear, from the fkirts of war. Not unobserved

rolls battle, before thee, breaker of the fhields." The king firede, at once, away to Cormul's lofty rock. As, flow, I listed my fleps behind; came forward

the firength of Gaul. His shield hung loose on its thong:

he spoke, in haste, to Oslian. " Sind +, son of Fingal," this fhield, bind it high to the fide of Gaul. The ioe may behold it, and think I lift the focar. If I shall fall, let my tomb be hid in the field, for fall I must without my fame: mine arm cannot lift the fleel. Let not Evir-choma hear it, to blush between her locks. Fillan, the mighty behold us! let us not forget the firife. Why should they come, from their hills, to aid our fiving field?" He firede onward, with the found of his fhield. My voice purfued him, as he went. "Can the fon of Morni fall without his fame in Frin? But the deeds of the

I rejoiced over the steps of the chief: I strode to the rock of the king, where he fat in his wandering locks. amidft the mountain-wind. In two dark ridges bend the hofts, towards each other, at Lubar. Here Poldath role a pillar of darknefs:

mighty forfake their fouls of fire. They fush carelefs. over the fields of renown: their words are never heard."

there brightened the youth of Fillan. Each with his spear in the stream, fent forth the voice of war. Gaul Vol. II.

Alt is necessary to remember, that Gaul was wounded; which occasions his reading the childrene of Oslas to study this bold on his side.

154 TEMORA: Book V. ftruck the flield of Morven: at once they plunge in

firuck the shield of Morven: at once they plunge in battle. Steel poured its gleam on steel: like the fall of streams shone the faeld, when they mix their foam together, from two dark-browed rocks. Behold he comes, the son of same: he lays the people low! Deaths sit on blasts around him! Warriors strew thy paths, O Fillan!

Rothmart, the fhield of warriors, flood between two chinky rocks. Two oaks, which winds had bent from high, fpread their brancies on either fide. He rolls his darkening eyes on Fillan, and filent, fhades his friends. Fingal faw the approaching fight; and all his foul arofe. But as the flone of Joda | falls, flook, at once, from rocking Druman ard, when fpirits heave the earth in their wrath; fo fell blue-hielded Rothmar.

Near are the fleps of Culmin; the youth came, burfting into tears. Wrathful he cut the wind, ere yet he nixed his firokes with Fillan. He had first bent the bow with Rothmar, at the rock of his own blue streams. There they had marked the place of the roc, as the funbram flew over the form. Why, fon of Cul-allin, doft thou rush on that beams? of light? It is a fire that configures. Youth of Struths retire. Your fathers were not equal, in the glittering strife of the field.

The mother of Culroin remains in the hall; fhe looks

# Both-mas, \* the four d of the fea before a florou. Drumanaid. \* high tidge. \* Calving. \* Sint-hauree. \* Culti-ding. \* Sear-life line. \* \* Strutha. \* theramy there. \* Coltisaling. \* Sear-life line. \* \* Strutha. \* theramy there. \* Coltisaling. \* Sear-life line. \* Strutha. \*

If the poet, accombinately, call Pillan a beam of light. Culain, mentioned here, was the fan of Clomma, there is struting, by the heartful Culailin. Sives for remarkable for the beauty of her perion that the is introduced, frequent by in the further and allutions of increat poetry. "Mac Chuiddain strutba and agreed is a finish of a finish of collain in another poem; at e., bootly a culailing of struting of the structure of the collains."

the florms.

Book F. AN FRIC POEM. forth on blue-rolling Strutha. A whirlwind rifes on

the fiream, dark-eddying round the ghoft of her fon. His dogs + are howling in their place: his frield is bloody in the hall. "Art thou fallen, my fair-haired fon, in Erin's difinal war?"

As a roe, pierced in fecret, lies panting, by her wonted fireams, the hunter looks over her feet of wind, and remembers her flately bounding before, fo lay the for of Cul-allin, beneath the eve of Fillan. His hair is rolled in a little fiream: his blood wandered on his faield. Still his hand held the fword, that failed him in the day of his danger. "Thou art fallen," faid Fillan, "ere yet thy fame was heard. Thy father fent thee to war: and he expects to hear thy deeds. He is gray, perhaps, at his ftreams, turning his dim eyes towards Moi-lenge But thou failt not return, with the fpoil of the fallen foe."

Fillan poured the flight of Erin before him, over the echoing heath. But, man on man, fell Morven before the dark-red rage of Foldath; for, far on the field, he poured the roar of half his tribes. Dermid flood before him in wrath: the fons of Cona gather round. But his shield is cleft by Foldath, and his people poured over the heath.

Then faid the foe, in his pride, "They have fled, and my fame begins. Go, Malthos, and bid the king to guard the dark-rolling of ocean; that Fingal may not escape from my sword. He must lie on earth. Befide fome fen shall his tomb be feen. It shall rise without a fong His ghoft shall hover in mist over the

Malthos heard, with darkening doubt; he rolled his

f Dogs were thought to be fensiole of the death of their master, let it happen at ever to great a distance. It was also the opinion of the times, that the alms' which warriors left at home became bloody, when they themselves tell in bettle. It was from those signs that Cul-allin is supposed to understand that her form is killed; in which she is confirmed by the appearance of his ghost. Sher sudden and that exclamation, on the occasion, is more affecting than it the had extended her complaints to a greater length. The attitude of the fallon youth, and Tiban's refictions over him, are natural and indivious, and come forcibly back on the mind when we confider, that the fup out it in action of the father of Culmin, was fo fir milar to that of I must, after the death of Fillan bimiers.

up to the king on his hill; then, darkly turning, he

plunged his fword in war.

In Clone's t narrow vale, where bend two trees above the fireams, dark in his grief flood Duthno's filent fon. The blood poured from his thigh: his shield lay broken near. His spear leaned against a stone. Why, Deranid, why fo fad? "I hear the roar of battle. My people are alone. My fleps are flow on the heath; and no fhield is mine. Shall he then prevail? It is then after Dermid is low! I will call thee forth, O Foldath! and meet thee yet in fight."

He took his spear, with dreadful joy. The fon of Morni came. "Stay, fon of Duthno, flay thy speed, thy fleps are marked with blood. No boffy fhield is thine. Why shouldest thou fall unarmed?" "King of Strumon, give thou thy flield. It has often rolled back the war. I shall stop the chief, in his course. Son of Morni, doft thou behold that ftone? It lifts its gray head through grass. There dwells a chief of the race

of Dermid. Place me there in night."

He flowly rose against the hill, and saw the troubled

Others of i.e. hand --- Arife from the bed of mois; for of low-laid Lethmal, arite. The found o'tl'e toning of foct, discend alone the wind.

Close ... Whose voice is that, like many treams, in the season of my reft? Chief of Lethmal .- Arge, thou dwellero, the fouls of the levely; fon of Leth-

mail, ande

Clono .- .- How dreary is the night! The moon is darkened in the fky; red are the paths of ghulis, along it. falsen tate! Green-skirted mescors fet around. Dull is the mering of freems, from the velley of dim forms. I hear thee, foirlt of my father, on the eddy-on confer of the wind. I hear thee, but thou bendeit not, forward, thy tall form, trea, the ikirts of night?

<sup>+</sup> This valley had its name from Clono, fon of Lethmal of Lora, one of the ancenturs of Denoit, the fon of Denoit Bis hatery is that elated in an old poem. In the days of Conar, the fon of Frence or the first king of Ireland, Clono passed over into that kingdom, from Celemona, to aid Conar against the Firbalg. Being over that may known, from Generality to an Great against the 1470 ig. Being remarkable in the beauty of his perfon, he found few the attention of sulmin, the young wife of an Irific thief. The disclosed her publish, which was not proper-ty externed by the Caledonian. The half siekened, the rough disgiparitment, and her love the Country of the exist of her humand. Fired with jealously, he coned revenge. Clone, to avoid his rage, departed from Temora, in order to pass over into scotland; and being benighted in the valley mentioned here, he laid hom nown to fleep. "There, Lethy all descended in the driams of Clone; and told him that danger was near."

As C'ono prepared to depart, the hurband of Sulmin came up, with his numerous attendant. Como derended has delf, but, after a guli nt refutance, he was or powered at from his was berild in the place where he was kirled, and the valley was called after his name. Describ, in his request to Gaul the fun of Morm, w ich inniedrately follows this paragraph, alludes to the tomb of Clene, and his own connection with that unfortunate chief.

Book V. AN EPIC POEM.

field. The gleaming ridges of the figlit, distoired and broken round. As diffant fires, on heath by dight, now feem as loft in finoke, then rearing their red fireams of the hill, as blow or ceafe the winds: fo met the intermitting war theeyeof broad fhielded Dermid. Through the hoft are the fittides of Foldath, like foure dark flip on wintery waves, when it illues from between two iffes, to foort on echoing feas.

Dermid, with rage, beheld his courfe. He firove to rush along. But he failed in the midst of his steps; and the big tear came down. He founded his father's horn; and thrice ftruck his boffy fhield. He called thrice the name of Foldath, from his roaring tribes. Foldath, with joy, beheld the chief: he lifted high his bloody spear. As a rock is marked with screams, that fell troubled down its fide in a ftorm; for ftreaked with wandering blood, is the dark form of Moma. The hoft, on either fide, withdrew from the contending of kings. They raifed, at once, their gleaning points. Rushing came Fillan of Moruth. Three paces back Foldath withdrew; dazzled with that beam of light which came, as iffuing from a cloud, to fave the wounded hero. Growing in his pride he stood, and called forth all his ficel.

As meet two broad-winged cagles, in their found-ing flrife, on the winds; for ruffred the two chiefs, on Moi-lena, into gloomy fight. By turns are the fleps of the kings t forward on their rocks; for now the duiky war feems to defeend on their fwords. Cathmor feels the joy of warriors, on his mofit hill: their joy in feeret when dangers rife equal to their fouls. His eye is not turned on Lubar, but on Morven's Creadfulking; for he heheld him, on Mora, rifing in his arms.

Foldath | fell on his fhield; the spear of Fillan pierc-

<sup>4.</sup> Fine Land Custamor.
1. The rail of houses, if one may believe treation, was profited to Min, before the analysis of houses, as yet techniques, as the treation of the more of the same of

ed the king. Nor looked the youth on the fallen, but onward rolled the war. The hundred voices of death arofe. "Stay, fon of Fingal, flay thy fpeed. Be-holdest thou not that gleaning form, a dreadful fign of death? Awaken not the king of Alneema. Return

fon of thue-eved Clatho." Malthos + faw Foldath low. He darkly flood above the king. Hatted was rolled from his foul. He feemed a rock in the defect, on whose dark tide are the trickling of waters, when the flow failing mift has left it, and its trees are blafted with winds. He fpoke to the dving hero, about the arrow house. Whether shall the gray those rife in Ullin? or in Moma's ! woody land, where the fun looks, in fecret, on the blue fireams of Dal-rutho ? There are the fteps of thy daughter, blue-eved Dardu-lena.

grandizing himself with the family of Atha. I shall, here, translate the answer of the gholts of his accoulars, a lit was buried down by tradition. Whether the legend is really ansvent, or the invention of a late age, I shall not pretend to determine, though, to us the phracelegy, I should despect the infl.

FOUD STH, addicting the fairte of his fathers. Dark, I stand in your professes, tachers of Poldath near. Shall my steps pass over Atha, to olling the roes?

THE ANSWER.

Thy fleps first passioner Atha, to the green twelling of kings. There finall its flattic and, over horder, like a pillar of thancor-clouds. There, terrible in darkness, first thou n and tal the reflected fram, or Clen-cath of Moruth, come: Mouth or nany areans, that rears in decay bards."

Clos-cath, or redected beson, by my traditional rectors, was the name of the award of Fillian; to that it was, in the latent free ferries of the word Clos-cath, ne deception say. My principa, reason for introducing this note, is, that if this tradition is equally uncome with the pount, which, by the bye, is doubtrue it texts to flow, that the religion of the Firpolg officers from that of the Caledoni-As we never and the lacter enquiring of the spirit, of their deceafed ance-

t The characters of boillath and Makthos are well fullained. They were both dirk and furly, but each in a deferent way. Foliath was most our and cruel, Malthes flul for, and encrededous. They attrachment to the family of Atha was or sail, their beavers in saute the feme. Poleaun was vain and ocentations: Malthe mandaigent sat generals. His behaviour here, towards his enem: Publish, talm a that a good heart often ries contented under a gloomy and fullen charac-

Morea was the name of a country in the fouth of Connaught, once famous for helier the religious of an archibidi. The cave of Moma was thought to be in-hibited by the facilities the chiefs of the Firbolg, and then pedenty feat to en-

qui oblore, as to a corolle, conto tidue applithe of their war.

I Dalmouth, 'parthe or family self.' The etymology of Pardu-lena is uncersive.

The town the resulting of Publish was, probably, to called from a place in theer, where her lather had deceated part of the adherents of Artho, king of Ireland. Uprdy-lena; the dark wood or Mor-lena. As Polidath was proud and offenta. tions, it would a pear that he is insigned the name of a place, where he himfelf nial been victorious, to highwighter.

AN EPIC POEM. Book V. "Remembereft thou her," faid Foldath, "because

no fon is mine; no youth to roll the battle before him. in revenge of me? Malthos, I am revenged. I was not peaceful in the field. Raife the tombs of those I have flain, around my narrow house. Often shall ! for fake the blaft, to rejoice above their graves; when I behold them foread around, with their long-whiftling grafs."

159

His foul rushed to the vales of Moma, and came to Dardu-lena's dreams, where the flept, by Dal-rutho's fiream, returning from the chafe of the hinds. Her bow is near the maid, unfirung; the breezes fold her long hair on her breafts. Clothed in the beauty of youth, the love of heroes lay. Dark bending, from the fkirts of the wood, her wounded father came. He appeared, at times, then feemed as hid in mift. Burfting into tears the role: the knew that the chief was low. To her came a beam from his foul when folded in its florms. Thou wert the last of his race, blue-eyed Dardu-lena!

Wide spreading over echoing Lubar, the flight of Bolga is folled along. Fillan hung forward on their fleps; and flrewed, with dead, the heath. Fingal re-

joiced over his fon. Blue-fhielded Cathmor rofe.

Son + of Alpin, bring the harp : give Fillan's praife to the wind : raife high his praife, in my hall, while vet he shines in war.

Leave, blue-eyed Clatho, leave thy hall Belok that early bean, of thire. The hoft is withered in its courfe. No further look-it is dark. Light-trembling from the harp, strike, virgins, strike the found. No hunter he deleends, from the dewy haunt of the bound-

<sup>†</sup> These sudden transitions from the ful oft are not uncommon in the composi-tions of O'man. That in this place has a possible beauty and propriety. The tailholds of Praise. I mit in 195 pick of a premise because in populary, and impose a metallic Remistration remains the Provincial Garden and the transfer of the production of the Praise for to allow the imaginations of his readers to finish the figure for themselves. and book ends in the afternoon of the third day, from the opening of the poem.

TEMORA: Book V. ing roe. He bends not his bow on the wind; or fends his gray arrow abroad.

Deep-folded in red war, the battle rolls against his fide. Or, ftriding midft the ridgy ftrife, he pours the deaths of thousands forth. Fillan is like a spirit of heaven, that descends from the skirt of his blast. The

troubled ocean feels his fleps, as he ftrides from wave to wave. His path kindles behind him; iflands shake their heads on the heaving feas.



# TEMORA:

# EPIC POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

This book opens with a freech of Finesh, who fees Cathmor defecteding to the afficiane of the living nearly. The limit of the test of all limits are recorded to the limit of the limit of a limit of a limit of a limit of the limit of limit of

# BOOK VI.

"CATHMOR rifes on his echoing hill! Shall Fingal take the fword of Luno? But what should become of thy fame, fon of white-bolomed Clatho? Turn not thine eyes from Fingal, daughter of Iniflore. I shall not quench thy early beam; it shines along my foul. But rife, O wood skirted Mora, rife between the war and me! Why should Fingal behold the strife, left his dark-haired warrior should fall! Annies the fong, O Carril, pour the found of the trembling harp: here are the voices of rocks, and bright tumbling of waters. Father of Oscar lift the spear; defend the young in arms. Conceal thy sleps from Fillan's eyes. He must not know that I doubt his steel. No cloud of mine shall rike, my ion, upon thy foul of fire!"

He funk behind his rock, amidft the found of Carril's fong. Brightening, in my growing foul, I took the

fpear of Temora +. I faw, along Moi-lena, the wild tumbling of battle, the firife of death, in gleaming

tembling of battle, the first of death, in gleaning rows, disjoined and broken round. Filter is a beam of fire, from wing to wing is his wasferd courte. The ridges of war melt before him. They are rolled, in

fincke, from the fields. New is the coming forth of Cathmer, in the armour of kings! Dark-rolled the eagle's wing above his helmet of fire. Unconcerned are his fleps, as if they were to the chafe of Atha. He raised, at times, his dreadful voice; Erin, abathed, gathered round. Their fouls returned back, like a fiream; they wouldered at the fleps of their fear: for he role, like the beam of the morning on a haunted heath: the traveller looks back, with bending eye, on the field of dreadful forms. Sudden, from the rock of Moi-lena, are Sul malla's trembling fleps. An oak took the fpear from her hand; half bent the loofed the lance: but then are her eyes on the king, from amidft her wandering locks. "No friendly ftrife is before thee: no light contending of bows, as when the youth of Cluba | came forth be-

neath the eye of Con-mor."

As the rock of Runo, which takes the paffing clouds for its role, feems growing, in gathered darknefs, over the flreamy heath; fo feemed the chief of Atha taller, as gathered his people round. As different blaffs fly over the fea, each behind its dark-blue wave, fo Cathmor's works, on every fide, poured his warriors forth. Nor filent on his hill is Fillan; he mixed his words with his echoing fhield. An eagle he feemed, with founding wings, calling the wind to his rock, when he fees the coming forth of the rocs, on Lutha's rufhy

dwelt l'ofear the fon of Couloch, the father of Malvina, who, upon that account, is often called the maid of Lutha. Lutha fignifics fwift fiream.

<sup>4</sup> The freat of Temora was that which offer had received, in a prefent, from Cormac the four of Artios, king of Ireland. It was cit that cubbs made the prefect for quarreting with Offer, at the read, in the first book, if Cloyde, which may be man of the last in lins-hend, or the western coast of south stricts. It was in this bay that Catherer was wind-build when cultimaths came in the offered of a sounge writer, to once depan har in an excess the male came in the first of the fourth of the department of the fourth back, was dead before the department of his damphire. "I build was the same of a valley in Morach, in the day, of vision. There "I build was the same of a valley in Morach, in the day, of vision. There

163 field. Now they bent forward in battle: death's hun-

dred voices role; for the kings, on either fide, were like fires on the fouls of the people. I bounded along: high rocks and trees rufhed tall between the war and me. But I heard the noise of theel, between my clanging arms. Rifing, gleaning, on the hill, I beheld the backward steps of hosts: their backward steps, on either fide, and wildly looking eyes. The chiefs were met in dreadful fight; the two blue-shielded kings. Tall and dark, through gleans of fteel, are feen the firiving heroes. I milhed. My fears for Fillan flew, burning across my foul.

I came; nor Cathenor fled; nor yet advanced: he fielding flaked along. An icy rock, cold, tall he feemed. I called forth all my fieel. Silent awhile we ftrode, on either fide of a rufhing ftream: then, fudden turning, all at once, we raifed our pointed fpears. We raifed our spears, but night came down. It is dark and filent around; but where the distant steps of hosts are founding over the heath.

I came to the place where Fillin fought. Nor voice, nor found is there. A broken belinet lay on earth; a buckler cleft in twain. "Where, Fillan, where art thou, young chief of echoing Morven?" He heard me leaning against a rock, which bent its gray head over the fiream. He heard; but fullen, dark he stood. At length I faw the chief.

"Why francish thou, robed in darkness, son of woody Selma? Bright is thy path, my brother, in this darkbrown field. Long has been thy ftrife in battle. Now the horn of Fingal is heard. Aftend to the cloud of the father, to his hill of feafts. In the evening mit he fits, and hears the voice of Carril's harp. Carry joy to

the aged, young breaker of the fhields."
"Can the vanquifued carry joy? Offian, no shield is mine. It lies broken on the field. The engle-wing of my helmet is torn. It is when foes fly before them that fathers delight in their fons. But their fighs bur? forth, in fecret, when their young warriors yield. No: Fillan will not behold the king. Why should the he-

ro mourn?"

" Son of blue-eyed Clatho, why doft thou awake my foul? Wert thou not a burning fire before him; and shall he not rejoice? Such fame belonged not to Offian; yet was the king still a fun to me. He looked on my fleps, with joy; fhadows never rofe on his face. Afcend, O Filian to Mora: his feast is spread in the folds of mift."

" Offian, give me that broken shield: these feathers that are rolled in the wind. Place them near to Fillan, that less of his same may fall. Offian, I begin to fail. Lay me in that hollow rock. Raise no stone above: less one should ask about my fame. I am failen in the first of my fields: fallen without renown. Let thy voice alone fend joy to my flying foul. Why fhould the feeble know where dwells the loft beam of Clatho +?"

" Is thy foirit on the eddying winds, blue-eyed king of shields? Joy pursue my hero, through his folded clouds. The forms of thy fathers, O Fillan, bend to receive their fon. I behold the spreading of their fire on Mora! the blue rolling of their mifty wreaths. Joy meet thee, my brother. But we are dark and fad. behold the foe round the aged, and the waiting away of his fame. Thou art left alone in the field, gray-

haired king of Selma."

I laid him in the hollow rock, at the roar of the nightly fircam. One red flar looked in on the hero: winds lift, at times, his locks. I liftened: no found was heard: for the warrior flept. As lightning on a cloud, a thought came rufning over my foul. My eyes rolled in fire: my ftride was in the clain of fteel. "I will find thee, chief of Atha in the gathering of thy thoufands. Why should that cloud escape, that quenched our early beam? Kindle your meteors, my fathers, to

A dialogue between Clatho, the mother and Bolmina the fifler, of that ero Crathe --- "Daughter of Pingal, arife: thou light between thy locks. "Lift thy

Book VI. light my daring fleps. I will confume in wrath +. Should I not return! the king is without a fon, gray haired amidft his foes. His arm is not as in the days of old: his fame grows dim in Erin. Let me not behold him from high, laid low in his latter field. But can I return to the king? Will he not ask about his fon? "Thou oughtest to desend young Fillan." I will meet the foe. Green Inis-fail, thy founding tread is pleafant to my ear: I rush on thy ridgy host, to shun the eyes of Tingal. I hear the voice of the king, on Mora's miffy top! He calls his two lons; I come, my father, in my grief I come like an eagle, which the flame of night met in the defert, and spoiled or half his wings." Vol. II.

fair head from reft, foft-gliding fun-beam of Schma! I beheld thy arms, on thy breatt, white-could anist thy wandering locis; when the rudling breeze or the morning come i on the defert of dreams. Half the dee, thy fathers, Bos-mina, descending in thy d. cams? A. ife, daughter of Clasho; dwelotherr aught of grief in thy foot?

Bos-nona .- .- A thin form paffed before me, fading a . it flew: like the darkening ware of a b ceze, along a field of g. is. Defected from thy wall, O narp, and call back the foul of Bos-mina, it has relied away, like a stream. Thear thy pleafant found I hear thee, O has p, and my voice in. I rife.

Bow often that we right towar y, dwell is or my foul? Your paths are diffant, kings of men, in Lin of blue fireams. Let the wing, thou fouthern beeze, from clono's darkening heath: flored their als or Fingal towards the bays of his But who is that, in his firength, darkening in the prefence of war? His arm firetches to the for, like the beam of the rickly run; when his fide is crufted with

darkness; and he rolls headthual courfe through the fky. Who is it but the father of B semina? shall be return till danger is paid?

Fillen, thou are a been by his add; benefiful, but terrible, is thy light. Thy fword is before the , a blue are a night. When it is thou return to tay roes; to the fireams of the ruffly fiele ? When shall I behold thee from Mora, waite winds firew my long locks on mois! But shall a young eagle return from the field where the heroes fall!

Critho ... oft, as the fone of Loda, is the voice of Selma's maid. Pleafant to the ear or Clatho is the name of the breater of fluelds. Benout the king come, from ocean; the shield of More our borne by bard. The formas fled butors him, like the departure or mid. I hear not the founding wangs of my eagle; the ruthing forth of the fon of Clarko | I hou ar: dark, O Found; that he not return !

Here the fentance is d fi nearly left untinafhed by the sort - I ne fonfe is, that he was reflived, I k. a Jettroynet fire, to contume Cammor, who hid killed his brother In the most or this refetation, the a uation of Fingal figgers refer to him, in a very throughout He couldes to gurn to affit the king in profequing the war. But tarm has them, for not defending his brother, recurs to him the is determined a a natego and indeed Catamor. We may confide him, as in the act of idea cag oward the cham, when the horn of Fracil formled on Moraand called back has pende to his preferre. The foliatogry is natural: the refolutions which to fuddenly fall wo ne another, are expressive of a word x remely agit ded with forces, and concluse flame; yet the behavior o Office in his excontain of he come and | Fing. 1, is to preprehentable, that it is not easy to determine where he follof in he dow. The ruth is, that when men fail in deligns which they ard mily with to a complish, they naturally blame themselves, as the absorcaufe of their dilappointment.

166 TEMORA: Book VI.

Diffant †, round the king, on Mora, the broken ridges of Morven are rolled. They turned their eyes: each darkly bends, on his own aften fipers. Silent flood the king in the midft. Thought on thought rolled over his foul. As waves on a ferret mountain lake, each with its back of foam. He looked; no fon appeared, with his long beaming fiper. The fighs rofe, crowding from his foul; but he concealed his grief. At length I flood beneath an cak. No voice of mine was heard. What could I flay to Fingal in his hour of wo? His words rofe, at length, in the midft: the people firmuk backward as he fipcke!

"Where is the fon of Selma, he who led in war? I behold not his fleps, among my people, returning from the field. It is the young bounding roe, who was fo

4 This form is folemen. The poet always places his chief character amidd oblefts which reveal the following. The same of the country, the midd, the broken following the country of the full steep in country of the country of the country of the country of the point of the country of the cou

I be about 4 hours on the army of Epoth procedurate from furne the first The keep sensor or a samulated Epothson 14 feet in the Keep Sensor or a samulated Epothson 14 feet in the Sensor was a small at form, in their protection, charled into wright, in one were throsen to their cares the vector from the deciding the Sensor was a small at the samulated and the samulated at the sa

take anythmose, and take themselves into abiolote power.

At he engage, one that it is contour highlands sixed in high flavory, under their chief. Their logs of see, if a of technique to 5, the head of their families, probably, led the unmittipe of into the reliable. Were the horson of the trible was concerned, it to comman, of the high were obeyed without relations or in finding also were opposed, they throw then they are not a monthle-reinged in suffering a new more, and were consensed and provided. The form of ones, one can in the system of others, was in proportion to the number of their people, they book tear to two of very frint that thank to distinct the propiet chaps they are to say of very frint that thank to distinct the pro-

is win but very lately that the authority of laws extended to the hieldands. Ective that their beth claim, were powered in cited failure, not by the evel of commondation the chief, but by west they called Clechals; or the traditional presenters of their anceton. Which moliticates by uponed the extending claim body, force of the credition. Which moliticates by uponed the extending claim body, force of the disciplination. The chief instance of this cathority, and, invariably enfoaced the decidion. In their war, which were free, and, on account of annihilation of the chief was left referred in the exception of no analyticity and even then be folden muster; and that was very warraquent in the highlands. No copporal points or it, of days kind, was intified. The minimary of an alternt or task fort wealt remain, for again in a family, and they would faine every opportunity to be recogned, solids. It came intrinciality from the hands of the chief highlands in the Credition.

Book VI. AN EPIC POEM.

flately on my hills? He fell; for ye are filent. The flield of war is broke. Let his armour be near to Fingal; and the fword of dark-brown Luno. I am waked on my hills: With morning I defeend to war."

High 7 on Cornul's rock, an oak flamed to the wind. The gray fkirts of nift are rolled around; thither flrode the king in his wrath. Diflant from the hoft he always lay, when battle burned within his foul. On two fpears hung his fhield on high; the gleaming fign of dearl; that fhield, which he was wont to flrike, by night, before he rufhed to war. It was then his warriors knew, when the king was to lead in flrife; for never was this buckler heard, till Fingal's wrath a-rofe. Unequal were his fleps on high, as he flome in the beam of the oak; he was dreadful as the form of the fpirit of night, when he clothes, on hills, his wild geflures with mift, and, iffluing forth, on the troubled ocean, mounts the car of winds.

Nor fettled, from the florm, is Erin's fea of war; they gittered beneath the moon, and, low-humming, fill rolled on the field. Alone are the fleps of Cathmor, before them on the heath; he hung forward, with all his arms, on Morven's flying hoft. Now had he come to the moffly cave, where Fillan lay in night. One tree was bent above the fiream, which glittered over the rock. There fione to the moon the broken fhield of Clatho's fon; and near it, on grafs, lay hairy-footed Bran ||. He had miffed the chief on Mora, and fearch-

P 2

If his circumstance, concerning Bran, the favourite dog of Fingal, is, perhaps, one of the most affecting pullages in the poem. I remember to have met with an

<sup>4</sup> This rock of Cormuls often mentioned in the preceding part of the poem. It was not a Fingal and, Offian flowed to view the battle. The cutton of ret ring from it. Fingal and, Offian flowed to view the battle. The cutton of ret ring from it. Fingal and, Offian flowed to view the battle. The cutton of ret ring from the kings or the Colledonians. Trennow, the unit removed of the ancetors of Fingal, is mentioned as the first who instituted the cutton. Succeeding bard stiffs but it is a form of a later person. In an odd pene, which begins with "MacAstracha and could find," this vectom of retiring from the arms, so have an engagnent, for the standard of the property of the bandeed Breams, for a fraction who mought of old. The undidfiffent terms at night; when the for collection these, mechanics fields. Now bending in retire to the kings the gathers bandes by whom, the years was well super thin known to hall the flowed "When, to be whom, the years was well super thin known to hall the flowed "When, to be whom, they you was well super thin known to hall the flowed "When, to

ed him along the wind. He thought that the blue eyed hunter flept; he 'ay upon his shield. No blast came over the heath, unknown to bounding Bran.

Cathanor faw the white breafted dog; he faw the broken shield. Darkness is blown back on his foul, he remembers the falling away of the people. "They come, a fiream, are relled away; another race fucceeds. But fome mark the fields, as they pass, with their own mighty names 'The heath, through darkbrown years, is theirs; fome blue fiream winds to their fame. Of these be the chief of Atha, when he lays him down on earth. Often may the voice of future times meet Cathmor in the air: when he strides from wind to wind, or folds himself in the wing of a sterm." Green Erin gathered round the king, to hear the

voice of his power. Their joyful faces bend, unequal, forward, in the light of the oak. They who were terrible were removed: Lubar + winds again in their hoft. Cathmor was that beam from heaven which shone when his people were dark. He was beneured in the midft. Their fouls rose trembling around. The king alone no gladness shewed; no stranger he to war!

old no rate composed long after the time of Offian, wherein a flory of this fort is Only to the Composition now are the cone of Oman, wherein a root of Construction every for the first officer. It is one of the invasions of the Darkey Ullin-Chadada, a confider side chief, on the wider wild of use bland, was kinked in a reacounter with a firing great of the cone, which and kinded, at no great defiance from the place of a first idea of the Control of Contr place a here ide er. Her ew followers and star ded kin were side from The strength of the first star of the star of the first star of the star of the star of about the first a first star of the star of the first star of the star of the about the first a first star of the about the first a fixed seet a driving and in beau that we down that of a note about the first star of the about the first star of the work is, not star meant within indoor of the prefagit the reader with a first distan-of it, the first concerning the dogs, where andhe was backness or ideaction, at

very defeription " Dark-shord Do-chos! feet of wind! cold is thy feat on rocks. He (the doe) fees the ree; he errare high; and half he bounds a vay. Le looks around; but Ultin theep; we though an his head. The wind, come gait, dook Duschoot thinks that ill no not sight to But itill he behold how higher, ladd amufut the warmy heath. Dark fided Daschos, his voice no more thell rend thee over the

20:a'h!'' in order to illuftrate thi paffage, it is proper to by before the leader the feene of in two product goat less. Bowen the halfs of Mora, and Lona lay the plain of Mora, in through which can the recording the The first battle, whereth Gauly. the ion of Moon, command don the Caledonan fide, was fought on the banks of Luber. As there was lettle advantage obtained, on either fide, the armies, after the battle, retained their former positions

In the found battle, wherein Fillan commanded, the leifth, after the fall of Fol-dath, were driven up the hill of Lone; but, upon the coming of Cathmor to their wild, they regained their roomer filterion, and drive back the Caledonians, in

their turn; to that Lubar winded again in their hoft.

Book VI. AN EPIC POEM. 169
"Why is the king fo fad?" faid Malthos eagle-eyed;
"Remains there a foe at Lubar? Lives there among them who can lift the spear? Not so peaceful was thy father, Borbar-dúthul ||, sovereign of spears. His rage was a fire that always burned: his joy over fallen

foes was great. Three days feafted the gray-haired hero, when he heard that Calmar fell: Calmar, who aided the race of Ullin, from Lara of the streams. Often did he feel, with his hands, the fteel which, they faid, had pierced his foe. He felt it with his hands, for Borbar-d ithul's eyes had failed. Yet was the king a fun to his friends; a gale to lift their branches round. Joy was around him in his halis: he loved the fons of Bolga. His name remains in Atha, like the awful memory of ghofts, whose presence was terrible, but they blew the storm away. Now let the voices t of Erin raife the foul of the king; he that shone when war was dark, and laid the mighty low. Fonar, from that gray-browed rock, pour the tale of other times: pour

it on wide-skirted Erin, as it settles round."

"To me," faid Cathmor, "no fong fhall rife: nor Fonar fit on the rock of Lubar. The mighty there are laid low. Diffurb not their rufhing ghofts. Far, Malthos, far remove the found of Erin's fong. I rejoice not over the foe, when he ceases to lift the spear. With morning we pour our streagth abroad. Fingal is wakened on his echoing hill."

Lake waves, blown back by fudden winds, Erin retired, at the voice of the king. Deep-rolled into the

Borbar-duthul, the father of Carlmor, was the brother of that Cole-ulla, who is faid, in the reginning of the fourin book, to have rebelled against Cormac king of ireland. Beneralathul from to have estuated all the projection of his family against the faction of the potenty of Conar, on the Irish thome. From this finor typing we lear from cone facts which tend to throw light on the history of the times. It appears, that, when Swaran invaded ireland, he was only opposed by the Cael, who possessed Uister, and the north of that island. Calmar, the son of Maths, whose rillar behaviour and down are related in the third book of Fin al, was the only third of the race of the Fiebolz, that joined the Cacl, or Irish Calcul, plans, turing the invaluo of Swaran. The indicately y sich Brobar-dukul capans). Luring set in halo of swaren. The indicating y and, proper duting the property and the each of Clima. I well faithful with this first of receives, which field it y miverally, in every country where the friends for the west official through any carried that was promised to Barba-dutin that we appear which it was premeded, Chinar has been killed.

If The runces of Ering's posterical experiments for the bards of Ireland.

field of night, they spread their humming tribes: Beneath his own tree, at intervals, each || bard fat down with his harp. They raifed the song, and touched the string: each to the chief he loved. Before a burning oak Sul-malla touched, at times, the harp. She touched the harp and heard, between, the breezes in her hair. In darkness near, lay the king of Atha, beneath an aged tree. The beam of the oak was turned from him, he saw the maid, but was not seen. His soul poured forth, in secret, when he beheld her tearful eye. "But battle is before thee, son of Borbard dithul?"

Amidft the Parp, at intervals, the liftened whether the warriors flept. Her foul was up; fle longed, in fecret, to pour her own fad fong. The field is filent. On their wings, the blaffs of night retire. The bards had ceafed; and meteors came, red winding with their ghofts. The fky grew dark: the forms of the dead were blended with the clouds. But herelifes bends the daughter of Con mor, over the decaying flame. Thou wert alone in her foul, car borne chief of Atha. She raifed the voice of the fong, and touched the harp between.

"Clun-galo + came; fhe miffed the maid. Where

[Not only the kirps, but every petty (blief, had the'r hards attending them, la the field, in the days of diffina; and thefe bards; in properties to 2 be power of the chiefs, who retained them, had a purble of inferior books in their train. Then when they cleberted their victors, or humanted the death of a sportly, worthy and renowned, find in war. The word-wire of the composition of the arch-hard, retained by the king limital, who ensured is that indicate the dash of a sportly, worthy and renowned, find in war. The word-wire of the composition of the arch-hard, retained by the king limital, who ensured is that indicate that had he offer on a sand the emallments of their office confiderable, the order, in facesceing times, because ever amoretes and indicate. It would appear, that after the interdaction of Christian (s. none ever) to the double caparity of bards and deep mental and the state of the stat

+ Clun-onlo, 'white-knee,' the wife of Con-mor, king of Inis-huna, and the mother of bul-malla. She is here reprefented, as missing her daughter, after the

3 2 208 with Cathmore

AN EPIC POEM. Brok FI. art thou, beam of light? Hunters from the mosfly rock,

faw you the blue-eyed fair? Are her fteps on graffy Lumon; near the bed of roes? Ah me! I behold her bow in the hall. Where art thou, beam of light?"

" Ceafe ||, love of Con-mor, ceafe; I hear thee not on the ridgy heath. My eye is turned to the king, whose path is terrible in war. He for whom my foul is up, in the season of my rest. Deep-bosomed in war he flands, he beholds me not from his cloud. Why. fun of Sul-malla, doft thou not look forth? I dwell in darkness here: wide over me flies the shadowy mist. Filled with dew are my locks: look thou from thy cloud, O fun of Sul-malla's foul!" \* \* \* \* \*

ii ul-malla replies to the supposed questions of her mother. Towards the middle of this paragraph she calls Cath nor the sun of her foul, and continues the metaphor throughout. This book ends, we may suppose, about the middle of the hird night, from the opening of the poers,



# TEMORA:

AN

## EPIC POEM.

### THE ARGUMENT.

This look keeins about the middle of the third night from the opening of the pom. The pool deferibes a kind of mid, which roke, by night, from the lake of
Lego, and was the ufual refidence of the fivuls of the dead, during the interval
Lego, and was the ufual refidence of the fivuls of the dead, during the interval
Lego, and was the ufual refidence of the fivuls of the dead, during the interval
lithin above the care where his body law. His voice comes to Fingal, on the
rock of Cormul. The king fitties the finited of Tremnor, which was an infallible
ing of his appearing in arms hinded! The extraordinary cried or the found
of the finited. Submiddle, floating from deeps, awakee to work the was an infallible
ast. He directly he has to retire to the neighbouring validey of Lour, which was
the refidence of an old draid, until the battle of the next day should be over,
le wake, his army with the found of his finite of the finited distributed. Louring
the wake, his army with the found of his finite of the finited distributed. Louring
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## BOOK VII.

From the wood-fkirted waters of Lego, afcend, at times, gray-bofomed mifts, when the gates of the wefl are clofed on the fun's eagle eye. Wide, over Lara's fiream, is poured the vapour dark and deep: the moon, like a dim fhield, is fwimming through its folds. With this, clothe the fjirrits of old their fudden gefures on the wind, when they firide, from blaft to blaft, along the dufky face of the night. Often blended with the gale, to fome warrior's grave + they roll the mift, a gray dwelling to his ghoft, until the fongs arife.

A found came from the defert; the rushing course of Conar in winds. He poured his deep mist on Fil-

As the mift, which note from the lake of Loro, occasioned disease and death, be hard teipride, a here, that I was the refidence of the ghois or the decessed, during the interval between their death and the promouncing of the funeral elegance that the disease of the control that common year-formed, are the furnits of the dead to mix with their succious, in their days labs. It was the disease of the print of the way with their succious, in their days labs. It was the shades of the print of the way. We find here Count, the fin of Tremmer, the first king of Ireland, according to Offian, performing this office for Philan, as it was in the count of the final king Count, then that of the way in the count of the final first Count, the first king of the first king of

Book VII. AN EPIC POEM.

lan, at blue-winding Lubar. Dark and mournful fat the ghost, bending in his gray ridge of smoke. The blaft, at times, rolled him together: but the lovely form

returned again. It returned with flow-bending eyes: and dark winding or locks of mift. It was + dark. The fleeping hoft were ftill, in the fkirts of night. The flame decayed, on the hill of I ingal; the king lay lonely on his fhield. His eyes were half closed in sleep; the voice of Fillan came. "Sleeps the hufband of Clatho? Dwells the father of the fallen in reft? Am I forgot in the folds of darkness; lonely in the featon of dreams?"

"Why art thou in the midft of my dreams," faid Fingal, "as, fudden, he ro e? Can I forget thee, my fon, or thy path of fire in the field? Not fuch, on the foul of the king, come the deeds of the mighty in arms. They are not there a beam of lightning, which is feen, and is then no more. I remember thee, O Fil-

lan! and my weath begins to rife."

The king took his deathful fpear, and ftruck the deeply-founding fhield: his fhield that hung high on night, the difinal fign of war! Ghofts fled on every fide, and rolled their gathered forms on the wind. Thrice from the winding vale arose the voice of deaths. The harps | of the bards, untouched, found mournful over the hill.

"More pleafant to me is he night of Cora, dark-fireaming from Offian's harp; more pleafant it is to use, than a while-b so ned dweller between my arms: than

a fair-handed daugrace of heroes, in the nour of reit "

Though t addition is not very taristactory concerning the history of this poet, it has taken one to inform us, that he was very old when he wrote the dittich. He lived (in what age is uncertain) in one of the weltern iffe, and his name was furloch Ciabh. las, or . urloch of the gray locks.

If it was the opinion of the times, that, on the night preceding the death of a person worthy and renowned, the harps of those bards, who were retained by his family, mitted melancholy founds. This was attributed, to the Offian's expref-fibn, to the light touch of ghost; who were supposed to have a fore-knowledge of events. The fame opinion prevailed long in the north, and the particular found was called, the warning voice of the dead. I he voice of deaths, significant in the preceding featener, was of a different kind. Each performass supposed to have an attendant fpirit, who affumed his form and voice, on the night preceding his death, and appeared to fome, in the at itude, in which the person was to decate The voices of death were the foreboding thricks of those spirits.

The night-deferiations of Offian were in high repute among fucceeding bards. One of them delivered a tentiment, in a dillich, more tayourable to his tatte for poetry, than to his galiantly towards the laures. I shall here give a translation

TEMORA: Book VII.

He firuck again the fhield: battles rofe in the dreams of his heft. The wide-tumbling firife is gleaming over their fouls. Blue shielded kings descend to war.

Backward-looking armies fly; and mighty deeds are half-hid, in the bright gleams of fleel. But when the third found arofe; deer flarted from the clifts of their rocks. The fcreams of fowl are heard, in the defert, as each flew, frighted, on his blaft. The fons of Albion half-rose, and half-assumed their fpears. But filence rolled back on the hoft: they knew the fhield of the king. Sleep returned to their eyes: the field was dark and ftill.

No fleep was thine in darkness, blue-eved daughter of Con-mor! Sul malla heard the dreadful shield and rofe, amidst the night. Her sleps are towards the king of Atha. "Can danger shake his daring foul!" In doubt, the flands, with bending eyes. Heaven burns

with all its ftars.

Again the fhield refounds! She rushed. She flopt. Her voice half-rofe. It failed. She faw him, amidit his arms, that gleamed to heaven's fire. She faw him dim in his locks, that rose to nightly wind. Away, for fear, fhe turned her freps. "Why fhould the king of Erin awake? Thou art not a dream to his reft, daughter of Inis-huna."

More dreadful rung the fhield. Sul-malla flarts. Her helmet falls. Loud-echoed Lubar's rock, as over it rolled the fteel. Burfling from the dreams of night, Cathmor half-rose, beneath his tree. He saw the form of the maid, above him, on the rock. A red flar with twinkling beam, looked down through her floating hair.

" Who comes through night to Cathmor, in the dark feafon of his dreams? Bringest thou ought of war? Who art thou, fon of night? Standest thou before me, a form of the times of old? A voice from the fold of a

cloud, to warn me of Erin's danger ?"

"Nor traveller of night am I, nor voice from folded cloud: but I warn thee of the danger of Erin. Doft Book VII. AN EPIC POEM. thou hear that found? It is not the feeble, king of A-

tha, that rolls his figns on night."

"Let the warrior roll his figns; to Cathmor they are the found of harps. My joy is great, voice of night, and burns over all my thoughts. This is the mulic of kings, on lonely hills, by night; when they light their daring fouls, the fons of mighty deeds! The feeble dwell alone, in the valley of the breeze; where milts lift their morning fkirts, from the blue-winding ftreams."

" Not feeble, thou leader of heroes, were they, the fathers of my race. They dwelt in the darkness of battle: in their distant lands. Yet delights not my foul, in the figns of death! He t, who never yields,

comes forth: Awake the bard of peace!"

Like a rock with its trickling waters, flood Cathmor in his tears. Her voice came, a breeze, on his foul, and waked the memory of her land, where the dwelt by her peaceful fireams, before he came to the war of Con-mor.

" Daughter of strangers," he faid; (she trembling turned away) "long have I marked in her armour, the young pine of Inis-hunz. But my foul, I faid, is folded in a fform. Why should that beam arise, till my Reps return in peace? Have I been pale in thy prefence, when thou bidft me to fear the king? The time of danger, O maid, is the feafon of my foul; for then it iwells, a mighty ftream, and rolls me on the foe."

"Beneath the mois-covered rock of Long, near his own winding ftream: gray in his locks of age, dwells Clonmal | king of harps. Above him is his echoing

pears that he was of the order or the druids; which Cappolition is not, at all, inwaldar id by the appellation of "king of harps," here believed on him; for all agree that the bards were of the number of the draids originally.

t Fingal is find to have never been overcome in battle. From this proceeded that title of horour which is always beltowed on him in tradition. ' Figure 1 alma buth, Final of Victories. In a poem, jun now in my hands, which celebrates fone of the great actions of Arthur the remous British hero, the appellation is often beflowed on him. The poem, from the phrafeology, appears to be ancient; and is, purnage, though that is not mentioned, a translation from the Welfit lan-# Clann-mat, formoked eve-brow ! From the retired life of this perfon, it an-

oak, and the dun bounding of roes. The noise of our ftrife reaches his ear, as he bends in the thoughts of years. There let thy reft be, Sul malla, until our battle ceafe. Until I return, in my arms, from the skirts of the evening mift that rifes, on Lona, round the dwelling of my love."

176

A light fell on the foul of the maid; it rose kindled before the king. She turned her face to Cathmor : her locks are firuggling with winds. "Sooner shall the eagle of heaven be torn, from the streams of his roaring wind, when he fees the dun prey before him, the young fons of the bounding roe, than thou, O Cathmor, be turned from the strife of renown. Soon may I see thee, warrior, from the skirts of the evening mist, when it is rolled around me, on Lona of the streams. While yet thou art diftant far, firike, Cathmor, firike the fhield, that joy may return to my darkened foul, as I lean on the meffy reck. But if thou fhould fall-I am in the land of ftrangers; O fend thy voice, from thy cloud, to the maid of Inis huna."

"Young branch of green-headed Lumon, why doft thou fhake in the florm? Often has Cathmor returned, from darkly-rolling wars. The darts of death are but hail to me; they have often bounded from my fhield. I have rifen brightened from battle, like a meteor from a flormy cloud. Return not, fair beam, from thy vale, when the roar of battle grows. Then might the foe escape, as from my fathers of old.

"They told to Son-mor +, of Clunar ||, flain by Cormac the giver of fhells. Three days darkened Son mor, over his brother s fall. His fpouse beheld the filent king, and forefaw his fleps to war. She prepared the bow, in fecret, to attend her blue shielded hero. To her dwelt darkness at Atha, when the warrior moved to his fields. From their hundred ftreams, by night, pour-

<sup>†</sup> Son-mor, 'tall handfome man'. He was the father of Borbar-duthul, chief
• Atha, and grandfather to Cathmor himfeit.
† Clain-gr, 'm no f' he field'. 'This chief was killed in battle by Cormac MacConar, king of Ireland, the father of Ros-gran, the first wife of Fingal. The field sy is ailuded to in other poems,

Bask VII. AN EPIC POEM.

ed down the fons of Alneema. They had heard the shield of the king, and their rage arose. In clanging arms, they moved along, towards Ullin the land of groves. Son-mor flruck his thield, at times, the leader

of the war. " Far behind followed Sul-a" in ", over the fireamy hills. She was a light on the mountain, when they croffed the vale below. Her flers were flately on the vale, when they rose on the mosty bill. She ferred to approach the king, who left her in Atha or hands But when the roar of battle rofe; when hoft was colled on hoft; when Son mor turnt like the fire of heaven in clouds, with her fpreading hair come Sal-allin; for the trembled for her king. He flopt the ruthing firife to fave the love of heroes. The foe fled by night; Chunar flept without his blood; the blood which ought to be poured upon the warrier's tomb.

"Nor rofe the race of Son-mor, but his days were dark and flow. Sul-aliin wandered, by her gray Itreams, with her tearful eyes. Often did fhe look, on the hero, when he was folded in his thoughts. But the thrunk from his eyes, and turned her lone flers away. Battles refe like a tempeft, and drove the mift from his foul. He beheld, with joy, her steps in the hall, and the white

rifing of her hands on the harp."

In + his arms strode the chief of Atha, to where his fhield hung, high, in night: high on a mosty bough, over Lubar's fireinly year. Seven boffes role on the fhield; the feven voices of the king, which his warriors received, from the wind, and marked over all their tribes.

On each bofs is placed a flar of might; Can-mathon Vol. 11.

Thuit all in, "beautiful ere," the wift of Someon.

file a cic no lin lying nones. I shall give here the SeniScation of the names of the his sens, and on the field. Communion, a med of the bear, Collecting found that p beam? They have of moth? Cathon, beam of the wave. Kendonath, 'nor of the trailed to I e then, 'fire of the bill ' Tendifena, " mutcor of the waver? " alore styriol prosessepting that of Con-mathon, are pretty exact. Of it I am not fore riving for it is not to v probable, that the Forbolt had define wifeed a constellation, fo very early as the days of Larthon, by the name of the bins.

with beams unfhorn: Col-derna rifing from a cloud: Uloicho robed in mift; and the foft beam of Cathlin glittering on a rock. Fair-gleaming, on its own blue wave, Reldurath half-finks its western light. The red eve of Berthin looks, through a grove, on the flow-moving hunter, as he returns through flowery night, with the fpoils of the bounding roe. Wide in the midft, arose the cloudless beams of Ton-théna; Ton-théna, which looked, by night, on the course of the sea-toffed Larthon: Larthon, the first of Bolga's race, who travelled on the winds +. White-bofomed fpread the fails of the king, towards ftreamy Inis-fail; dun night was rolled before him, with its skirts of mist. The winds were changeful in heaven, and rolled him from wave to wave. Then role the fiery-haired Ton-thena, and laughed from her parted cloud. Larthon | rejoiced at the guiding beam, as it faint gleamed on the tumbling waters.

Beneath the fpear of Cathmor, awaked that voice which awakes the bards. They came, dark-winding, from every fide; each with the found of his harp. Before them rejoiced the king, as the traveller, in the day of the fun, when he hears, far rolling around, the murmur of moss ftreams; ftreams that burst in the defert,

from the rock of roes.

† To travel on the winds, a poetical expression for failing. Hearthon is compounded of Lear, 'fea,' and thon, 'wave.' This name was given to the chief of the art colony of the Bribolg, who fettled in Ireland, on account of his knowledge in navigation. A part of an old poem is fill extant, concerning this hero. The author of it, probably, took the hint from the epifode in this book, relative to the first discovery of Ireland by Larthon It abounds with those romantic fables of giants and manicians, which diffinguish the compositions of the ters ancient hards. The deferiptions, contained in it, are ingenious and propor-tionable to the magnitude of the perfons introduced; but, being unnatural, they are infipid and tedious. Had the bard kept within the bounds of probability, his genius was far from being contemptible. The exordiom of his poem is not deffi-tute of merit; but it is the only part of it, that I think worthy of being prefented to the reader "Who first fent the black ship through ocean, like a whale through the burst-

ing of foun? Look, from thy darkness, on Cronath, Offian of the harps of eld! Send thy light on the blue-rolling waters, that I may behold the king. I fee him. Send thy igate on the non-fining waters, that I may be not do that I tell man dark I his lown field on oak! I feet find father them, thy foul is fire. It is careled-sat the which of thy feet, as the wave that rolls by thy file. But the filent treen life is before thee, with its fons, who are tall as woody Lumon; Lumon, which fends from its top, a thouland threams, white-wandering down its files."

I may perhaps, be for the credit of this bard, to trainfate no more of this poem.

for the continuation of his defeription of the frish giants betrays his want of judg-

mout.

Book VII. AN EPIC POEM.

"Why," faid Fonar, "hear we the voice of the king, in the feafon of his reft? Were the dim forms of thy fathers bending in thy dreams? Perhaps they stand that cloud, and wait for Fonar's fong; often they come to the fields where their fons are to lift the spear. Or shall our voice arise for him who lifts the spear no more; he that consumed the field, from Moma of the groves?"

"Not forgot is that cloud in war, bard of other times. High shall his tomb rife, on Moi-lena, the dwelling of renown. But, now, roll back my soul to the times of my fathers: to the years when first they rose, on Inishuna's waves. Nor alone pleasant to Cathmor is the remembrance of wood-covered Lumon. Lumon the land of streams, the dwelling of white bosomed maids."

"Lumon to ffoamy ftreams, thou rifeft on Fonar's foul! Thy fun is on thy fide, on the rocks of thy bending trees. The dun roe is feen from thy furze: the deer lifts his branchy head; for he fees, at times, the hound, on the half covered heath. Slow, on the vale, are the fteps of maids; the white-armed daughters of the bow: they lift their blue eyes to the hill, from a-midft their wandering locks. Not there is the ftride of Larthon, chief of lnis huna. He mounts the wave on his own dark oak, in Cluba's ridgy bay. That oak which he cut from Lumon, to bound along the fea. The maids turn their eyes away, left the king fhould be lowly laid; for never had they feen a fhip, dark rider of the wave!

"Now he dares to call the winds, and to mix with the mift of ocean. Blue Inis fail rofe, in Imoke: but dark-Rivted night came down. The fons of Bolga feared. The fhery-haired Ton-thena rofe. Culbin's bay received the fhip, in the bofom of its echoing woods. There, iflued a ftream, from Duthuma's horrid cave; where fpirits gleamed, at times, with their half-finished forms.

<sup>†</sup> Lumon, as I have remarked in a preceding note, was a hill in Inis-huna, near the relidence of sul-malla. This epifode has an immediate connection with what Is faid of Latthon, in the defeription of Cathingry's faicle.

Book VII. TEMORA:

"Dreams descended on Larthon: he saw seven spirits of his fathers. He heard their half-formed words, and dimly beheld the times to come. He beheld the king of Atha, the fons of future days. They led their hofts, along the field, like ridges of mift, which winds pour, in autumn, over Atha of the groves,

" Larthon raifed the hall of Samla to the foft found of the harp. He went forth to the roes of Erin, to their wonted fireams. Nor did he forget green-headed Lumon : he often bounded over his feas, to where whitehanded Flathal | looked from the hill of roes. Lumon of the foamy streams, thou rifest on Fonar's foul."

The beam awaked in the eaft. The mifty heads of the mountains rofe. Valleys shew, on every fide, the gray-winding of their streams. His host heard the shield of Cathmor: at once they rose around; like a crowded fea, when first it feels the wings of the wind. The waves know not whither to roll; they lift their troubled heads.

180

Sad and flow retired Sul-malla to Long of the ftreams. She went and often turned: her blue eyes rolled in tears. But when the came to the rock, that darkly covered Lona's vale: fhe looked, from her burfting foul,

on the king; and funk, at once, behind.

Son T of Alpin, ftrike the ftring. Is there aught of joy in the harp? Pour it then, on the foul of Offian; it is folded in mift. I hear thee, O bard! in my night. But cease the lightly-trembling found. The joy of grief belongs to Offian, amidft his dark brown-years.

Green thorn of the hill of ghofts, that fhakeft thy head to nightly winds! I hear no found in thee; is there no fpirit's windy fkirt now ruftling in thy leaves ? Often are the steps of the dead, in the dark-eddying blafts; when the moon, a dun shield, from the east, is rolled along the fky.

<sup>†</sup> Samla, 'apparitions,' fo called from the vision of Larthon, concerning his po-

Totaling apparatus of the property of the selfel! I he was the wife of Larthon. If the comprete of the synchrological of the synchro

Book VII. AN EPIC POEM. 181

Ullin, Carril, and Ryno, voices of the days of old! Let me hear you, in the darkness of Selma, and awake the foul of fongs. I hear you not, ye children of nufic; in what hall of the clouds is your rest? Do you touch the shadowy harp, robed with morning mist, where the fun comes founding forth from his greenheaded waves?



## TEMORA:

#### AN

## EPIC POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

The fourth morning, from the opening of the poem, comes on. Finest, fall contuning in the place to which to had retired on the preceding right, is from a little valle, through the unit, which covered the rotal of Cormal. The defeat the valley of Chung, and conded, from thence, to the Citiconian army, Ferdarachy, the foin of Cairbar, the only period remaining of the family of Comes, the first king of Ireland. The king takes the command of the army, and prepared the valley of Itland kay. Clom tening L. dog Bran, who lay at the enrance of the cave, his grief returns. Common rangues give army of the Fribble in order of bottle. The appearance of that here. The pencel condict is softward the condition of the control of the

### BOOK VIII.

As when the wintry winds have feized the waves of the mountain-lake, have feized them, in flormy night, and clothed them over with ice; white to the hunter's early eye, the billows fill feem to roll. He turns his ear to the found of each unequal ridge. But each is filent, gleaning, firean with boughs and turis of grafs, which flake and whifile to the wind, over their gray feats of frost. So filent flone to the morning the ridges of Morven's host, as each warrior looked up from his helmet towards the hill of the king; the cloud-covered hill of Fingel, where he firede, in the rolling of miss. At times is the here seen, greatly dim in all his arms. From thought to thought rolled the war, along his mighty foul.

Now is the coming forth of the king. First appeared the fword of Luno; the spear half-issuing from a

AN EPIC POEM. Book VIII. cloud, the faield fill dim in mift. But when the ftride

of the king came abroad, with all his grav, dewy locks in the wind: then role the fhouts of his hoft over every inoving tribe. They gathered, gleaming, round, with all their echoing shields. So rife the green seas round a fpirit, that comes down from the fqually wind. The traveller hears the found afar, and lifts his head over the rock. He looks on the troubled bay, and thinks he dimly fees the form. The waves foort, unwieldy,

round, with all their backs of foam. Far-diffant flood the fon of Morni, Duthno's race, and Cona's bard. We flood far-diffant; each beneath his tree. We shunned the eyes of the king; we had not conquered in the field. A little stream rolled at my feet: I touched its light wave, with my spear. I touched it with my fpear; nor there was the foul of Offian. It darkly role, from thought to thought, and fent abroad the figh.

"Son of Morni!" faid the king, "Dermid, hunter of roes! why are ye dark, like two rocks, each with its trickling waters? No wrath gathers on the foul of Fingal, against the chiefs of men. Ye are my firength in battle; the kindling of my joy in peace. My early voice was a pleasant gale to your ears, when Fillan prepared the bow. The fon of Fingal is not here, nor yet the chace of the bounding roes. But why fhould the breakers of fhields fland, darkened, far away?"

Tail they firede towards the king; they faw him turned to Mora's wind. His tears came down, for his blue-eyed fon, who flept in the cave of streams. But he brightened before them, and fpoke to the broad-fhield-

ed kings.

" Crommal, with woody rocks, and mifty top, the field of winds, pours forth, to the fight, blue Lubar's fireauty roar. Behind it rolls clear-winding Lavath, in the still vale of deer. A cave is dark in a rock; above it ftrong-winged eagles dwell; broad-headed oaks, before it, found in Cluna's wind. Within, in his locks

58A TEMORA: Book VIII. of youth, is Ferad-artho +, blue-eyed king, the fon of

broad-shielded Cairbar, from Ullin of the roes. He liftens to the voice of Condan, as grav, he bends in techie light. He liftens, for his toes dwell in the echoing halls of Temora. He comes, at times, abroad, in the first of mist, to pierce the bounding roes. When the fun looks on the field, nor by the rock, nor fircam, is he! He shuns the race of Bolga, who dwell in his father's hall. Tell him, that Fingal lifts the " fpear, and that his foes, perhaps, may fail.

"Lift up, O Gaul! the shield before him. Stretch. Dermid, Temora's spear. Be thy voice in his ear, O Carril, with the deeds of his fathers. Lead him to green Moi lena, to the dufky field of ghoffs; for there I fall forward, in battle, in the folds of war. Before dun night defeends, come to high Dunmora's top. Look, from the gray rolling of mift, on Lena of the ftreams.

+ Ferad-artho was the fon of Cairbar Mac-Comme king of Ireland. He was the only one remaining of the race of Cona, the form at least or, the first Irish monarch, according to Offian. In order to make this pailings thoroughly understood, it may not be improper to recapitulate fome part of what has been faid in preceding notes. Upon the death of Conar the fort of Frances, his ton Cormac facceeded on the lrish throne Cormac reigned long. His chiluren were, Cairbar, who Succeeded him, and Ros-crana, the art wife of Fineal Carbor, long before the death of his father Corn ac, had taken to wife Bos-gala, the daughter of Colgar, one of the most powerful chiefs in Commonts, and had, we have, Artho, afterwards kingor Ireland soon after Artho arrived at man's corte, his mother, Bos-gala died, and Cairbar took to wife Beltanno, the daughter or cor genar of Ullin, who brought him a fon, whom he called Equad-artho, i. e whom is the place of Artho. brought from a tot, whom he camen reportanting, i.e. it was in the place of Armo. The occasion of the mane was this. Arthor, when any brick was born, was absent, on an expedition in the fourth of Ireland. A "life recent was brought to his rather that the was killed. Calibbar, to wise the word or the sounce of the fulfelt, charkened for his fair-haired from the time of the word or the sounce of the file that the fourth of the fourth of the fourth of the file that the fourth of the file that the fourth of the file that the file th of Beltanno of Consultar. Then that he Feradiantial, he feet, a fire before thy race. Cairbat, oon after died, nor aid Artholong, " i e i. m. Artho was fueceeded, in the Irish throne, by his fon Corney, who, in his minority, was murdered by Carrbar, the fon of Borbar-duthul. Ferades the, tive condition, was very young, when the expedition or Fingal to fertic him on the throne of Ireland, happeaced During the short reign of young Cormac, Fond art. o leved at the royal painte of Temora. Upon the murder of the king Conden, the bard, conveyed Ferad-artho, privately to the cave of Cluna, behind the monetain Crommal, in Uliter, where they both lived concealed, during the cour ation of the family of All thefe particulars, concerning Forad-a tho, may be gathered from the occapolitions of Offian: A band, lefs ancient, has delivered the whole hillory, in a poen just now in my posicision. It has little ment, if we except the scene betwicen Ferad-artho, and the mellengers of Fingal, woon their arrival in the valley of Cluna. After hearing of the great a tools of United, the young prince propoles the following queffions concerning him, to G all our Deima! " Is the king tall as the rock of my cave? Is his frear a fir of Cluna? Is he a rough-winged blaft, on the mountain, which takes the green oak by the head, and tears it from its bill? Glitters Lubar within his firides, when he fends his fancty neps along? Nor is he sall, faid Gaul, as that rock: nor glitter areams " thin his findes, but his foul is a mighty flood, like the firength of Ulha's feas."

Book VIII. AN EPIC POEM. 185 If there my flandard shall float on wind, over Lubar's

gleaning course, then has not Fingal failed in the last

of his fields."

Such were his words: nor aught replied the filent, firiting kings. They looked fide-long, on Erin's hoft, and darkened, as they went. Never before had they left the king, in the midd of the flormy field. Behind them, touching at times his harp, the gray-haired Carrill moved. He foreflaw the fall of the people, and mountful was the found! It was like a breeze that comes, by fits, over Lego's reedy lake; when fleep half-devends on the hunter, within his moffy cave.

"Why bends the bard of Cona," faid Fingal, "over his fecret fiream? Is this a time for forrow, father of low-laid Ofear? Be the warriors † remembered in peace; when echoing fhields are heard no more. Bend, then, in grief, over the flood, where blows the mountain-breeze. Let them pass on thy foul, the blue-eyed dwellers of Lena. But Erin rolls to war, wide-tumbling, rough, and dark. Lift, Oilan, lift the filled. I

am alone, my fon !"

As comes the fudden voice of winds to the becalmed finp of Inis-huna, and drives it large, along the deep, dark rider of the wave: fo the voice of Fingal fent Offian, tall, along the heath. He lifted high his fining faield, in the duffy wing of war: like the broad, blank moon, in the fkirt of a cloud, before the florms arile.

Loud, from moss-covered Mora, poured down, at

"Dawher of any thoughts, by might, while form afcends in troubled fields, why don't take the up my fiel, thou far-littant for of the king? Is that the fluo of my love, it dark conventionary the ridge of ocean? How art thou for findern, Ofcar, from the high of first last of first last of

It is imposed Malvina favire the following follogue, "Malvina is like the bow of the hover, in the foot wallow at irremars it is implie, but the drops of heaven not on its sheaded light. They fay, that I am fair within my lock, but, on my implicates, is the wanding of test." Defeated this over my foul, as the my long test is the shead of the over foul, as the major test is more than the shead of the my long test in the shead of the my long test in the shead of the my long test in the desay sait of a ghot, a long the markets beam? I should the young warrow fall, in the more in the translate of 34d Volumey reason in 12th a malg, all book the warrow in the my long test in the

The ref of this morn, it is faid, confifted, of a dialogue between Ullin and Maltina, wherein the diffress of the latter is carried to the highest pitch.

86 TEMORA: Fook VIII.

once, the broad-winged war. Fingal led his people forth, king of Morven of fireams. On high fireads the eagle's wing. His gray hair is poured on his fhoulders broad. In thunder are his mighty firides. He often flood, and faw behind, the wide-gleaming rolling of armour. A rock he feemed, gray over with ice, whole woods are high in wind. Bright fireams leap from its head, and firead their foam on blafts.

Now he came to Lubar's cave, where Fillan darkly flept. Bran flill lav on the broken fhield: the eaglewing is flrewed on winds. Bright, from withered furze, looked forth the hero's fpear. Then grief flirred the foul of the king, like whirlwinds blackening on a lake. He turned his fudden flep, and leaned on his bending spear. White breasted Bran came bounding with joy to the known path of Fingal. He came and locked towards the cave, where the blue-eyed hunter lay, for he was wont to firide, with morning to the dewy bed of the roe. It was then the tears of the king came down, and all his foul was dark. But as the rifing wind rolls away the ftorm of rain, and leaves the white fireams to the fun, and high hills with their heads of grafs; fo the returning war brightened the mind of Fingal. He bounded to n his spear, over Lubar, and struck his echoing shield. His ridgy

t The Irith compositions concerning Fingal invariably speak of him as a giant. Of these Hibernian poems there are now many in my hands. From tie language, and allufions to the times in which they were writ, I fh. ald fix the date of their that all all and the trace is the source with the poetry as far from wanting merit, but the rable is unartural, and the whole conduct of the picts injudicious. I shall see one infrare of the extra ment factions of the Irish bards, in a poem which the j, not unjustly, affectly to them. The flory of it is this. Irishand being threatened with an invasion from from part of Sandinavia, Fingal fent Offian, Ofear and Ca-olt, to watch the bay, in which it was expecied, the enemy was to land. Ofcar, uninckily, tell threp, before the Scandinavians appeared; and, great as he was, tays the traffi bard, he had one bad property, that no leis could waken Lim, before his time, than cetting oil one of his fingers, or throwing a great home againly his head; and it was dangerous to come near him, on those occasions, till he had recovered himfelt, and was fully awake. Ca-olt, who was employed by Onian to waken his fon, made choice or throwing the flone against his head, as the least dangerous expedient. The stone, rebounding the time agains in the adjacent care can can great experient. The time, recomming from the hereby head, though, as it reliable along it half for three cades round. Offer rouse in rage, fought bravely, and, fingly, an, whiled a xing or the enemy's army. Thus the bard goes on till Fingal out an out to the wir by the total rout of the cardinawans. Paerile, and even despicable, as there fill now are, yet Keating and O'Flaherty have no better authority than the noeurs which contain them, for ail that they write concerning Fion Mac-commal, and the presented militia . Secland.

Book VIIT. AN EPIC POEM. hoit bend forward, at on e, with a'l their pointed

fteel. Nor Erin heard, with fear, the found: wide they came rolling along. Dark Malthos, in the wing of war, looks forward from fhaggy brows. Next rofe that beam of light Hidalla; then the fide-longlooking gloom of Maronnan. Blue-fhielded Clonar lifts the fpear; Cormar shakes his bushy locks on the wind. Slowly, from behind a rock, role the bright form of Atha. First appeared his two pointed spears, then the half of his burnished shield: like the rising of a nightly meteor, over the vale of ghofts. But when he shone all abroad: the hofts plunged, at once, into firife. The gleaming waves of fteel are poured on either fide.

As meet two troubled feas, with the rolling of all their waves, when they feel the wings of contending winds, in the rock-fided frith of Lumon; along the echoing hills is the dim course of ghosts: from the blast fall the torn groves on the deep, amidit the foamy path of whales. So mixed the hofts! Now Fingal; now Cathmer came abroad. The dark tumbling of death is before them: the gleam of broken steel is rolled on their fleps, as, loud, the high-bounding kings hewed

down the ridge of fhields.

Maronnan feil, by Fingal, laid large acrofs a ftream. The waters gathered by his fide, and leapt gray over his boffy shield. Clonar is pierced by Cathmor: nor vet lay the chief on earth. An oak feized his hair in his fall. His helinet rolled on the ground. By its thong, hung his broad fhield; over it wandered his fireaming blood. Tlamin + shall weep, in the hall,

" half-hid in the grove, thit down Fly back, we mins of the hill. Why thould ye had her love from the blace yes of Tlading of harps?

<sup>†</sup> Tla-min, ' mild! -- fo't.' The loves of Clonar and Tlamin were rendered famens in the north, by a fragment of a lyric poem, full preferved, which is a-ferthed to thinn. It is a deal goe between Clonar and Tlamin. She begins with a followay, which he overnous.

Thoma -- Clonar, for or Conglas of I-mor, young hunter of dun-fided roes! where art thou had, aimst trubes, beneath the puting wing of the breeze? I behold thee, my love, in the plan of thy own dark freams! The clung thorn is rolled by the word, and ruftles along his fineld. Bright in his looks he lies : the thoughts of his dictions fiv, darkening, over his face. I hou thinkest of the battles of Offian, young fon of the echoing ifle !

and firike her heaving breaft. Nor did Offian forget the fpear, in the wing of his war. He firewed the field with dead. Young Hidalla came. "Soft voice of ftreamy Cloura! Why doft thou lift the fteel? O that we met, in the ftrife of fong, in thy own rushy vale !" Maltho's beheld him low, and darkened as he rushed along. On either fide of a fiream, we bend in the echoing firife. Heaven comes rolling down: around burfl the voices of fqually winds. Hills are clothed, at times, in fire. Thunder rolls in wreaths of mift. In darkness shrunk the fee: Morven's warriers slood aghaft. Still I bent over the ftream, amidft my whiftling locks.

Then rose the voice of Fingal, and the sound of the flying fee. I faw the king, at times, in lightning, darkly firiding in his might. I ftruck my echaing finield, and hung forward on the fleps of Alncoma: the

foe is colled before me, like a wreath of fmoke.

The fun looked forth from his cloud. The hundred fireams of Moi-lena fhone. Slow role the blue columns of mift, against the glittering hill. "Where are the mighty kings? + Nor by that fiream, nor wood, are they! I hear the clang of arms! Their trife is in the Leforn of mift." Such is the contending of spirits in a

Cloner --- " As the fairlt, feen in a dream, flies off from our open's reves, we think, we behold his bright path between the cloting hills, is fled the dearbier of timegal, from the fight of Clonar of thields. Arife, from the said and a trees; blue-eyed Tlanda arife. Than in .-- " I ture me away from his fleps. Why fhould be know of my fore ?

My white breath; he wing over fig! s. as foam on the dark course of a, cans. But he paifes away, in his acms! Son or Congres my final is field.

Cloner --- It was the filled of Fings II the voice of kings form selected harps!

My path is towards group Er.n. Ande, fair light, from the first, a decrease the field of my soul, if ore is the tyre song of holls. And, on Light is acadicalled, young day liter of blue-flir leed Cum-ral."

(in-gai v as the thier of 1-mor, one or the Hebrides. Ble numerous descriptions of Fingle combuts had already exhibition the matter. Nothing new, nor adequate to our high side of the kines, could be seek. Odina, therefore, three's a column of mill over the whole, and leaves the co-that to the imagination of the resour. Poets have also fe convertable rolled in their determitions of this fort. Not all the intenth or Homer could not air with digner of the princtise of a fibrele combat. The throwing or a fpear, and the law, in the a direct, astenne of our own toods most elegandy express it, on very non-new idea. . . . in agination stretches beyond, and, consequently, despites the defeat field It were, therefore, well, for ton a prets, in my opinion, othough it is, per a saferners one singular, to make, for chance, like Office, thrown mile out about more withkets.

Book FIII. AN EPIC POEM. 189 nightly cloud, when they strive for the wintry wings of

winds, and the rolling of the foam-covered waves.

I ruthed along. The gray mift rofe. Tail, glea ning, they flood at Lubar. Cathmor leaned against a rock. His half-fallen fhield received the stream, that least from the moss above. Towards him is the stride of Fingal; he faw the hero's blood. His fword fell flowly to his fide. He fpoke, amidft his darkening joy. " Yields the race of Borbar-duthul? Or flill does he

lift the fpear? Not unheard is thy name, in Seima, in the green dwelling of ftrangers. It has come, like the breeze of his defert, to the ear of Fingal. Come to my hill of feafts: the mighty fail, at times. No fire am I to low-laid foes: I rejoice not over the rall of the brave. To clefe+ the wound is mine: I have known the herbs of the hills. I feized their fair heads, on high, as they waved by their fecret ftreams. Thou art dark and fi-lent, king of Atha of ftrangers."

"By Atha of the streams," he faid, "there rifes a moffy rock. On its head is the wandering of boughs, within the course of winds. Dark, in its face, is a cave with its own loud rill. There have I heard the tread of ftrangers i, when they paffed to my hall of shells. Joy role, like a flame, on my foul: I bleft the echoing rock. Here be my dwelling, in darkness, in my graffy vale. From this I fhall mount the breeze. Vol. II.

" The hope to be of on of Catherer was apparalleled. He reflects, with pleature, even or an international, news, on the relief he list afforded to firangers. The very tread of their consenses pleating in his ear. His individuality was not passed unnoticed by the collections, for, with their, it become a proverte, when they defended the horseless spoktion coa hero, that he was like Cathoner of Atha, the friend of aran wis. It will feem drange, that, in all the Irith traditions, there is no measurement of Cathmor. This hauft be attrouted to the revolutions and domeans continuous which happen, if in that iffinid, and unterly out of all the real traditions concerning to an acad a seriod. All that we have related of the flate of frehm a before the lifth century is of lise invention, and the work of ill-imprinod Semmatic, and mindicages basels,

I Pingal is very much celebrated, in tradition, for his knowledge in the virtues of herby I've 1.1h poems concern up him, often represent him, carlos the woulds which his chiefs received in buttle. They table concerning him, thu, he was in to laft in or a cur, containing the effence of Lerbs, which initializate only healed would start be knowledge of cosing the wounded, was, till of late, univerfal among the in the ... We hear of natother deloader, which required the fkill of phyfig. The whole commends of the chimate, and an active hie, ipent in hunting, ex-

that purfues my thiftle's beard; or look down, on bluewinding Atha, from its wandering mift."

100

"Why speaks the king of the tomb? Offian! the warrior has failed! Joy meet thy foul, like a stream, Cathmor, friend of firangers! My fon, I hear the call of years: they take my spear as they pass along. Why does not Fingal, they feem to fay, reft within his hall? Doft thou always delight in blood? In the tears of the fad? No: ye darkly-rolling years, Fingal delights not in blood. Tears are wintry streams that waste away my soul. But when I lie down to rest, then comes the mighty voice of war. It awakes me, in my hall, and calls forth all my freel. It shall call it forth no more; Offian, take thou thy father's fpear. Lift it, in battle, when the proud arife.

" My fathers, Offian, trace my fteps; my deeds are pleafant to their eyes. Wherever I come forth to battle, on my field, are their columns of mist. But mine arm refcued the feeble; the haughty found my rage was fire. Never, over the fallen, did mine eye rejoice. For this | my fathers shall meet me, at the gates of their airy halls, tall, with robes of light, with mildlykindled eyes. But, to the proud in arms, they are darkened moons in heaven, which fend the fire of night, red-wandering over their face.

" Father of heroes, Trenmor, dweller of eddying winds! I give thy spear to Offian, let thine eye rejoice. Thee have I feen, at times, bright from between thy clouds; fo appear to my fon, when he is to lift the spear: then fhall he remember thy mighty deeds, though thou

art now but a blaft."

He gave the spear to my hand, and raised, at once, a flone on high, to speak to future times, with its gray

<sup>|</sup> We fee from this paffage, that, even in the times of Offian, and, confequently, before the introduction of Chamianity, they had fonce idea of rewards and punish-ments after death. I hose who behaved, in lif, with bravery and virtue, were received, with joy, to the any halls of their fathers: but the dark in foul, to ufe the expression of the poet, were spurned away from the habitation of heroes, to wander on all the winds. Another opinion, which prevailed in those times, tended not a little to make individuals emolous to excel one another in martial atchievements. It was thought, that in the hall of clouds, every one had a feat, raited above others, in proportiones he excelled them, in valour, when he lived.

Book VIII. AN EPIC POEM. 191 head of moss. Beneath he placed a sword + in earth,

and one bright bofs from his fhield. Dark in thought, a while, he bends: his words, at length, came forth.

"When thou, O ftone, shall moulder down, and lose thee, in the mois of years, then shall the traveller come, and whiftling pafs away. Thou knowest not, feeble wanderer, that same once shone on Moi-leua. Here Fingal refigned his spear, after the last of his sledder. Pass away thou empty shade; in thy voice there is no renown. Thou dwellest by some peaceful stream; yet a few years and thou art gone. No one remembers thee, thou dweller of thick mist! But Fingal shall be clothed with same, a beam of light to other times; for he went forth, in echoing steel, to save the weak in arms."

Brightening in his fame, the king flrode to Lubar's founding oak, where it bent, from its rock, over the bright tumbling flream. Beneath it is a narrow plain, and the found of the fount of the rock. Here the flandard || of Morven poured its wreaths on the wind, to mark the way of Ferad-artho, from his fecret vale. Bright, from his parted weft, the fun of heaven looked abroad. The hero faw his people, and heard their flouts of joy In broken ridges round, they glittered to the beam. The king rejoiced, as a hunter in his own green vale, when, after the florm is rolled away, he fees the gleaming fides of the rocks. The green thern fliakes its head in their face; from their top, look forward the roces.

Gray ¶, at his mosfy cave, is bent the aged form of R 2

fent, by Cathmor, before the battle. Clonnal, an aged bard, or rather druid, as a ke feems here to be endued with a prefeience of events, had long dwelt there, in

<sup>†</sup> There are fome flones fill to be feen in the north, which were crededf as memorials of fome remarkable transactions between the ancient chiefs. There are generally found beneath them fome piece of arms, and a bit of half-burnt wood. The cause of placing the last there is not mentioned in tradition.

If the credit of shoring the lattice is not non-tone in radition.

If he credit of its landard on the back is the capital which Fingal, which Fingal, in the beginning of the back, promifed to give to the capital which Fingal, in the beginning of the back, promifed to give to the first the thing and here tand in every other part. Online's powers, where it is mentiored) is called the fun-back. The realmont of this appellation, is given more than once, in notes preceding.

If the poet changes the feene to the valley of Lona, whither Sulmvills had been

102 TEMORA: Book VIII. C'onmal. The eyes of the bard had failed. He lean-

ed forward, on his flaff. Bright in her locks, before him, Sul malla liftened to the tale; the tale of the kings of Atha, in the days of old. The noise of battle had ceased in his ear: he stopt, and raised the secret sigh. The spirits of the dead, they faid, often lightened over his feul. He faw the king of Atha low, beneath his bending tree.

"Why art thou dark?" faid the maid. "The firste of arms is paft. Soon | fhall he come to thy cave, over thy winding ftreams. The fun looks from the rocks of the west. The mists of the lake arise. Gray, they friead on that hill, the rufhy dwelling of roes. From the mift shall my king appear! Behold, he comes, in his arms. Come to the cave of Clonmal, O my best beloved !"

It was the spirit of Cathmor, stalking, large, a gleaming form. He funk by the hollow fiream, that reared between the hills. "It was but the hunter," fhe faid, "who fearches for the bed of the roe. His fleps are not forth to war; his fpoule expects him with night. He thall, whiftling, return, with the spoils of the dark-brown hinds." Her eyes are turned to the hill; again the flately form came down. She rofe, in the mida of joy. He retired in mift. Gradual vanish his limbs of Imoke, and mix with the mountain-wind. Then the knew that he fell! "King of Erin art thou low !" Let Offian forget her grief; it waftes the foul of age +.

Cathoner had promifed, in the feventh book, to come to the cave of Clonmain after the battle was over-

The radition relates, that Offian, the next day after the decifive battle between Fingal and Cathury, went to find out vul-malla, in the valley of Lona. His address to her, which is fill preferved, I here tay before the reader.

a care. This feene is awful and folemn, and calculated to throw a melancholy gloom over the mind.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Awake, theu daughter of Con-mor, from the fern-fkirted cavern of Lona. A. wake, thou fur beam in deferts; warriors one day must fail. They move forth, like terrible lights; but, often, their cloud is near. Go to the valley of fireams, to the wandering of heres, on Lumon; there dwells, in his lazy mill, the man of many days. But he is unknown, Sui-malla, like the thiftle of the rocks of roes; it hakes its grey beard, in the wind, and falls, unfeen of our eyes. Not fach are the kings of men, their departure is a meteor of fire, which pours its red courfe, from the defert, over the bofom of night.

Book VIII.

AN EPIC POEM. Evening came down on Moi-lena. Gray rolled the ftreams of the land. Loud came forth the voice of Fingal: the beam of oaks arose, the people gathered round with gladness; with gladness blended with shades. They fide-long-looked to the king, and beheld his unfinished joy. Pleasant, from the way of the desert, the voice of music came. It seemed, at first, the noise of a ftream, far-diftant on its rocks. Slow it rolled along the hill like the ruffled wing of a breeze, when it takes the tufted beard of the rocks, in the ftill feafon of night. It was the voice of Condan, mixed with Carril's trembling harp. They came with blue-eyed Ferad-artho, to Mora of the streams.

Sudden burfts the fong from our bards, on Lena: the hoft ftruck their fhields midft the found. Gladnefs rofe brightening on the king, like the beam of a cloudy day, when it rifes, on the green hill, before the roar of winds. He firuck the boffy fhield of kings; at once they cease around. The people lean forward, from their ipears, towards the voice of their land+.

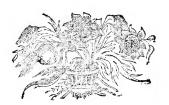
"Sons of Morven, fpread the feaft; fend the night away on fong. Ye have shone around me, and the dark florm is paft. My people are the windy rocks, from which I fpread my eagle wings, when I rush forth R 3

partial regard with which e port fpeaks of her throughout Temora.

Before finith my notes, it may not be altogether improper to obviate an objefti m, which may be made to the credibility of the flory of Temora, as related by O Ban. It may be siked, whe ther it is probable that Fineal could perform such actions as are afcribed to a m in this book, at an age when his grandfon Ofcar, had acquired to much reputation in arms. To this it may be answered, that Plegal was but very young Back IV.) when he took to write Rosarrana, who for nafter became the nother of Office. Office was also extremely no nowher Ever-a'lin, the mother of Ofcar. Tradition relates, that Fingal wa but eighteen years old at the birth of his fon Offian; and that Offian was much about the fame age, when Ofear, his fon, washorn Ofear, perhaps, might be about twenty, when he was killed, in the battle of Gabhra, (Book L.) fo the age of Pingal, when the desirive lattle was fought between him and Cathinor, was jud fifty-fix years. In those times of activity and health, the natural strength and vigour of a man was little abated, at fuch an are; fo that there is nothing improbable in the actions of Fingal, as related in this book.

<sup>&</sup>quot;He is mixed with the warriors of old, those fires that have hid their heads. At times thall they come forth in fing. Not forgot has the warrior failed. He has not icen, Sul-malla, the fall of a beam of his own; no fair-haired fon, in his blood, young troubler of the field. I am lonely, young branch of Lumon, I may hear the voice of the field, when my firength shall have failed in years, for young Ofcar has ceaf don his field ---

to renown, and feize it on its field. Offian thou hast the spear of Fingal: it is not the staff of a boy with which he strews the thisself round, young wanderer of the sield. No: it is the lance of the mighty, with which they fretched forth their hands to death. Look to thy fathers, my fon; they are awful beams. With morning lead Ferad-artho forth to the echoing halls of Temora. Remind him of the kings of Erin: the stackly forms of old. Let not the fallen be forgot, they were mighty in the sield. Let Carril pour his fong, that the kings may rejoice in their miss. To-morrow I spread my fails to Selma's shaded walls; where streamy Duthula winds through the seats of roses."



# CATHLIN OF CLUTHA:

### A POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

An addreft to Malvina, the daughter of TuGan. The poet relates the arrival of Cattlin in Selania, to folicit and signification error of Cluba, who had Altida Cattlina, for the fate of his daughter Land. Fingal der lining to make a choice choice the control of t

COME +, thou beam that art lonely, from watching in the night! The foughty winds are around thee, from all their echoing hills. Red, over my hundred fireams, are the light-covered paths of the dead. They rejoice, on the eddying winds, in the fill feafen of night. Dwells there no joy in fong, white hand of the harps of Lutha? Awake the voice of the firing, and roll my foul to me. It is a fiream that has failed. Malvina pour the fong.

I hear thee, from thy darknefs, in Selma, thou that watcheft, lonely, by night! Why didft thou withhold the fong, from Offian's failing foul? As the falling brook to the ear of the hunter, defeending from his florm-covered hill; in a finn-beam rolls the echoing flream; he hears, and fhakes his dewy locks: fuch is the voice of Lutha, to the friend of the fipirits of heroes. My fwelling before beats high. I look back on the days that are paft. Come, thou beam that art lonely, from the watching of night.

<sup>†</sup> The traditions, which accompany this poem, inform us, that both it, and the workeding piece, went, of old, under the name of Lai-Oi-lutha; i. c. the hymne

CATHLIN OF CLUTHA:

106 In the echoing bay of Carmona + we faw, one day, the bounding ship. On high, hung a broken shield; it was marked with wandering blood. Forward came a youth, in armour, and firetched his pointless spear. Long over his tearful eyes, hung loofe his difordered locks. Fingal gave the field of kings. The words of the ftranger arose.

"In his hall lies Cathmol of Clutha, by the winding of his own dark streams. Duth-carmor faw white-bofomed Lanul |, and pierced her father's fide. In the rufhy defert were my fteps. He fled in the feafon of night. Give thine aid to Cathlin to revenge his father. I fought thee not as a beam, in a land of clouds. Thou, like that fun, art known, king of echoing Schma."

Selma's king looked around. In his prefence, we rose in arms. But who should lift the shield? for all had claimed the war. The night came down, we

of the maid of Lutha? They pretend also to fix the time of its composition to the third year after the death of Fingal; that is, during the expedition of Fergus the fon of Fingal, to the banks of Usica duthon. In support of this opinion, the the Highland Senachies have prefixed to this noem, an address of Offian, to Congal the young fon of Fergus, which I have rejected, as having no manner of connection with the refl of the piece. It has poetical merit; and, probably, it was the opening of one of Offian's other poems, though the bards injudiciously transferred it to the piece new before us.

"Congal fon of Fergus of Durath, thou light between thy locks, afcend to the rock of Selma, to the oak of the breaker of shields. Look over the botom of right, it is fireaked with the red paths of the dead: look on the night of ghofts, and kindle, O Congal, thy foul. Be not, like the moon on a fiream, lonely in the ridth of clooks; darknefs cloics around it; and the heam departs. Depart not, fon of Fergus, ere thou marken the field with thy fword. Aftend to the rock of

Selmas to the oak of the breaker of shields "

† Car-mona, 'bay of the dark-brown hills,' an arm of the fea, in the neighbour-hood of Selma. In this paragraph are mentioned the signals presented to Fingal, by these who came to demand his are membered that shals presented as sheld covered with blood, and, in the other, a broken spear; the first a first a sheld covered with blood, the last an emblem of their own helples, fituation. If the king choic to grant fuccours, which generally was the case, he reached to them the shell of fealts, as a toker of his hospitality and friendly intentions towards them.

It may not be difagrecable to the reader to lay here before him the ceremony of the Cran-tara, which was of a fimilar nature, and, till very lately, used in the When the news of an enemy came to the refidence of the ch ef, he immediately killed a goat with his own fword, dipped the end of an half-burnt piece of wood in the blood, and gave it to one of his fervants, to be carried to the next hamlet. From hamlet to handet this teffers was carried with the utmost exnext named. From name: to named this reners was carried with the amount of pedition, and, in the figace of a few hours, the whole chan were in arms, and convened in an appointed place; the name of which was the only word which accompanied the delivery of the Crantara. This lymtel was the mylicito of the chief, by which he threatened fire and tword to those of his chan, that did not immediate.

ly appear at his flandard, sy argers at his mandaru.

L'Anni, 'full-eved,' a furname which, according to tradition, was beflowed on the daughter of Cathinol, on account of her beauty; this tradition, however, may have been founded on that partiality, which the hards have flewn to Cathin of Clutha; for, according to them, no tallehood could awall in the foul of the levely.

ftrode, in filence; each to his hill of ghofts: that fpirits might defeend, in our dreams, to mark us for the field.

We fruck the fhield of the dead, and raifed the hum of fongs. We thrice called the ghofts of our fathers. We laid us down in dreams. Trenmor came, before mine eyes, the tall form of other years. His blue hofts were behind him in half-diffinguified rows. Scarce feen is their ftrife in mill, or their ftretching forward to deaths. I liftened; but no found was there. The forms were empty wind.

I flarted from the dream of ghofts. On a fudden blaft flew my whiftling hair. Low-founding, in the oak, is the departure of the dead. I took my fhield from its bough. On-ward came the rattling of fleel. It was Ofcar t of Lego. He had feen his fathers.

"As whites forth the blaff, on the bofom of whitening waves; fo carelefs shall my course be, through ocean, to the dwelling of soes. I have seen the dead, my father. My beating soul is high. My fame is bright before me, like the streak of light on a cloud, when the broad sun comes forth, red traveller of the sky."

fixy."

"Grandson of Branno," I faid; "not Oscar alone shall meet the foe. I rush forward, through ocean, to the woody dwelling of heroes. Let us contend, my fon, like eagles, from one rock; when they lift their broad wings, against the stream of winds." We raised our fails in Carmona. From three ships, they marked my shield on the wave, as I looked on nightly Ton-thena I red wanderer between the clouds. Four days came the breeze abroad. Lumon came forward in mist. In winds were its hundred groves. Sun-beams marked, at times, its brown fide. White, leapt the foamy streams from all its echoing rocks.

<sup>†</sup> Official is here called Official of Lego, from his mother being the daughter of Broticous, a powerful chief, on the banks of that lake. It is remarkable that official chief is the state of the state

198 CATHLIN OF CLUTHA:
A green field, in the bosom of hills, winds filent with its own blue fiream. Here, midft the waving of oaks, were the dwellings of kings of old. But filence, for many dark-brown years, had fettled in graffy Rathcol t, for the race of heroes had failed, along the pleafant vale. Duth-carmor was here, with his people, dark rider of the wave. Ton-thena had hid her head in the fky. He bound his white-bosomed fails. His course is on the hills of Rath-col, to the feats of roes.

We came. I fent the bard, with fongs, to call the foe to fight. Duth-carmor heard him, with joy. The king's foul was a beam of fire; a beam of fire, marked with smoke, rushing, varied, through the bosom of night. The deeds of Duth-carmor were dark, though

his arm was ftrong.

Night came, with the gathering of clouds. By the beam of the oak we fat down. At a diftance flood Cathlin of Clutha. I faw the changing foul of the ftranger ||. As fhadows fly over the field of grafs, fo various is Cathlin's cheek. It was fair, within locks, that rose on Rath-col's wind. I did not rush, amidst his

foul, with my words. I bade the fong to rife.
"Ofcar of Lego," I faid, "be thine the fecret hill \( \), to

mentioned in the feventh book of Temora, directed the course of Larthon to Ireland. It feems to have been well known to thofe, who 'siled on that fea, which divides Ireland from South-Britain. As the courie of Offian was along the coaf of Inis-hung, he mentions with propri ty, that far which directed the voyage of the colony from that country to Ireland.

† Rath-col, 'woody field,' does not appear to have been the refidence of Duth-carmor: he feems rather to have been forced thither by a florm; at leak I should think that to be the meaning of the poet, from his expression, that I on-then a had hid her head, and that he bound his white-bofomed tails; which is as much as to fay, that the weather was flormy, and that Duth-carmor put in to the bay of Rath-

col for shelter.

|| From this circumftance, fucceeding bards feigned that Cathlin, who is here in the difguife of a young warrior, had fallen in love with Duth-carmor at a feaft, to which he had been invited by her father. Her love was converted into deteftation for him, after he had murdered her father. But as those rain-bows of heaven are changeful, fay my authors, fpeaking of women, the felt the return of her former pallion, upon the approach of Duth-carmor's danger. I myfelf, who think more favourably of the fex, must attribute the agitation of Cathlin's mind to her extreme fensibility to the injuries done her by Duth-carmor; and this opinion is favoured by the fequel of the Hory

This paifage alludes to the well known cuttom among the ancient kings of Scotland, to retire from their army on the night preceding a battle. The flory which Offian introduces in the next paragraph, conce no the fall of the druids, of which I have given fome account in the Differnation. It is faid in many old poons, that the druids, in the extremity of their affairs, had folicited, and obtainA POEM.

night. Strike the shield, like Morven's kings. With day, thou shalt lead in war. From my rock, I shall fee thee, Ofcar, a dreadful form afcending in fight, like the appearance of ghofts, amidft the florms they raife. Why should mine eyes return to the dim times of old. ere yet the fong had burfled forth, like the fudden rifing of winds. But the years, that are past, are marked with mighty deeds. As the hightly rider of waves looks up to Ton-thena of beams: fo let us turn our eyes to Trenmor, the father of kings."

Wide, in Caracha's echoing field, Carmal had pour-ed his tribes. They were a dark ridge of waves; the gray-haired bards were like moving foam on their face. They kindled the firife around with their red-rolling eyes. Nor alone were the dwellers of rocks; a fon of Loda was there; a voice in his own dark land, to call the ghofts from high. On his hill, he had dwelt, in Lochlin, in the midft of a leaflefs grove. Five ftones lifted, near, their heads. Loud-roared his rushing ftream. He often raised his voice to winds, when meteors marked their nightly wings; when the darkrobed moon was rolled behind her hill.

Nor unheard of ghofts was he! They came with the found of eagle-wings. They turned battle, in fields,

before the kings of men.

But, Tremmor, they turned not from battle; he drew forward the troubled war; in its dark fkirt was Trathal, like a rifing light. It was dark; and Loda's fon poured forth his figns, on night. The feeble were not

before thee, ion of other lands!

Then + rose the strife of kings, about the hill of night; but it was soft as two summer gales, shaking their light wings, on a lake. Trenmor yielded to his fon; for the fame of the king was heard. Trathal came forth

fen, from ancient times.

ed aid from Scandinavia. Among the auxiliaries there came many pretended ma-gicians, which i-reunstance Offina allolse to, in his deferition of the inn of Loda. Mages and instantance could not, however, prevail: for Tenmor, affined by the valour of his fon Trathal, entirely broke the power of the druids if Tenmor and Irachal. Unan introduced this epitody, so an example to bla-

before his father, and the focs failed, in echoing Caracha. The years that are past, my son, are marked with mighty deeds †.

In clouds rofe the eaftern light. The foe came forth in arms. The firife is mixed at Rath-col, like the roar of ftreams. Behold the contending of kings! They meet befide the oak. In gleams of fited the dark forms are loft; fuch is the meeting of meteors, in a vale by night: red light is feattered round, and men forefee the fform. Duth-carmor is low in blood. The fon of Offian overcame. Not harmlefs in battle was he, Malvisa, hand of harms!

ma, hand of harps!

Nor, in the field, are the fleps of Cathlin. The firanger flood by a feeret ffream, where the foam of Ratheol fkirted the mostly flones. Above, bends the branchy birch, and ftrews its leaves, on winds. The inverted spear of Cathlin touched, at times, the ftream. Ofcar brought Duth-carmor's mail: his helmet with its eaglewing. He placed them before the ftranger, and his words were heard. "The foes of thy father have failed. They are laid in the field of ghosts. Renown

returns to Morven, like a rifing wind. Why art thou dark, chief of Clutia? Is there caute for greet?"

"Sen of Offian of harps, my foul is darkly fad. I behold the arms of Cathmol, which he raifed in war.
Take the mail of Cathlin, place it high in Scima's hall;

that thou mayoft remember the haplefs in thy diffant

land."

From white breafts defeended the mail. It was the race of kings; the foft-handed daughter of Cathmol, at the fireams of Clutha. Duth-carmor faw her bright in the hall, he came, by night, to Clutha. Cathmol met him, in battle, but the warnor fell. Three days

<sup>+</sup> Those who deliver down this poem in tradition, lament that there is a great part of it lot. In particular they regret the off of an epifode, which was been introduced, with the forget of the force of carmal and his draids. Their attachment to it was legaded on the distriptions of magical imparigness which is contained.

A POEM.

dwelt the foe with the maid. On the fourth flee fled in arms. She remembered the race of kings, and felt her burfting foul.

Why, maid of Toscar of Lutha, should I tell how Cathlin failed? Her tomb is at rushy Lumon, in a distant land. Near it were the steps of Sul-malia, in the days of grief. She raised the song, for the daughter of strangers, and touched the mountful harp.

Come, from the watching of night, Malvina, lonely

beam!

Vol. II.

S



# SUL-MALLA OF LUMON:

## A POEM.

### THE ARGUMENT.

This poem, which properly freaking, is a continuation of the laft, opens with as addreft to Sul-malla, the daughter of the king of inis-huna, whom Offiam met at the c's-fe, rs he returned from the battle of Rath-col. Sul-malla invites Offiam and Queen to a tenfa, at the reindance of her father, who was then abfert in the wars. Upon hearing their mame and family, the relates an expedition of Fingal latte Inis-huna, she cefallally mentioning Cathonro, chief of Atha, who then wars, the properties of the control of

Who † moves so stately, on Lumon, at the roar of the foamy waters? Her hair falls upon her heaving breast. White is her arm behind, as show she bends the bow. Why dost thou wander in deferts, like a light through; a cloudy field? The young roes are panting, by their secret rocks. Return, thou daughter of kings; the cloudy night is near.

It was the young branch of Lumon, Sul-malla of blue eyes. She fent the bard from her rock, to bid us to her feaft. Amidft the fong we fat down, in Conmor's echoing hall. White moved the hands of Sulmalla, on the trembling ftrings. Half-heard, amidft the found, was the name of Atha's king: he that was

+The expedition of Offian to Inis-buna happened a front time before Final agridio over into Ireland, to detrieve Ceitar it et on of 80 stan-dutbul. Cathorie, the brother of Cairbar, was aiding Con-mor, king of Inis-buna, in his wars, at me time that Offian defeated buth-tarmor, in the valley of Rath-ool. The poem is more interefling, that it c. nations to mary particulars concerning those personages, who make to great a figure in Tumora.

I necard correspondence in the manners and contons of Inis-huna, as here deprincied, to those of Calcadonia, lawes he roans to doubt, that the inhabitants of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the basis and the contract of the special manners of the contract of the contract of the contract of the special manners of the contract of th absent in battle for her own green land. Nor absent from her foul was he: he came midft her thoughts by might: Ton-thena looked in, from the fky, and faw her toffing arms.

The found of the fhells had ceafed. Amidft long locks, Sul-malla rofe. She flocke with bended eyes, and afked or our course through hear, "for of the kings of men are yet tall riders of the wave 1." "Not unknown," I faid, "at his streams in he, the father of our race. Fingal has been heard of at Cuba, blue-eyed daughter of kings. Nor only, at Cona's stream, is Ofsian and Ofsar known. Feet thembled at our voice,

and shrunk in other lands." "Not unmarked," faid the laid, " by Sul-malla, is the flield of Mo sen's king. It hangshigh, in Con-mor's hall, in memory of the naît; when Fin ai came to Cluba, in the days of other years. Loud roared the boar of Culdarnu, in the midit of his rocks and woods. Inis-huna fent her youths, but they faned; and virgins wept over tombs. Careless went the king to Culdarnu. On his focar rolled the ftrength of the woods. He was bright, they faid, in his locks, the first of mortal men. Nor at the feast were heard his words. His deads paffed from his foul of fire, like the rolling of vapours from the face of the wandering fun. Not careless looked the blue-eyes of Cluba on his stately steps. In white bosoms rose the king of Selma, in midst of their thoughts by night. But the winds bore the stranger to the echoing vales of his roes. Nor loft to other S 2

<sup>4</sup> Sub-malls here differences the quality of Offan and Offan few, which share and America ratio. Among nations not be reduced in the station, in proprior being and statistics of scripe were integrated from industry of bloods. It was not their qualities, what the for families were known by the range, is from two dry trappings of state sind, shouly also as conditions. It has distributed in the state of the s

204 lands was he, like a meteor that finks in a cloud. He can:e forth, at times, in his brightness, to the distant dwelling of foes. His fame came, like the found of winds, to Cluba's woody vale +.

"Darkness dwells in Cluba of harps: the race of kings is diffant far; in battle is Con-mor of fpears; and Lormor | king of ffreams. Nor darkening alone are they; a beam, from other lands, is night the friend f of ftrangers in Atha, the troubler of the field. High, from their mifty hill, look forth the blue eyes of Erin, for he is far away, young dweller of their fouls Nor, haunieft, white hands of Erin! is he in the fkirts of ver: he rolls ten thousand before him, in his distant field."

"Not unscen by Offian," Isaid, "rushed Cathmor from his fireams, when he poured his firength on I-thorno † +, ifle of many waves. In ftrife met two kings in I-thorno, Culgorm and Suran-dronlo: each from his echoing ifle, ftern hunters of the boar !

"They met a boar, at a foamy stream: each pierced † Too partial to our own times, we are ready to mark out remote antiquity, as

the region of ignorance and barbarifm. This, perhaps, is extending our prejudices too tar. It has been too gremarked, that knowledge in a great measure, is f in led on a free intercourse between mankind; and that the mind is calarged in proportion to the observations it has made upon the manners of different men and nations. If we look, with attention, into the hillory of Fineal, as delivered by offian, we fird and that he was not sitegether a poor imporant hunter, confined to the narrow corner of an ifland. His expeditions to all parts of Scandinavia. to the north or Germany, and the different trates of Great Britain and 4. slandwere very numerous, and performs dunder such a character, and at such times, as gave him an opportunity to mark the unstiguifed manners or mankind. War, and an active life, as they call forth, by turns, all the powers of the foul, prefent to us the different characters of men; in times of peace and quiet, for want of only different them, the powers of the mind lie conceated, in a great measure, and . e fig only artificial passions and manners. It is from this confideration 1 conclude, that a traveller of genetration could gather nore genuine knowledge from a tour of ancient Gaul, than from the minutest observation of all the artificial manners, and elegant refinements of modern France. Who never was the fon of Con-mor, and the brother of Sul-maila. After the death of Con-mor, hormor faces, ded him in the throne.

Cathmor, the fon of Borbar-dothul. It would appear, from the partiality with which hel-calls forces of that hero, that the had feen him previous to his joining her father's army; though tradition politively afferts, that it was after his return, that the fell in love with him.

ttl-thomo, fays tradition, was an ifland of Scandinavia. In it, at a hunting parts, met Culturan and Suran-dronto, the kings of two neighbouring files. They differed about the honor of killing a boar; and a war was kinded between hum. From his epifode we may learn, that the manners of the Scandinavian, were much more favore and cruel, than those of Britain. It is remarkable, that the names, introduced in this story, are not of Galic original, which circumfiance atgords room to suppose, that it had its foundation in true mistory.

it with his fteel. They strove for the same of the deed: and gloomy battle role. From ifle to lile they fent a fpear, broken and ftained with blood, to call the friends of their fathers, in their founding arms. Cathmor came from Bolga, to Culgorm, red-eyed king: I aided Suran-dronlo, in his land of boars,"

"We rushed on either side of a stream, which roared through a blafted heath. High broken rocks were round, with all their bending trees. Near are two circles of Loda, with the stone of power; where spirits descended, by night, in dark-red streams of fire. There, mixed with the murmur of waters, role the voice of aged men, they called the forms of night, to aid them in their war.

"Heed! is+ I stood, with my people, where fell the foamy fiream from rocks. The moon moved red from the mountain. My fong, at times, arose. Dark on the other fide, young Cathroor heard my voice; for he lay, beneath the ook, in all his gleaming arms. Morning came; we rushed to fight: from wing to wing in the rolling of firife. They fell, like the thiftle head, beneath autumnal winds.

"In armour came a stately form: I mixed my strokes with the king. By turns our fhields are pierced: loud rung our freely mails. His helmet fell to the ground. In brightness shone the foe. His eyes, two pleasant flames, rolled between his wandering locks. I knew the king of Atha, and threw my fpear on earth. Dark, we turned, and filent paffed to mix with other foes.

"Not fo pailed the ftriving kings |. They mixed in echoing fray; like the meeting of ghosts, in the dark wing of winds. Through either breast rushed the

death are highly picturefour, and expressive of that terocity of manners, which di-

Jing sished the northern nations,

<sup>†</sup> From the circumflance of Offian not being prefent at the rites, described in the preceding - rag-ph, we may suppose that he held them in contempt. This difference of footiment, with regard to relige a, is a fort of argument, that the Caledone as we area originally a colony of scandar plans, at time have imagined. Comming to remote a mod, mere conjecture must fupply the place of argument and in three proofs. a Culgorm and Suran-dronfo. The combat of the kings and their at itude in

206

species; nor yet lay the foes on earth. A rock received their fall; and half-reclined they lay in death. Each held the lock of his foe, and grimly feemed to roll his eyes. The stream of the rock leapt on their shields, and mixed below with blood.

"The battle ceased in I-thorno. The strangers met in peace: Cathmor from Atha of streams, and Offian, king of harps. We placed the dead in earth. Our steps were by Runer's bay. With the bounding boat, afar, advanced a ridgy wave. Dark was the rider of feas, but a beam of light was there, like the ray of the fun, in Stremlo's rolling smoke. It was the daughter of Suran-dronlo, wild in brightened looks. Her eyes were wandering stames, amidft disordered looks. Forward is her white arm, with the spear; her high-heaving breast is seen, white as soamy waves that rise, by turns, amidft rocks. They are beautiful, but they are terrible, and mariners call the winds."

"Come, ye dwellers of Loda! Carchar, pale in the midft of clouds! Sluthmor, that firideft in airy halls! Corchtur, terrible in winds! Receive, from his daugh-

ter's frear, the fees of Suran-dronlo.

"No finadow, at his roaring ffreams; no mildly looking form was he! When he took up his fpear, the

<sup>†</sup> Tradition has handed down the name of this prince 6. The bards call her Ruport-feely, which has no other fort of title for being genuine, but its not being of Gell-ordinals, a dimethor, which the bards had not the art to prefer when they folyond names in foreigners. The highland Seathles, who may also the control of the control of

The width be autial hyperamic of Runn-fields, ander a deep imprefino on a chief, (as w. q., a.m., who was himfelf in contemptible poet. The flory is caps and to be a not received to the contemptible poet. The flory is caps and to be a not received to the contemptible poet. The flory is caps and the flory of the contemptible poet. The flory is caps and the contemptible poet and the flory of the contemptible poet and the flory of the flory of the changed to the caps flory of the contemptible poet and the flory of the flor

A POEM. 207 hawks fhook their founding wings: for blood was pour-

ed around the steps of dark-eyed Suran-dronlo.

"He lighted me, no harmless beam, to glitter on his fireams. Like meteors, I was bright, but I blasted the foes of Suran-dronlo"——\*

Nor unconcerned heard Sul-malla, the praise of Cathmor of shields. He was within her foul, like a fire in fecret heath, which awakes at the voice of the blass, and sends its beam abroad. Amidst the fong removed the daughter of kings, like the fost found of a summer-breeze; when it lists the heads of flowers, and curls the lakes and fireams.

By night came a dream to Offian, without form flood the fhadow of Tremmor. He feemed to firike the dim fhield, on Selma's fireamy rock. I rofe, in my rathling fleel; I knew that war was near. Before the winds our fails were firead; when Lumon fhewed its fireams to the morn.

Come from the watching of night, Malvina, lonely beam!



# CATH-LODA:

## A POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

Fingal, in one of his vayages to the Orkney iflands, was driven, by firefo of weather, into a bay of Scandinava, near the redioner of Starm, king of Loohlin, Starno invites Fingas to a feat. Fingal, doubting the full to the king, and no gathers doubted the fireform of the history of the history of the history of the company of the property of the p

#### DUAN+ FIRST.

A TALE of the times of old! Why thou wanderer unfeen, that bendeft the thiffle of Lora, why, thou breeze of the valley, haft thou left mine ear? I hear no diffant roar of ftreams, no found of the harp, from the rocks! Come, thou huntres of Lutha, send back his foul to the bard.

I look forward to Lochlin of lakes, to the dark, ridgy bay of U-thórno, where Fingal defeended from ocean, from the roar of winds. Few are the heroes of Morven, in a land unknown! Starno fent a dweller of

† The bards diffinguished those compositions, in which the narration is often interrupted, by epifodes and apoftrophe, by the name of Duan. Since the extinctica ci the order of the bards, it has been a general name for all ancient compositions in verfe. The abrupt manner in which the flory of this poem hegins, may render it objeu e to fonce readers; it may not therefore be improper, to give here the trad the alpreface, which is generally prefixed to it. Two years after he took to wite F cherana, the drughter of Cormac, king of Ireland, king of undertook an expedition into C kney, to vifit his friend Cathulla, king of Iran, re. After maying a new days at Carrie-thura, the refidence of Cathulla, the king fet fail, to retern to colland; but a violent florn arising, his ships were driven into a bay of Scandinavia, near Gornel, the seas of Starne, king of Lochlin, his a owed enemy. Starno, upon the appearance of Brangers on his cost, furnmoned together the reighbouring tribes, and advanced, in a host-le namer, towards the bay of U-thorno, where Pingal had taken fuelter. Upon discovering who the Brangers were, and fraring the valour of Fingal, which he had, more than once, experienced before, he resolved to accomplish by treachery, what he was afruin he should fail in by open force. He invited, therefore, Fingal to a featt at watch he intended to affacionate him. The bing prodently declined to go, and Starno belook himself to arms. The fequel of the flory may be learned from the poem itiels.

A POEM. Loda, to bid Fingal to the feaft: but the king remem-

bered the paft, and all his rage arofe.

"Nor Gormal's moffy towers; nor Starno fhall Fingal behold. Deaths wander, like fludows, over his fiery foul. Do I forget that beam of light, the white-handed daughter + of kings? Go, fon of Loda; his words are but blafts to Fingal: blafts, that, to and fro, roll the thiftles in autumnal vales.

" Duth-maruno ||, arm of death! Cromma-glas, of iron flields! Struthmor, dweller of battle's wing! Cormar, whose ships bound on feas, careless as the course of a meteor, on dark-fireaming clouds! Arife, around me. children of heroes, in a land unknown. Let each look on his shield, like Trenmor, the ruler of battles. "Come down," faid the king, "thou dweller between the harps. Thou shalt roll this stream away, or dwell with me in earth."

Around him they rose in wrath. No words came forth: they feized their fpears. Each foul is rolled into itself. At length the fudden clang is waked, on all their echoing shields. Each took his hill, by night; at intervals, they darkly flood. Unequal burft the hum of fongs, between the roaring wind. Broad over them rose the moon. In his arms, came tall Duth-maruno: he from Croma-charn of rocks, ftern hunter of the boar. In his dark boat he rose on waves, when Crumthormoth \ awaked its woods. In the chafe he fhone, among his foes: No fear was thine, Duth-maruno.

"Son of Comhal," he taid, "my fleps fhall be forward

"Crumthormoth, one of the Orkney or Shetland illands. The name is not of Gabe original. It was fubject to its own petry king, who is mentioned in one of Othan's poems.

<sup>+</sup> Agandecca, the daughter of Starno, whom her father killed, on account of her diffeovering to Fingal, a plot laid against his life. Her story is related at large, in the third book of Fingal.

the third book of Fingal.

Dath-assume is a name very famous in tradition. Many of his great actions are handed down, but the puerns which continued the eleval of them, are long it was a simple of the continued to the control of the control oxidad, which is over again of before a both of them. Did of them, the control of the control oxidad, which is over again of before a settlement, as attending Combai, in his has basic again in the trike of Storm, in a point, which is full pretracted. It is not the work of toffining the physicology bettays it to be a modern composition. It is if unching that their tributed compositions, which he first hards singed, ander the same of Odars, in the first-one of both masses of their is not of the control of the co

CATH-LODA:

210 through night. From this shield I shall view them, over their gleaming tribes. Starno, of lakes, is before me, and Swaran, the foe of flrangers. Their words are not in vain, by Loda's stone of power. If Duth-maruno returns not, his fpouse is lonely, at home, where meet two roaring fireams, on Crathmo-craulo's plain.

Around are hills, with their woods; the ocean is rolling near. My fon looks on screaming sea-fowl, young wanderer of the field. Give the head of a boar to Can-dona+, tell him of his father's joy, when the briftly

Brength of I-thorno rolled on his lifted spear."

"Not forgetting my fathers," faid Fingal, "I have bounded over ridgy feas, theirs was the times of danger in the days of old. Nor gathers darkness on me, hefore foes, though I am young, in my locks. Chief of Crathmo-craulo, the field of night is mine."

He rushed, in all his arms, wide bounding over Turther's ftream, that fent its fullen roar, by night, through G smal's mifty vale. A moon-beam glittered on a rock: in the midft, flood a flately form; a form with floating locks, like Lochlin's white-bosomed maid. Unequal

I can-dama, 'head of the people' the fon of Duth-maruno. He became af-terwards muon, in the expeditions of Offian, after the death of Fingal. The tra-ditional tales concerning him are very numerous, and, from the epithet, in them, beflowed on him (Can-dome of bons) it would appear, that he applied himself to that kind of hunting, which his father, in this paragraph, is to anx our to recom-ment to him. As I have mentioned the traditional tales of the highlands, it may ment of name. As a reason interiories the transform takes to the inguishes, com-bands, from the houses of the cherc's, they being an indulent race of men, owed all their fublificace to the generolity of the volgar, whom they diverted with re-peating the compositions of their predecellors, and running up the genealogies of their citerianers to the family of their cherts. As this fubject was, however, soon exhausted, they were obliged to have recourte to invention, and form, fortier having no foundation in fact, which were fwallowed, with great credulity, by an ignorant multitude. By frequent repeating, the fable grew upon their hands, and, as each threw in whatever circumitance he thought conducive to raife the admiration of his hearers, the ftory became, at laft, fo devoid of all probability, that even the vulgar themselves did not believe it. They, however, liked the tales so well, that the bards found their advantage in turning professed tale-makers. They then launched out into the wildest regions of siction and romance. I firmly believe there are more flories of giants, inchanted callies, dwarfs, and palfreys, in the highlands, than in any country in Europe. Thefe tales, it is certain, like other romantic compositions, have many things in them unnatural, and, confequently, diffiguished to true take; bul, know not how it happens, they command 'ttention more than any other fictions I ever met with. The extreme length of these pieces more tain any other netions I ever net with. The extreme length of their pieces is very furprising, form of them requiring many days to repeat them; but that is very furprising, form of the receiving many days to repeat them; but that who have received them only from oral readition. What is more anazing, the very leaguages of the bards is fill preferred. It is curron to fee, that the descriptions of magnifecture, introduced in these tales, is even superior to all the pompous oriental feltions of the kind. are her steps, and short: she throws a broken song on wind. At times the toffes her white arms: for grief is in her foul.

"Torcul-torno +, of aged locks! where now are thy fteps, by Lulan? thou haft failed, at thine own dark ftreams, father of Conban-carglas! But I behold thee, chief of Lulan, fporting by Loda's hall, when the dark-

skirted night is poured along the sky.

"Thou, fometimes, hideft the moon, with thy shield. I have feen her dim in heaven. Thou kindleft thy hair into meteors, and faileft along the night. Why am I forgot in my cave, king of shaggy boars? Look from the hall of Loda, on lonely Conban-carglas." "Who art thou," faid Fingal, "voice of night?" She

trembling, turned away. "Who art thou, in thy darknefs?" She fhrunk into the cave. The king loofed the thong from her hands: he asked about her fathers.

"Torcul-torno," fhe faid, "once dwelt at Lulan's

foamy stream: he dwelt-but, now, in Loda's hall, he shakes the founding shell. He met Starno of Lochlin, in battle; long fought the dark-eyed kings. My father fell, at length, blue-shielded Torcul torno.

"By a rock, at Lulan's ftream, I had pierced the bounding roe. My whitehand gathered my hair, from off the stream of winds. I heard a noise. Mine eyes were up. My foft breast rose on high. My step was forward, at Lulan, to meet thee, Torcul-torno!

The paragraph just now before us, is the fong of Conban-carglas, at the time she was diffcovered by Finnal. It is in lyric measure, and fet to music, which is wild and fimple, and fo inimitably faited to the fittation of the annappy lady, that few

exe Apar at without isars.

<sup>†</sup> Torcul-torno, according to tradition, was king of Crathlun, a diffrict in Sweden. The river Luian ran near the refidence of Forcal-torno. There is a river in Sweden, still called Lula, which is probably the fame with Lulan. The war between Staruo and Torcul-torno, which terminated in the death of the latter, had Its rife, at a hunting party Starno being invited, in a friendly manner, by Tocol-torno, both kings, with their followers, went to the mountains of Stivamor, to hunt. A boar rathed from the wood before the kings, and Forcul-torno killed it. Starno thought this behaviour a breach upon the privilege of guens, who were we ways honoured, astradition expredes it, with the danger of the chafe. A quarrel arofe, the kings came to battle, with all their attendants, and the party of Forcultorno were totally defeated, and he himfelf flain. Starno purfued his victory, laid watte the diffrict of Crathlun, and coming to the refidence of Torcul-torus carried off, by force, Conban-carglas, the heautiful daughter of his enemy. Her he confined in a cave, near the palace of Gormal, where, on account of her wuch treatment, the became diffracted.

212

"It was Starno, dreadful king! His red eyes rolled on Conban-carglas. Dark waved his flaggy brow, above his gathered finile. Where is my father, I faid, he that was mighty in war! Thou art left alone among foes, daughter of Torcul torno!

"He took my hand. He raifed the fail. In this cave he placed me dark. At times, he comes, a gathered mift. He lifts before me, my father's fhield. Often paffer a beam† of youth, far-diftant from my cave. He dwells lonely in the foul of the daughter of Torcul-

terno."

"Maid of Lulan," faid Fingal, "white-handed Contan-carglas; a cloud, marked with fireaks of fire, is rolled along thy foul. Look not to that dark-robed moen; nor yet to those meteors of heaven; my gleaming seel is around thee, daughter of Torcul torno.

"He is not the freel of the feeble, nor of the dark in foul. The maids are not flut in our || caves of fireams; nor toffing their white arms alone. They bend, fair within their locks, above the harps of Selma. Their voice is not in the defert wild, young light of Torcul-torno."

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Fingal, again, advanced his steps, wide through the boson of night, to where the trees of Loda shook amid squally winds. Three stones, with heads of moss, are there; a stream, with foaming course; and dreadful, rolled around them, is the dark-red cloud of Loda. From its top looked forward a ghost, half-formed of the shadowy smoke. He poured his voice, at times, amidst the roaring stream. Every, bending beneath a blasted tree, two heroes received his words: Swaran of the lakes, and Starno fee of strangers. On their dun shields, they

<sup>†</sup> By the beam of youth, it afterwards appears, that Condan-tardias means Swargs, when for distance, with who meature her confinement, the had fillen in lower, i.e., the form of data of which contrars a which found daws, between his own nation, and the inhabitant of sandhawing, we may learn, that the former were much left berbares they the latter. This difficults is if o much observed throughout the poem-of Offina, that there can be no doubt, that he followed the cent manners of both matters in his own time. At the close of the freech of Fingal, there is a great part of the original to.

darkly leaned: their spears are forward in night. Shrill founds the blaft of darkness, in Stanno's Boating band.

They heard the tread of Fingal. The warriors rose

in arms. " Swaran, lay that wanderer low," faid Starno, in his pride. "Take the flield of thy father; it is a rock in war." Swaran threw his glearing spear; it slood fixed in Loda's tree. Then came the bes forward, with fwords. They mixed their rattling fieel. Through the thongs of Swaren's thield rushed the blade † of Luno. The shield fell relling on earth. Cleft the helmet | fell down. Fingal ftopt the Fed fteel. Wrathful flood Swaran unarmed. He roued his filent eyes. and threw his fword on earth. Then, flowly flaking over the stream, he whiftled as he went.

Nor unfeen of his father is Swaran. Starno turned away in wrath. His fraggy brows waved dark, above his gathered rage. He firuck Loda's tree, with his ipear; be raifed the hum of fongs. They came to the hoft of Lochlin, each in his own dark path; like two

foam-covered fireams, from two rainy vales. To Turthor's plain Fingal returned. Fair rose the beam of the east. It shows on the speils of Lochlin in the hand of the king. From her cave came forth, in her beauty, the daughter of Torcul-torno. She gathered her hair from wind; and wildly raifed her fong. The fong of Lulan of shells, where once her father dwelt.

She faw Starno's bloody fhield. Gladness rose, a light on her face. She faw the cleft helmet of Swaran \; the thrunk, darkened, from the king. " Art thou fal-

Vol. 17.

<sup>♦</sup> The fword of Fingal, to called from its maker, Lune of Lochlin. The infanct of swarar. The behaviour of Pingal is always confident with that generality of facilit which belongs to a hero. He takes no advantage of a foe data: ned.

Conben-carglas, from feeing the helmet of Swaran bloody in the hands of Finrel, conj clured, that that here was killed. A part of the original is loft. It appears, however, from the requel of the poem, that the daughter of Torcul-torno cld not long furvive nor tarprife, occasioned by the supported death of her lovers. The defeription of the airy hall of Loda (which is supposed to be the same with that of Odin, the deity of Scandinavia) is more picturefque and descriptive, than Any in the Edda, or other works of the northern Scalages.

#### CATH-LODA: A POEM.

len, by thy hundred ftreams, O love of Conban-carglas!\*\* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

U-thorno, that rifest in waters; on whose side are the meteors of night! I behold the dark moon descend-

the meteors of night! I behold the dark moon defeending behind thy echoing woods. On thy top dwells the mifty Loda, the house of the spirits of men. In the end of his cloudy hall bends forward Cruth-loda of twords. His form is dimly seen, amidst his wavy mist. His right-hand is on his shield: in his left is the half view-lefs shell. The roof of his dreadful hall is marked with nightly fires.

The race of Cruth-loda advance, a ridge of fermless shades. He reaches the founding shell, to those who shone in war; but, between him and the feeble, his hield rise, a crust of darkness. He is a fetting meteor to the weak in arms. Bright, as a rainbow on streams,





# CATH-LODA:

### A POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

Fingal returning, with day, devolves the command of the army on Duth-marcher, who engages to enemy, and drives them over the fireton of Touther. Fingal after recalling his poople, congradulates Duth-maratio on his fines his but diffusers that here was mostally wounded in the engagement. Duth-maratio dies. Ullin, the board, in honour of the dead, introduces the epifone of Colgoria and strian-doma, with which the Dana concludes.

#### DUAN SECOND.

"Where art thou, fon of the king?" faid dark-haired Duth-maruno. "Where haft thou failed, young beam of Selma? He returns not from the bosom of night! Morning is spread on U-thorno: in his milt is the sin, on his hill. Warriors, lift the sileds, in my presence. He must not fall, like a fire from heaven, whose place is not marked on the ground. He comes like an eagle, from the skirt of his squally wind! In his liand are the spoils of foes. King of Selma, our souls were sad."

"Near us are the fees, Duth-maruno. They come forward, like waves in mift, when their foamy tops are feen, at times, above the low-falling vapour. The traveller fhrinks on his journey, and knows not whither to fly. No trembling travellers are we! Sons of hereos, call forth the fleel. Shall the fword of Fingal arife, or fhall a warrior lead?"

The † deeds of old, faid Duth-maruno, are like paths

If in this first is prints we have a very probable account given us, of the origin of measurabin to this a is. The Cash, or Gains was proposed the countries of the measurabin of the countries of the measurabin of the countries of the countries

to our eyes, O Fingal! Broad-finielded Trenmor is fill feen, amidil his own dim years. Nor feeble was the foul of the king. There, no dark deed wandered in feeret. From their hundred ftreams came the tribes, to grafly Colglan-crona. Their chiefs were before them. Each ftrove to lead the war. Their fwords were often half-unfleathed. Red rolled their eyes of rage. Separate they flood, and humined their furly fongs. "Why fhould they yield to each other? their fathers were equal in war."

qual in war."
Trenmor was there, with his people, flately in youthful locks. He faw the advancing foe. The grief of his foul arofe. He bade the chiefs to lead, by turns: they led, but they were rolled away. From his own moffy hill, blue-hiclded Trenmor came down. He led wide-firited battle, and the flrangers failed. Around him the dark-browed warriors came: they firuck the fhield of joy. Like a pleafant gale, the words of power rufhed forth from Selma of kings. But the chiefs fled, by turns, in war, till mighty danger role: then was the hour of the king to conquer in the field.

"Not unknown," faid Cromma-glast of fhields, "are

es, they then themfolies should alternately lead in battle. They did fo, but they were und natefulls. When it carries by tremme strength entering the closed themes may be as superior valour and conded, which grinds him such an interest among the trikes that he and his family after him, were regarded as kings, or, notice the prec'es, prec'ons, "the words of power ruined forth from selms of kings." The every shirt, within his to wind direct, was should used and independent. From the first of the hattle in this cylidde (which was in the valley of Croan a little to the north of Agricolsky wait). Inducting pole that the enemies of the Coletonians in

were the Romans, or provincial Britons.

I in tradition, this Croman-glas makes a great figure in that battle which Combal lonly, together with his life, to the tribe of Mornh. I have juit now, it may be lond the long t

A POEM.

the deeds of our fathers. But who shall now lead the war, before the race of kines? Mif: fettles on thefe four dark hills: within it let each warrior faile his shield. Spirits may defeend in darknefs, and mark us for the war." They went, each to his Lili of mift. Bards marked the founds of the faiclds. Loudest rung thy befs, Duth-maruno. Thou must lead in war.

Like the murmur of waters, the race of U-thorno came down. Starno led the battle, and Swaran of ftormy ifles. They looked forward from iron fhields, like Cruth-loda flery-eyed, when he looks from behind the

darkened moon, and ftrews his figns on night.

The foes met by Turthor's fireain. They heaved like ridgy waves. Their echoing ftrokes are mixed. Shadowy death files over the hofts. They were clouds of hail, with iqually winds in their fkirts. Their fhowers are roaring together. Below them fwells the dark-rolling deep.

Strife of gloomy U-thorna, why should I mark thy wounds? Thou art with the years that are gone: thou fadeft on my foul. Starno brought forward his fairt of war, and Swaran his own dark wing. Nor a harmless fire is Duth-maruno's fword. Lochlin is rolled over her Areams. The wrathful kings are folded in thoughts. They roll their filent eyes, over the flight of their land. The horn of Fingal was heard: the fons of woody Albion returned. But many lay, by Turthor's fiream, filent in their blood.

"Chief of Crorn-charn," faid the king, "Duth-maruno, hunter of boars! not harmlefs returns my eagle, from the field of foes. For this white-bosomed Lanul shall brighten, at her fireams; Can-dona fhall rejoice, at

rocky Ciatlano-craulo."

"Ćolgorm ;," replied the chief, " was the first of my

T 3

of Kearing and O'Plaherty, concerning Pion Mac-Comnal, are but of late inven-

race in Albion; Colgorm, the rider of ocean, through its watery vales. He flew his brother in I-thorno: he left the land of his fathers. He chofe his place, in filence, by rocky Crathmo-craulo. His race came forth, in their years; they came forth to war, but they always fell. The wound of my fathers is mine, king of echoing ifles !"

He drew an arrow from his fide. He fell pale, in a land unknown. His foul came forth to his fathers, to their ftormy ifle. There they purfued boars of mift, along the fkirts of winds. The chiefs flood filent around, as the stones of Loda, on their hill. The traveller fees them through the twilight, from his lonely path. He thinks them the ghofts of the aged, form-

ing future wars.

Night came down on U-thorno. Still flood the chiefs in their grief. The blaft hiffed, by turns, through every warrior's hair. Fingal, at length, burfled forth from the thoughts of his foul. He called Ullin of harps. and bade the fong torife. No falling fire, that is only feen, and then retires in night; no departing meteor was Crathmo-craulo's chief. He was like the strongbeaming fun, long rejoicing on his hill. Call the names of his fathers, from their dwellings old.

I-thornot, faid the bard, that rifeft midft ridgy feas! Why is thy head fo gloomy, in the ocean's mift? From thy vales, came forth a race, fearless as thy strong winged eagles; the race of Colgorm of iron fhields, dwellers

of Loda's hall.

tions to, the works of Offian, have given us a long lift of the anceftors of Duthmaruno, and a particular account of their actions, many of which are of the marvellous kind. One of the tale-makers of the north has chofen for he hero, Starnmor, the father of Duth-mareno, and, to affidering the adventures through which be has led him, the piece is neither difagreeable, nor abounding with that kind of

fiction, which flocks credibility.

† This epifode is, in the original, extremely beautiful. It is fet to that wild kind of mulic, which fome of the Highlanders diltinguish, by the title of \$ kon Oimarra, or, the Song of Mermaids.' Some part of the air is absolutely infernal, but there are many returns in the measure, which are inexpressibly wild and beautiful. From the genles of the mulic, I should think it came originally from Scandinavia, for the it to use delivered down concerning the Oi-marra, (who are nepated the arthus of the north-ern nations, concerning their divas, or goddedles of death. Of all the names is this epifode, there is none of a Galic original, except atrina data, which figurage, the firing of horoes.

A POEM. 219

In Tormoth's refounding ifle, arofe Lurthan, streamy hill. It bent its woody head above a filent vale. There at foamy Cruruth's fource, dwelt Rurmar, hunter of boars. His daughter was fair as a fun-beam, whitebofomed String-dona!

Many a king of heroes, and hero of iron fhields; many a youth of heavy locks came to Rurmar's echoing hall. They came to woo the maid, the stately huntrefs of Tormoth wild. But thou lookest careless from

thy fleps, high-bosomed Strina-dona!

If on the heath the moved, her breaft was whiter than the down of Cana +; if on the fea-beat shore, than the foam of the rolling ocean. Her eyes were two ftars of light: her face was heaven's bow in thowers: her dark hair flowed round it, like the ftreaming clouds. Thou wert the dweller of fouls, white-handed String-dona!

Colgarm came, in his ship, and Corcul-furan, king of fhelis. The prothers came, from I-thorno, to woo the fun-beam of Tormoth's ifle. She faw them in their echoing feel. Her fool was fixed on blue-eyed Colgorm. Ul-lochlin's I nightly eye looked in, and law the toffing arms of String-dona.

Wrathful the brothers frowned. Their flaming eyes in filence met. They turned away. They ftruck their fhields. Their hands were trembling on their fwords. They rushed into the strife of heroes, for long haired Strina-dona.

Corcul-furan fell in blood. On his ifle, raged the fareneah of his father. He turned Colgorm, from Ithorne, to wander on all the winds. In Crathmo-craulo's rocky field, he dwelt, by a foreign ftream. Nor dark med the king alone, that beam of light was near, the daughter of echoing Tormoth, white-armed Strina. dona.

f The Clina is a certain kind of grafs, which grows plentifully in the heathy moraffes of the north. Its stack is of the reedy kind, and it carries at ft of down, very much referring cotton. It is excellively white, and, confequently, often in-troduced by the hards, but circl ailies concerning the beauty of women

Di loc ilin, the quide to Lochlin; the name of a flar The continuation of this epifode is just now in my hands; but the language is to difficulture me, and the idensity unworter of Office, toxil have rejected it, as

Tan inter, Gialion by a middle ward.

# CATH-LODA:

# A POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

Offina, after fowe seneral reflections, defends a few fourtim of Figura, and the judition of the star put fourtim. The convention on Stean entition arises. The critical of Coronardamia and Foliman-haved stars is, from the own aximple resonancials to source, but for the source extension of the convention of the source of th

#### DUAN THIRD.

WHENCE is the fiream of years? Whither do they roll along? Where have they hid, in milt, their many-robourd fides? I look into the times of old, but they from dim to Chlan's eyes, The reflected moon-trains, on a diffant loke. Here rise the red beams of war! There, filent, dwcls a fechie race! They norsh to years with their deeds, as flow they 'pafs along. Eweller letween the faileds; then that awakeff the failing for it, defend from thy wall harp of Cona, with thy voices three! Come with that which kindles the pain rear the forms of old, on their own dark-brown years!

b-thorno ?, hill of ftorms, I behold my race on thy

4 The bards, who were always ready to funcly a her they thought deficient in the poems of others, have interfed a great name and outs between the fecend and third Duan of Cath-lode. Their intervolutions or if cant d flinguished from the genuine remains of oldan, that it took me ... write time to mark them only and totally to reject teem if the projects been and high bards have thewn any jugment, it is to attribute their own caree. At the names of antiquity, for, by that means, they thendelves have circular that contempt, which the authors of such fatile performances must, necessarily, there is with, from people of the tame I was Ld into this observation, by an Irol. on a, july now octore me. it concerns a neitent made by Swaran, king of London, on Deland, and is the work, tays the traditional preface prediced to prototh in Macabion. It however app ar-, from foveral pions oper lations, that a was rather the composition of forme good prioft, in the litteenth or fixteenth compay, for he ipeaks, with great de otion, of pigeimage, and more particularly, of the blue-eyed caughters of the convent. Religious, however, as this poet was the was not altogether decent, in the tienes he introduces between Swaran and the wife of Congentlion, both of whom he reprefents as giants. It happering and its mately, that Congculton was only of a moderate flature. his wide, will out as firston, preferred Swaran, as a more adequate match for not on a fillment use. I con the facil profesence proA POEM.

221
fide. Fingal is bending, in night, over Duth-maruno's

tomb. Near him are the fleps of his heroes, hunters of the boar. By Turthor's fiream the holt of Lochlin is deep in fladies. The wrathful kings flood on two hills; they looked forward from their boffy flields. They looked forward on the flars of night, red-wandering in the weft. Cruth-loda bends from high, like a formless meteor in clouds. He sends abroad the windr, and marks them, with his signs. Starno forclaw, that Morven's king was never to yield

in war.

He twice armok the tree in wrath. He rushed before his fon. He hummed a surly song; and heard his hair in wind. Turned from one another, they stood, like two oaks, which different winds had bent; each hangs over its own loud rill, and shakes its boughs in the course of blasts.

"Annir," fald Starno of lakes, "was a fire that confumed of old. He poured death from his eyes, along the fliving fields. His joy was in the fall of men. Blood to him, was a furnmer fream, that brings joy to withered vales, from its own mosty rock. He came forth to the lake Luth-cormo, to meet the tall Corman-trunar, he from Urlor of freams, dweller of battle's wing."

The chief of Urlor had come to Cormul, with his dark-bofomed flips, he faw the daughter of Annir, white-armed Foinar-bragal. He faw her: nor carelefs rolled her ever, on the rider of flormy waves. Slee fled to his faip in darknefs, like a moon-beam through a nightly wale. Annir puritued along the deep; he called the winds of heaven. Nor alone was the king; Starno was by his fide. Like U-thorno's young eagle, I turned my eves on my father.

ceeded fo much milkhief, that the good poet altogether loft fight of his principal action, and he got stars piece, with an advice to men, in the choice of their wives, which, however it star may be, I shall leave concealed in the obscurity of the ori-

ginal.

I'The first artifude of Starno and Swaran is well adapted to their fierce and uncompliance daips in suc. 1 bein characters, at first fieth, feem little d Brent; but,
soon examination is suc first that the poot that observering dislinguished between
them. They were both dark, flushorm, haughty, and referved; but starno were
causing, recongristed, and crucit to the highest degree; the disposition of Sawrancausing is such as the such as

222 CATH-LODA:

We came to roaring Urior. With his people came tall Corman-trunar. We fought; but the foe prevailed. In his wrath flood Annir of lakes. He lopped the young trees, with his fword. His eyes rolled red in his rage. I marked the foul of the king, and I retired in night. From the field I took a broken helmet: a flield that was pierced with free! pointless was the frear in my hand. I went to find the fee.

On a rock fat tall Corman-trunar, befide his burning oak; and near him, heneath a tree; fat deep-bofomed Foinar-bregal. I threw my broken finded before her; and fpoke the words of peace. Befide his rolling fea, lies Amiir of many lakes. The king was pierced in battle; and Starno is to raife his touch. Me, a fon of Loda, he fends to white-handed Feinar-bragal, to bid her fend a lock from her hair, to ref. with her father, in earth. And thou king of roating Urlor, let the battle ceafe, till Annir receive the facil, from fiery-eyed

Cruth-foda.

Burfling † into tears, the role, and tore a lock from her hair; a lock, which wandered, in the hiaft, along her heaving breaft. Corman-trunar gave the field; and hade me to rejoice before him. I reflect in the fhade of night; and hid my face in my helmed deep. Sleep defected on the foe. I role, like a falling ghoft. I pierced the fide of Corman-trunar. Nor did Foinarbagal escape. She rested her white bosom in blood.

though facees was lefs livedy, and finneshad tributed with generality. It is doing to writter to still a, to may forther be not in a proset, all the changles of them is very partial to the tar fee. Even the diagnost of or of could having, the filter of the regarded and bloody Stating, is talke so not note diagnostic behavior. The production of the family. She is alloy their tender and delicate, thomer, of all anxiety bets, there has the with final decimand. He sould contempt be even works, then the downingstabute of the moderney for 16 draw abute implies the perfolicion of form metit. called the hawks of heaven. They came, from all their winds, to feaft on Annie's foes. Swaran! Fingal is alone to on his hill of night. Let thy spear pierce the king in secret; like Annir, my foul shall rejoice.

"Son of Annir of Gormal, Swaren shall not flay in shades. I move forth in light: the hawks rush from all their winds. They are wont to trace my course: it is not harmless through war."

Burning rose the rage of the king. He thrice raised his gleaming fpear. But flarting, he foared his fon; and rushed into the night. By Turthor's Arcam a cave is dark, the dwelling of Conban-carglas. There he laid the helmet of kings, and called the maid of Lulan, but the was diffant far, in Loda's resounding hall.

Swelling with rage, he firede, to where Fingal lay alone. The king was laid on his fhield, on his own fecret hill. Stara hunter of fhaggy boars, no feeble maid is laid before thee: no boy, on his ferny bed, by Turthor's murr uring ftream. Here is spread the couch of the mighty, from which they rife to deeds of death. Hunter of fhaggy boars awaken not the terrible. Starno came naurunaring on. Fingal arofe in arms.

"Who art thou, fon of night?" Silent he threw the fpear. They mixed their gloomy strife. The shield of Starno fell, elest in twain. He is bound to an oak. The early beam arole. Then Fingal beheld the king of Gormal. He rolled a while his filent eyes. He thought of other days, when white botomed Agandecca moved like the mufic of fongs. He loofed the thong from his hands. Son of Annir, he faid, retire. Retire to Gormal of facilis: a beam that was fet returns. I remember thy white bosomed daughter; dreadful king, away!

Go to thy troubled dwelling, cloudy foe of the lovely! Let the firanger foun thee, thou gloomy in the

#### hall! A TALE of the times of old!

<sup>4</sup> Fingal, according to the cuttom of the Calcidonian kines, had retired to a hill alone, as he handed as to reconnect be command of the army the max day. Startom in the terms that have not interfaces of the king's retiring, which occusions he request to award to that hims as he foreign by his art of dynamion, that he could not overcome him in open battle.

# OINA-MORUL:

# A POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT.

After an addrefs to Malvina, the daughter of Tectar, Offien proceeds to relate by one appetition to Fourief, an Infact of scandina. 2. 1. servicel, king of Funfed, being here prefet in war, by Ton-thornoof, Chico of Assorbin, who had demanded, in wain, the despite for Malvortein in a ret vo., 1. Ton-thornoof, the bin and to Malvortein in a ret vo., 1. Ton-thornoof, and took him princine. Malvortein diera by a despite of 2. servicel to Ghan; but he, different princine. That benched offers by a despite of 2. servicel to Ghan; but he, different princine that the thornoof, get servely arrenders her to the lover, and brings about a reconcludion between the two kings.

As flies the inconflant fun, over Larmon's graffy night. When bards are removed to their place; when harps are hung in Selma's hall; then comes a voice to Offian, and awakes his foul. It is the voice of years that are gone: they roll before me, with all their deeds. I feize the tales, as they pafs, and pour them forth in feng. Nor a troubled fiream is the feng of the king, it is like the rifing of mufic from Lutha of the ftrings. Lutha of many ftrings, not filent are thy flreamy rocks, when the white hands of Malvina move upon the harp. Light of the fhadowy thoughts, that hy across my foul, daughter of Tofear of helmets, with theu not hear the forg! We call back, maid of Lutha, the years that have rolled away!

It was in the days of the king †, while yet my locks were young, that I marked Concatilin [], on high, from ocean's nightly wave. My ceutic was towards the ifle of Puärfed, woody dweller of feas. Fingal had

† Final. [Con-crabbin, \* mild beam of the wave.] What fire was fo called of old is not early accretioned. Some now differently the pole-fire ty (but name. A forg, which is fill in repute, more just for Final final form of the Final final fire for the fire for the fire for the fire for the fire fair, and the fire fair, a merit, which, perhaps, few of m. med ris will allow him, or any in the gen in which he lived. One thing is certain, the the Calledonian order made thair way through the dangerous and temperature for a fire-fair, and which is more, perhaps, than the more public distinct, that they in the first fire-fair for the fire-fair fire-fair for the first fire-fair fire-fai

A POEM.

Tent me to the aid of Mal-orchol, king of Fuarfed wild: for war was around him, and our fathers had met, at the feaft.

In Col-coiled, I bound my fails, and fent my fword to Mal-archol of fhells. He knew the fignal of Albion, and his joy arose. He came from his own high hall, and feized my hand in grief. "Why comes the race of heroes to a falling king? Ton-thormod of many fpears is the chief of wavy Sar-dronlo. He faw and loved my daughter white-botomed Oing-morul. He fought; I denied the maid; for our fathers had been foes. He came, with battle, to Fullrfed. My people are rolled away. Why comes the race of heroes to a falling king?"

I come not, I faid, to look, like a boy, on the firife. Fingal remembers Mal-orchol, and his hall for firangers. From his waves, the warrior defended, on thy woody ifle. Thou wert no cloud before him. Thy feast was spread with songs. For this my sword shall rife; and thy foes perhaps may fail. Our friends are not forgot in their danger, though diftant is our land.

"Son of the daring Trenmor, thy words are like the voice of Cruth-loda, when he speaks, from his parting cloud, firong dweiler of the fky! Many have rejoiced at my feast; but they all have forgot Mal-orchol. I have looked towards all the winds, but no white fails were feen. But iteel + refounds in my hall; and not the joyful fhells. Come to my dwelling, race of he-

Vol. II.

<sup>†</sup> There is a fevere fatire couched in this expression, against the guests of Malorthol. Bad his feast been field foread, had joy continued in his hall, his former paralites would not have failled to refort to him. But as the time of fellivity was put, their attendance also coulded. The fentinents of a certain old bard are greeable to this observation. He, poetically compares a great man to a fire kindled in a defert place. " Those that pay court to him, fays he, are rolling large around him, like the fmoke about the fire. This fmoke gives the fire a great appearance at a distance, but it is but an empty vapour itself, and varying its form at every breeze. When the trunk which fed the are is confuned, the franks departs on all the winds. So the flatterers forfake their chief, when his power decline." I Fave choien to give a paraphrafe, rather than a translation, of this pallage, as the original Is verbole and frothy, notwithflanding of the fentimental merit of the nother. He was one of the lefs ancient bards, and their compositions are not warwent caugh to bear a literal translation.

OINA-MORUL: roes; dark-fkirted night is near. Hear the voice of

fongs, from the maid of Fuarfed wild."

We went. On the harp arose the white hands of Oina-morul. She waked her own sad tale, from every trembling firing. I flood in filence; for bright in her locks was the daughter of many ifles. Her eyes were like two flars, looking forward through a rushing shower. The mariner marks them on high, and bleffes the levely beams. With morning we rushed to battle, to Tormul's refounding fiream: the foe moved to the found of Ton-thormod's boffy fhield. From wing to wing the strife was mixed. I met the chief of Sar-dronlo. Wide flew his broken fleel. I feized the king in fight. I gave his hand, bound fast with thongs, to Mal-orchol, the giver of shells. Joy rose at the feast of Funried, for the foe had failed. Ton-thormod turned his face away, from Oina-morul of ifles.

"Son of Fingal," begun Mal-orchol, "not forgot shalt thou pass from me. A light shall dwell in thy ship. Oing morul of flow-rolling eyes. She shall kindle glad-ness, along thy mighty soul. Nor unheaded shall the

maid move in Selma, through the dwelling of kings. In the hall I lay in night. Mine eyes were half-clofed in fleep. Soft music came to mine ear: it was like the rifing breeze, that whirls, at first, the thistle's beard; then flies, dark fladowy, over the grafs. It was the maid of Fuärfed wild: The raifed the nightly fong; for the knew that my foul was a ftream, that

flowed at pleasant sounds.
"Who locks," she said, "from his rock, on ocean's clofing mift? His long locks, like the raven's wing, are wandering on the blaft. Stately are his fleps in grief. The tears are in his eyes. His manly breaft is heaving over his burfling foul. Retire, I am diftant far; a wanderer in lands unknown. Though the race of kings are around me, yet my foul is dark. Why have our fathers been foes, Ton-thormod love of maids !"

<sup>&</sup>quot; Soft voice of the streamy ide, why dost thou mourn

by right? The race of daring Trennor are not the dark in foul. Thou shalt not wander, by fireans unknown, blue eyed Oina-morel. Within this bosom is a voice; it comes not to other ears; it bids Offian hear the haples in their hour of wo. Retire, fort singer by night! Ton-thormod shall not mourn on his rock."

With morning I loofed the king. I gave the longhaired maid. Mal-orchol heard my words, in the midfl of his echoing halls. "King of Puärfed wild, why should Ton-thormod mourn? He is of the race of heroes, and a flame in war. Your fathers have been foes, but now their dim ghofts rejoice in death. They stretch their arms of mist to the fame shell in Loda, Forget their rage, ye warriors! it was the cloud of other years."

Such were the deeds of Offian, while yet his locks were young: though lovelines, with a robe of beams, clothed the daughter of many illes. We call back, maid of Lutha, the years that have rolled away!

U 2



# COLNA-DONA:

## A POEM.

#### THE ARGUMENT

Fingal dispatches Offina and Tofcar, to ratio a floor, on the banks of the flream of crona, to perpetuate the memory of a videory, which he had obtained in that place. When they were employed in that work, Car-ul, a neighbouring chief, invited them to a tent. They went; and offar felt lefeprately in low with Colina-dona, the daughter of Car-ul. Colina-dona became no left enamoured of Tofcar. An incident, at a huging party prings their loves to a happy liftue.

COL-AMON † of troubled fireams, dark wanderer of diflant vales, I behold thy course, between trees, near Car-ul's echoing halis. There dwelt bright Colna-dona, the daughter of the king. Her eyes were rolling flars; her arms were white as the foam of flreams. Her breaft rose flowly to sight, like ocean's heaving wave. Her soul was a stream of light. Who, among the maids, was like the love of heroes?

Beneath the voice of the king, we moved to Crona || of the fireams, Toscar of graffy Lutha, and Offian, young in fields. Three bards attended with songs. Three bessly shields were borne before us: for we were to rear the stone, in memory of the past. By Crona's mostly courte, Fingal had feattered his foes: he had

† Colina-dena fignifies the lave of heroes. Col-aron, farrow viver. \*Car.ul, \*dark-eyed. \*Oa-lamon, the refence of Car.ul, was in the neighbourhood of Agricula's wall, towards the fouth. \*Car-ul feems to have been of the race of those betterns, who are distinguished by the name of Mastice, by the writers of Rome. Datastic is derived from two Galic words, \*Mol, a plain, and \*Antick, tinhatitants given to the Britons, who were feithed in the low-lands, in contradistinglion to the Calcionians, (i. e. 'Cacl-Don,' the Gauls of the hills) who were poffered of the more mountains one divideou of North-Britain.

[Cross, 'marmaring,' was the name of a finall fream, which dicharged itself in the river Carron. It is often mentioned by Gillian, and the forest of many of his poems are on its banks. The enemies, whom Fingal deteated here are not mentioned. They were, probably, the provincial Britons. That tract of country let use the Friths of Forth and Clyde has been, through all antiquity. Samous for battles and recommers, between the different nations, who were puffed of North Dattas. Stirling a town fluored there, derives its name from that very of contention.

rolled away the strangers, like a troubled sea. We came to the place of renown: from the mountains defeended night. I tore an oak from its hill, and raifed a flame on high. I bade my fathers to look down, from the clouds of chelc hall; for, at the fame of their race, they brighten in the wind.

I took a flone from the fiream, amidft the feng of bards. The blood of Fingai's foes hung curdled in its ooze. Beneath, I placed, at intervals, three boffes from the faields of foes, as refe or fell the found of Ullin's nightly fong. Tofear hid a dagger in earth, a mail of founding feed. We raifed the mould around the flone,

and bade it foeak to other years.

Cozy daughter of firearns, that now art reared on high, speak to the sceble, O stone, after Sel na's race have failed! Prone, from the flormy night, the traveller shall lay him, by thy fide: thy whifeling moss shall found in his dreams; the years that were past fault re-turn. Battles rife before him, blue-fairled king defeend to war: the darkened moon looks from hav 4. en the troubled field. He field burft, with morning, from dreams, and fee the tombs of warriors round. He fhall afk about the flone, and the aged will reply, " This gray fione was raifed by Offian, a chief of other years!"

From † Col-amon came a bard, from Car-ul, the friend of thrangers. He bade us to the feaft of kings, to the dwelling of bright Coina-dona. We went to the hall of harps. There Car-til brightened between his

<sup>4</sup> The manners of the Britons and Caladonians were to finitiar in the days of Ofhe, that the comboundable, the they were organ by the tame people, and each rade from thate. Gothewick the polleffed they be so from thate. g ob . . may don to the worth. This hypothers to more ration I than the idle The base general articles, which by this bye, was only founded on a fine budy of the perforal in the oblider and the Cermins of his own time, though If his the breed has a first and a way is not further that a second has a first and a way is not further that a second has a first with the first and a work of the first a first a first and a first for avoiced in old rits, that nothing entains on be now advanced concerning them. The behavior at he kim and visters held tooth is too toolid to guide up to عال المناصد والمنط والمنافع والمنام بماء وليد وال مستلق والاستان الله

aged locks, when he beheld the fons of his friends, like two young trees with their leaves.

"Sons of the mighty," he faid, "ye bring back the days of old, when first I defeended from waves, on Selma's streamy vale. I purfued Duth-mocarglos, dweller of ocean's wind. Our fathers had been foes, we met by Clutha's winding waters. He fled, along the fea, and my fails were fpread behind him. Night deceived me, on the deep. I came to the dwelling of kings, to Selma of high-bofomed maids. Fingal came forth with his bards, and Conloch, arm of death. I feastfed three days in the hall, and faw the blue eyes of Erin, Ros-crana, daughter of heroes, light of Cornac's rece. Nor forgot did my steps depart: the kings gave their shields to Car-ul, they hang, on high, in Col-amon, in memory of the past. Sons of the daring kings, ye bring back the days of old."

Car-ul placed the cak of feals. He took two boffes from our fhields. He laid them in earth, beneath a flone, to fipeak to the hero's race. "When battle, faid the king, shall rear, and our fons are to meet in wrath; my race shall look, perhaps, on this stone, when they prepare the fipear. Have not our fathers met in

peace, they will fay, and lay afide the shield?"

Night came down. In her long locks moved the daughter of Car-ul. Mixed with the harp arofe the voice of white-armed Colna-dona. Tofcar darkened in his place, before the love of heroes. She came on his troubled foul, like a beam to the dark-heaving occan: when it burfts from a cloud, and brightens the foamy fide of a wave †.

With morning we awaked the woods; and hung forward on the path of roes. They fell by their wonted fireams. We returned through Crona's vale. From the wood a youth came forward, with a fhield and

<sup>+</sup> Here an epifode is entirely left; or at leaft, is handed down to imperfectly, that it (see not deserve a place in the poem.

A POEM. pointless fpear. "Whence, faid Toscar of Lutha, is the flying beam? Dwells there peace at Col-amon, round bright Colna-dona of harps?"

"By Col-amon of streams," faid the youth, "bright Colna-dona dwelt. She dwelt; but her course is now in deferts, with the fon of the king; he that feized her

foul as it wandered through the hall.

"Stranger of tales," faid Tofcar, "haft thou marked the warrior's course? He must fall; give thou that bosly fhield! In wrath he took the shield. Fair behind it heaved the breafts of a maid, white as the bosom of a fwan, rifing on fwift-rolling waves. It was Colna-dona of harps, the daughter of the king. Her blue eyes had rolled on Toscar, and her love arose.



# THE DEATH OF OSCAR.

# A POEM.

#### INTRODUCTION.

One of the fragments of Ancient Postry lately published, given a different account of the death of Oters, the four of Offices. The transfers, though he well know the more probable traditions concerning that here, was unwilling to reject a poon, which, if not ready of Office's competion, has much of an annex, and conside turn or expedition. A more correct, one of that fragment, and the poon by tradition of the poon of the foundation of the poon by tradition. The heroes of the piece are Other the fine of Corruth, and Dermit the fine of Diaran. Office, or prepared his initiator, copies the poen with a functuation for Oters, and after wards, by an easy transferior, relief to the well as mane, with Offer the fine of Offices. The proof of the property of the pro

Why openest thou afresh the spring of my grief, O fon of Alpin, inquiring how Ofear fell? My eyes are blind with tears; but memory beams on my heart. How can I relate the mountful death of the head of the people! Chief of the warriors, Osear, my

fon, fhall I fee thee no more!

He fell as the meon in a florm; as the fun from the midfi of his courfe, when clouds rife from the wafte of the waves, when the blacknefs of the florm inwraps the rocks of Ardamider. I, like an ancient oak on on Morven, I moulder alone in my place. The blaft hath looped my branches away: and I tremble at the wings of the north. Chief of the warriers, Ofcar, my fon! I final! I fee thee no more!

But, fan of Alpin, the hero fell not harmlefs as the grafs of the field; the blood of the mighty was on his fwerd, and he travelled with death through the nanks of their pride. But Ofear, thou fon of Caruth, thou haft fallen lew! No enemy fell by thy hand. Thy frear was flained with the blood of thy friend.

Dermid and Ofear were one: They reaped the battle together. Their friendfhip was firong as their fleel; of Ardven. Their fwords were stained with the blood of the valiant: warriors fainted at their names. Who was equal to Ofcar, but Dermid? and who to Dermid, but Ofcar? They killed mighty Dargo in the field; Dargo who

never fled in war. His daughter was fair as the morn; mild as the beam of night. Her eyes, like two stars in a fhower; her breath, the gale of fpring: her breafts, as the new fallen fnow floating on the moving heath. The warriors faw her, and loved; their fouls were fixed on the maid. Each loved her as his fame; each must possess her or die. But her soul was fixed on Ofcar; the fon of Caruth was the youth of her love. She forgot the blood of her father; and loved the hand that flew him.

Son of Caruth, faid Dermid, I love; O Ofcar, I love this maid. But her foul cleaveth unto thee; and nothing can heal Dermid. Here, pierce this bofom.

Ofcar; relieve me, my friend, with thy fword.
My fword, fon of Diaran, shall never be stained with the blood of Dermid.

Who then is worthy to flay me, O Ofcar, fon of Caruth? Let not my life pass away unknown. Let none but Ofcar flay me. Send me with honour to the grave,

and let my death be renowned. Dermid, make use of thy fword; son of Diaran, wield thy fteel. Would that I fell with thee! that

my death came from the hand of Dermid!

They fought by the brook of the mountain, by the streams of Branno. Blood tinged the running water, and curdled round the mosly stones. The stately Dermid fell; he fell, and fmiled in death.

And fallest thou, son of Diaran, fallest thou by Oscar's hand! Dermid, who never yielded in war, thus do I fee thee fall! He went, and returned to the maid of his love; he returned, but the perceived his grief.

THE DEATH OF OSCAR: A POEM.

Why that gloom, fon of Caruth? what shades thy mighty foul?

Though once renowned for the bow, O maid, I have loft my fame. Fixed on a tree by the brook of the hill, is the shield of the valliant Gormur, whom I

flew in battle. I have wafted the day in vain, nor could my arrow pierce it.

could my arrow pierce it.

Let me try, fon of Caruth, the skill of Dargo's daughter. My hands were taught the bow: my fadaughter.

ther delighted in my skill.

She went. He stood behind the shield. Her arrow

flew, and pierced his breaft.

Bleffed be that hand of fnow; and bleffed that bow of yew! Who but the daughter of Dargo was worthy to flay the fon of Caruth? Lay me in the earth, my fair one; lay me by the fide of Dermid.

Ofcar! the maid replied, I have the foul of the mighty Dargo. Well pleafed I can meet death. My forrow I can end. She pierced her white bosom with

the fteel. She fell; fhe trembled; and died.

By the brook of the hill their graves are laid; a birch's unequal fnade covers their tomb. Often on their green earthen tombs the branchy fons of the mountain feed, when mid-day is all in flames, and filence over all the hills.

R. CHAPMAN, PRINTER.





# CONTENTS

OF

# VOLUME SECOND.

Page.	Page.
CARTHON 5	TEMORA, Book V 151
DEATH OF CUCHUL-	Book VI. 161
LIN 18	Book VII. 172
DAR-THULA 26	Book VIII. 182
CARIC-THURA 39	CATHLIN OF CLU-
SONGS OF SELMA - 52	THA 195
CALTHON AND COL-	SUL-MALLA OF LU-
MAL 60	MON 202
LATHMON 67	CATH-LODA, Part I. 208
OITHONA 77	Part II. 215
CROMA 83	Part III. 220
BERRATHON 90	OINA-MORUL 224
TEMORA, Book I 101	COLNA-DONA 228
Book II 117	THE DEATH OF OS-
Book III. 129	CAR 232
Book IV. 140	

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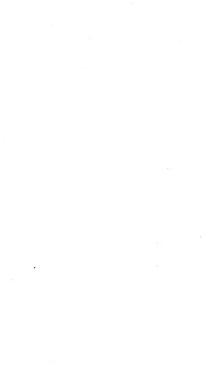
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## CONTENTS

O.F

### VOLUME FIRST.

#### CALLADON CONTRACTOR NAMED IN COLUMN

Page.

PREFACE, v	FINGAL, Book I I
A DISSERTATION con-	Bcok II 16
cerning the ÆRA and	Book III 27

Page.

POEMS of OSSIAN, I Book IV. - - 39

Book IV. - - 39

A DISSERTATION concerning the POEMS

A DISSERTATION COncerning the POEMS

Book VI. - - 60

of ossian, ---- 15 COMALA, ---- 79

A CRITICAL DISSERTATION on the POEMS
WAR OF INIS-THONA, 83

of ossian, --- 45

BATTLE OF LORA, -- 89

CONLATH AND CU-

APPENDIX, ---- 126 CONLATH AND CU-







